

Deltek

Deltek Maconomy Essentials

BPM Description Guide

February 21, 2020

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Overview

This document provides a comprehensive guide on the report functionality available in DFME. This includes:

- Report layout in Web Intelligence
- Generating reports
- Exporting and printing reports
- Accessing custom reports from Workspace Client or iAccess
- Report Scheduling
- List of all reports available in DFME user interfaces and where they are located
- Descriptions of all standard BPM reports (not all are included in user interfaces by default)
- Descriptions of all regional BPM reports available in DFME



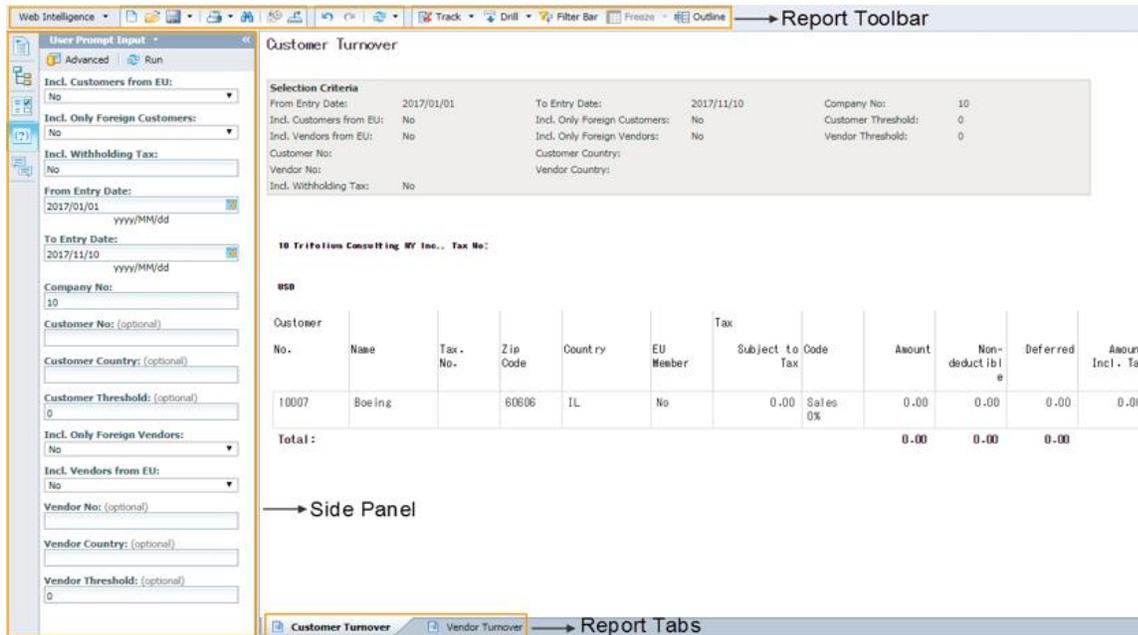
The Regional Reports section is applicable only to Maconomy Essentials / DFME PSO customers only.

Getting Started

BPM Reporting enables you to collate data about your company in reports. It uses data from Maconomy to create reports for a certain period. This section provides details on the basic features provided in BPM reports.

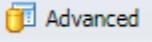
Report Layout

The following example shows the basic layout of a report:



The following table shows the different icons that provide additional report functionality in Web Intelligence:

Icon	Description
	Click to export a report. This is available in the Report Toolbar
	Click to view a navigation map of the report tabs available within the selected report. This is available in the side panel.
	Click to view and edit the selection criteria used in the report. This is available in the side panel.
	Click to run a report. This is available in the User Prompt Input side panel.

Icon	Description
	<p>Click to view more available selection criteria that can be added to the report. You can also create new selection criteria here.</p> <p>This is available in the User Prompt Input side panel.</p>
	<p>Click to view a report tab. A report may contain one of more report tabs.</p>

Basic Report Functions

You can run a report from within the Maconomy workspace client using the **Open Live Report** action. Using this action opens reports in the BI Launchpad, where you can also edit, print, or export your report.

Generate a Report

Some reports will automatically run in the Maconomy workspace, while other reports require you to enter the selection criteria in a Maconomy reporting workspace and then click Open Live Report.

To update the selection criteria and run a report:

1. Go to the appropriate reporting workspace and click .
2. Select or enter data in the available selection criteria.
3. Click .

Print Report

To preview and print a report:

1. Click .
2. In the dialog box, select your printing preferences.
3. Click **OK**.
4. Click **Print**. A PDF is generated.

Export Report

To export a report:

1. Run a report.
2. Click .
3. Select whether you want to export the report or data within the selected report.
4. In the **File Type** field, select a format from the drop-down list.
5. Click **OK**. By default, the file name is that of the report name you exported.

Available Report Formats

You can export reports to the following formats:

- PDF
- Excel spreadsheet (.xls and .xlsx)
- CSV
- Text file

Save Report

1. Click  .
2. Browse to select a location to save your document.
3. Click **Save**.

Access Custom Reports

There are two methods for accessing custom reports in Maconomy Essentials 2.4.5. Firstly, a direct link to BO Launchpad in the Workspace Client allowing you to search for and run Custom Reports within the reporting tool. Secondly, custom reports can be published quickly and easily to the Custom Reports workspaces in both the Workspace Client and iAccess for easy access by users.

Note: When creating custom reports, it is recommended that you base them on standard universes, and not custom universes. Standard universes are updated at upgrade and require less overhead on an ongoing basis.

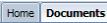
Accessing Custom Reports through Direct Link to BI Launchpad

Follow the steps below to access Maconomy Essentials (DFME) custom reports through the Workspace Client via Business Objects Launchpad.

A link to BI Launch Pad is available in the following Workspaces:

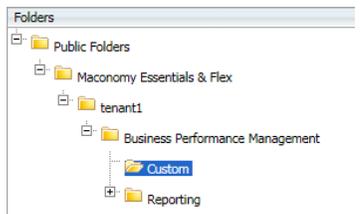
- Reports
- Manager Reporting
- Employee Reporting
- Job Reporting
- GL Reporting
- AR Reporting
- AP Reporting
- CRM Reporting
- DFME Reporting

Accessing Custom Reports:

1. In one of the Workspaces listed above, click  BI Launch Pad . An external browser opens. You are automatically logged in.
2. In BI Launchpad, click on  in the top left corner.
3. In the left-hand menu, go to **Folders » Public Folders**.



4. Navigate to the Custom folder.



5. Double-click on the report you wish to run.
6. Enter any Selection Criteria that you are prompted for.
7. Click **Run**.

Publishing Custom Reports to the Custom Reports Workspaces:

Setup

1. Open the **Workspace Client**.
2. Go to **Setup** and open **Custom Reports Setup**.
All of the Custom Reports that have been setup are shown in the List of Custom Reports.
3. To publish a new report expand the tab Custom Report and click on the **New** icon. 
4. In **Report Name**, enter the name of the Report exactly as it is shown in BI Launch Pad.
5. In Description enter an internal description of the report, this will be shown to users when accessing the Custom Reports workspace.
6. In **Report Path**, enter the location of the report in BI Launchpad.
The report path will automatically be prefixed with **Maconomy Essentials & Flex/meXXXXX/Business Performance Management/** so if your report sits in Maconomy Essentials & Flex/meXXXXX/Business Performance Management/Custom in the Report Path field you would enter: Custom.
7. Choose which custom report workspace the report should be published in in the **Report Classification** field.
8. Press **Enter** or click **Save**.

Viewing published Custom Reports in the Workspace Client

1. Open the **Workspace Client**
2. Go to **Reporting** and open **Custom Employee Reports, Custom Job Reports, Custom Finance Reports or Custom Department Manager Reports**.
In the **List of Custom Reports** tab there is a list of all custom reports available to be run.
3. To run a report click on the icon in the link column. 
4. The report will open in a separate browser window.

Viewing published Custom Reports in iAccess

1. Open **iAccess**.
2. Go to **Reports** and open **Custom Employee Reports, Custom Job Reports or Custom Department Manager Reports**.
You will be presented with a list of reports that can be accessed.
3. To run a report click on the hyperlink **open** in the report link column.
4. The report will open in a separate browser window.
If the report does not open please make sure that the popup blocker is not enabled for the iAccess website.



Maconomy Essentials (DFME) Flex Customers can publish links to specific reports in other workspaces and locations in the Workspace Client or iAccess

To learn more contact your Account Manager or Customer Success Manager to discuss upgrading to the Maconomy Essentials Flex offering.

Schedule BPM Reports

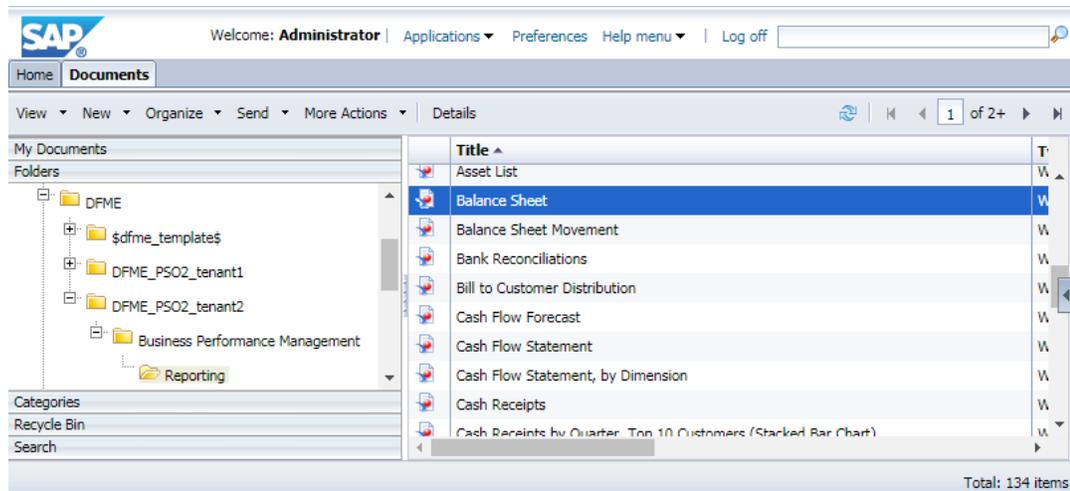
In Maconomy Essentials, you can schedule Maconomy BPM reports to run at specific time within SAP Business Objects LaunchPad.

The benefits of scheduling for BPM reports are that reports can be run on a predefined schedule and be ready for the users when required. Users can benefit from scheduling long running reports out of business hours to minimize waiting time. Scheduling can also ensure that load on the BPM server is distributed more equally over the day.

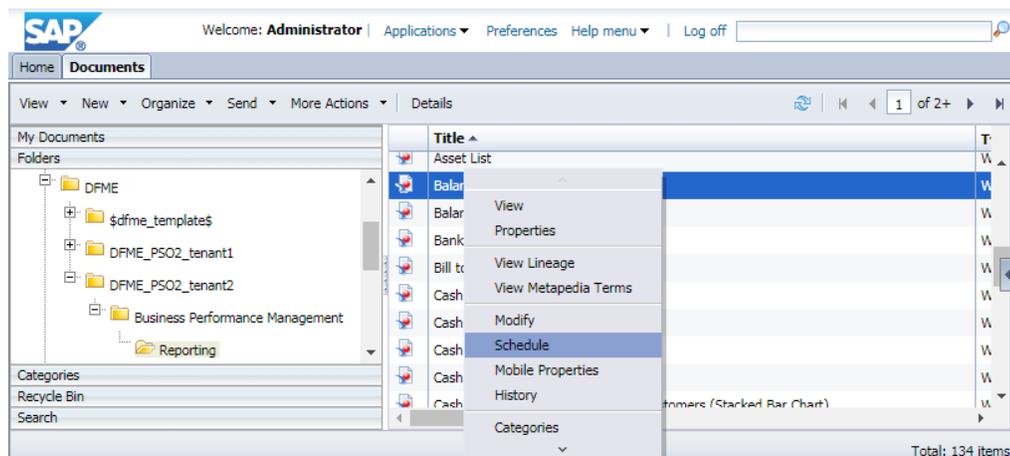
Schedule Reports in BO Launch Pad

To schedule a BPM report in LaunchPad:

1. Log into SAP Business Objects LaunchPad with your BO login credentials.
2. Navigate to your Folders to find the report that you want to schedule.



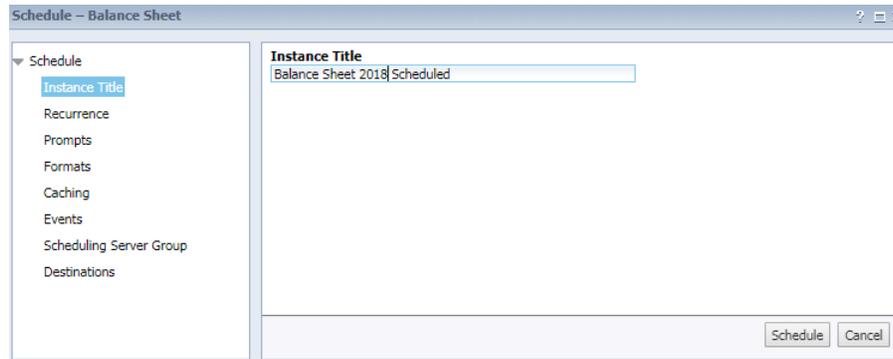
3. When you have found the relevant document, right-click the document and select **Schedule**. For our example, we will use Balance Sheet.



A window for settings displays for the report that you are scheduling.

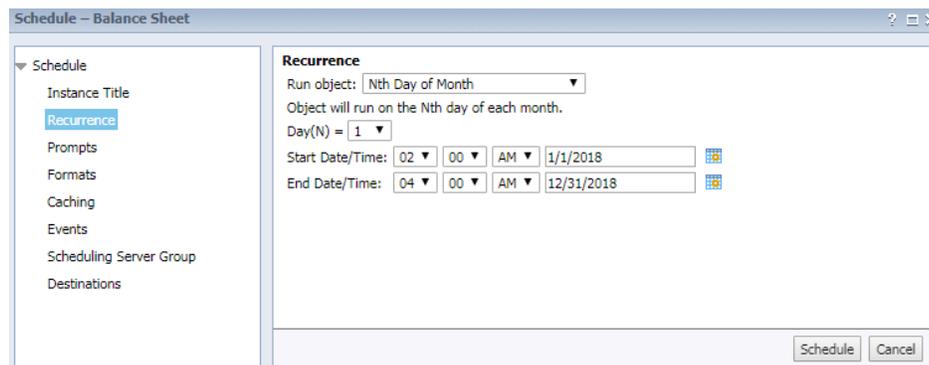
- **Instance Title** — This setting allows you to modify the title of the report.

Getting Started

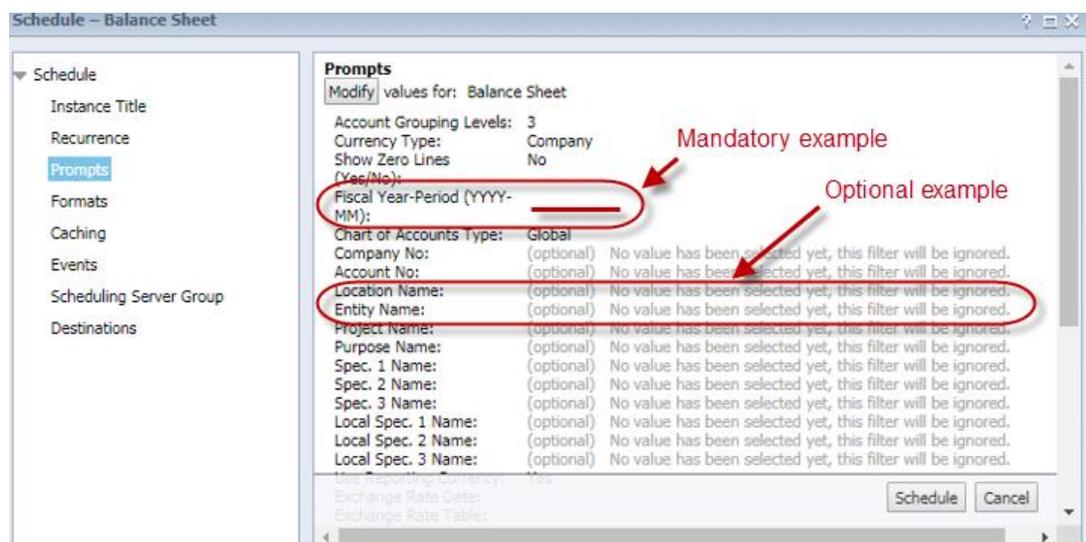


- **Recurrence** — Use this setting to define how often this report should run. The options are: Now, Once, Hourly, Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Nth Day of Month, 1st Monday of Month, X Day of Nth Week of the Month, Calendar.

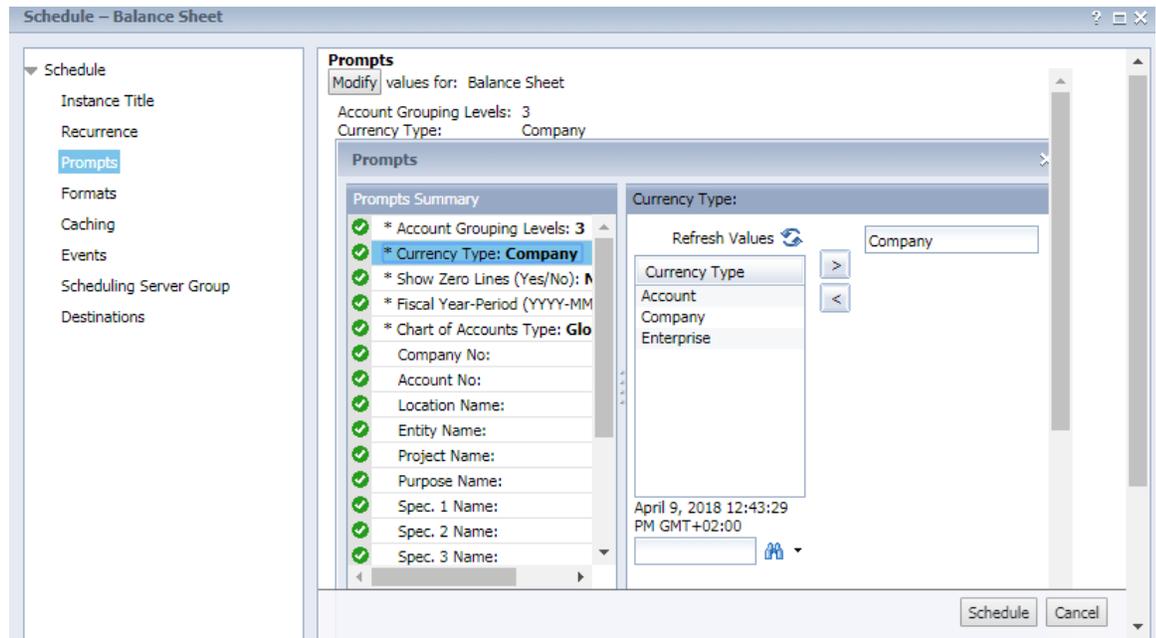
Below you can see the option Nth Day of Month where the report will run 1st of every month at 2:00 p.m. for the whole year 2018.



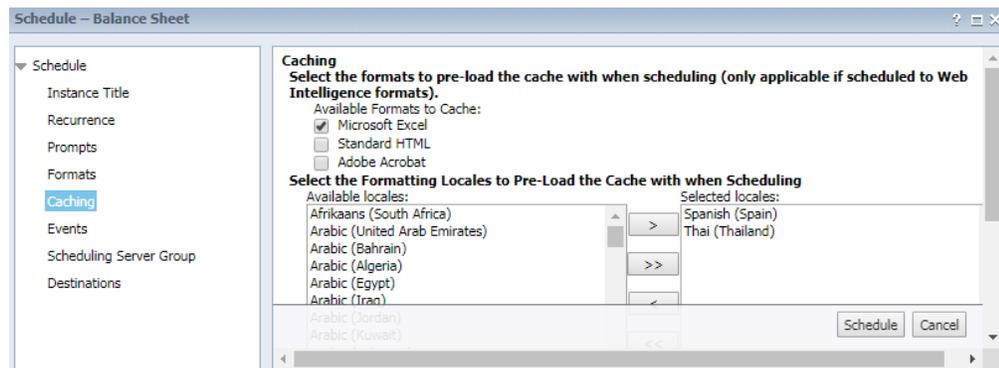
- **Prompts** — Use this setting to establish the values of the prompts with which the report is run. Prior to setting any prompts, prompts that are mandatory display as empty and prompts that are optional show a text stating that no value has been selected.



4. Click **Modify** to set the values of all mandatory prompts as well as any optional prompts.



- **Formats** — This setting allows you to select the format of the output for this schedule. The options are: Web Intelligence, Microsoft Excel, Adobe Acrobat, Comma Separated Values (CSV), and Plain Text.
- **Caching** — This setting is only relevant when the output format is set to Web Intelligence. Using caching allows the BO server to prepare cached documents in the formats and languages selected. In the Microsoft Excel example below, the languages Spanish and Thai are selected for the format.



- **Events** — If events are set up by your System Administrator, you can use them to specify that this report should run after a specific event occurs.
- **Scheduling Server Group** — *Do not modify this field.* Leave the default selection **Use the first available server**.
- **Destinations** — Use this setting to select where this report should be placed after it is run on this schedule. The options are: Default Enterprise Location, BI Inbox, and Email. The listed options FTP Server, File System and SFTP Server are not available in Maconomy Essentials.
 - **Default Enterprise Location** — The scheduled instance of the report is stored in BO repository and can be viewed by going to the History option from the report and clicking on links under instance time.

- **BI Inbox** — The scheduled report is found in the user's BI Inbox and can be found by navigating to the inbox in BI Launch Pad.
 - **Email** — The scheduled report is sent to the specified email address.
5. When all settings are set as needed, click **Schedule**. A History window displays that shows the schedule history for this report. To access the History window at a later time, right-click the report and select History from the menu.

Workflows

The following section provides example workflows for running reports on a daily, weekly, monthly, or quarterly basis.

Daily Workflows

Task	User	Details...
Gather data on business transactions.	Finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Bank Reconciliations ▪ Fixed Assets ▪ Asset List ▪ WIP Aging ▪ WIP Transactions ▪ Opportunities
Collect data on customer transactions.	Finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ AR Transactions ▪ AR Aging ▪ AR Aging Details ▪ AR Aging Summary ▪ AR Rollforward ▪ Customer Invoices ▪ Customer Invoice Status ▪ Bill to Customer Distribution ▪ Job List ▪ Main Job, Sub Job Overview ▪ Job Events, by Customer
Collect data on vendor transactions.	Finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Check Register ▪ AP Aging ▪ AP Transactions
Generate report for company data.	Finance / Project Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Daily Flash ▪ Task List ▪ Event Notes

Task	User	Details...
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Event ▪ Job Events, by Job ▪ Job Events, by Employee ▪ Employee Time Overview ▪ Job Employee Status ▪ Utilization ▪ Utilization Transactions ▪ Realization ▪ Time Sheet Overview ▪ Time Sheet Status, by Day ▪ Time Sheet Changes ▪ Unsubmitted Time ▪ Subscriptions
<p>Generate data for posted entries in the general ledger for pre-closing adjustments.</p>	<p>Finance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Balance Sheet ▪ Invoiced Registrations ▪ Trial Balance
<p>Generate reports for filings to tax authorities.</p>	<p>Finance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Customer Tax Returns
<p>Generate reports for financial statements.</p>	<p>Finance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Balance Sheet ▪ Profit and Loss, Periodic ▪ Cash Flow Statement ▪ Cash Flow Statement, by Dimension ▪ Trial Balance ▪ Trial Balance Analysis ▪ Trial Balance No Analysis ▪ Finance Transactions ▪ Finance Entries ▪ Cash Receipts ▪ Cash Receipts, by Account Manager

Weekly Workflows

Task	User	Details...
Gather data on business transactions.	Finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Bank Reconciliations ▪ Trial Balance ▪ Trial Balance Analysis ▪ Trial Balance No Grouping ▪ Fixed Assets ▪ Asset List ▪ WIP Aging ▪ WIP Transactions ▪ Opportunities
Collect data on customer transactions.	Finance / Project Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ AR Transactions ▪ AR Aging ▪ AR Aging Details ▪ AR Aging Summary ▪ AR Rollforward ▪ Customer Invoices ▪ Customer Invoice Status ▪ Bill to Customer Distribution ▪ Job List ▪ Main Job, Sub Job Overview ▪ Job Events, by Customer
Collect data on vendor transactions.	Finance / A/P Manger	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Check Register ▪ AP Aging ▪ AP Transactions
Generate report for company data.	Finance / Project Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Task List ▪ Event Notes ▪ Job Event ▪ Job Events, by Job

Task	User	Details...
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Events, by Employee ▪ Employee Time Overview ▪ Job Employee Status ▪ Utilization ▪ Utilization Transactions ▪ Realization ▪ Time Sheet Overview ▪ Time Sheet Status, by Week ▪ Time Sheet Changes ▪ Unsubmitted Time ▪ Subscriptions
<p>Generate data for posted entries in the general ledger for pre-closing adjustments.</p>	<p>Finance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Balance Sheet ▪ General Ledger Report ▪ Invoiced Registrations ▪ Trial Balance ▪ Trial Balance Analysis ▪ Trial Balance No Grouping
<p>Generate reports for filings to tax authorities.</p>	<p>Finance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Customer Tax Returns ▪ Tax Settlement ▪ Customer Turnover Report ▪ Vendor Turnover Report
<p>Generate reports for financial statements.</p>	<p>Finance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Balance Sheet ▪ Cash Flow Statement ▪ Cash Flow Statement, by Dimension ▪ Trial Balance ▪ Trial Balance Analysis ▪ Trial Balance No Grouping ▪ Finance Transactions ▪ Finance Entries ▪ Cash Receipts

Task	User	Details...
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cash Receipts, by Account Manager

Monthly / Quarter End Workflows

Task	User	Details...
Gather data on business transactions.	Finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Bank Reconciliations ▪ Sales Pipeline ▪ Sales Pipeline, by Contact Company ▪ Trial Balance ▪ Trial Balance Analysis ▪ Trial Balance No Grouping ▪ Job Profitability Summary ▪ Job Profitability Budget ▪ Job Profitability Comparison ▪ Job Profitability, Periodic ▪ Job Profitability Transactions ▪ Revenue Analysis ▪ Fixed Assets ▪ Asset List ▪ WIP Aging ▪ WIP Transactions ▪ WIP Rollforward ▪ Opportunities
Collect data on customer transactions.	Finance / Project Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ AR Transactions ▪ AR Aging ▪ AR Aging Details ▪ AR Aging Summary ▪ AR Rollforward ▪ Customer Invoices ▪ Customer Invoice Status ▪ Customer Statement ▪ Customer Profitability

Task	User	Details...
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Customer Profitability Comparison, by Customer ▪ Bill to Customer Distribution ▪ Customer Contact Info ▪ Job List ▪ Main Job, Sub Job Overview ▪ Job Events, by Customer
Collect data on vendor transactions.	Finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Check Register ▪ AP Aging ▪ AP Transactions
Generate report for company data.	Finance / Project Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Task List ▪ Event Notes ▪ Job Event ▪ Job Events, by Job ▪ Job Events, by Employee ▪ Employee Time Overview ▪ Job Employee Status ▪ Utilization ▪ Utilization Transactions ▪ Realization ▪ Time Sheet Overview ▪ Time Sheet Changes ▪ Unsubmitted Time ▪ Subscriptions
Generate data for posted entries in the general ledger for pre-closing adjustments.	Finance / Project Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Balance Sheet ▪ General Ledger Report ▪ Invoiced Registrations ▪ Invoicing Worksheet ▪ Job Budget to Actuals, YTD

Task	User	Details...
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Budget to Actuals, by Account Manager ▪ Job Budget to Actuals, by Task ▪ Job Status, by Task and Employee ▪ Job Status, by Task and Employee Category ▪ Trial Balance ▪ Trial Balance Analysis ▪ Trial Balance No Grouping
<p>Generate reports for filings to tax authorities.</p>	<p>Finance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Customer Tax Returns ▪ Tax Settlement ▪ Customer Turnover Report ▪ Vendor Turnover Report
<p>Generate reports for financial statements.</p>	<p>Finance</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Run the following reports: ▪ Balance Sheet ▪ Profit and Loss ▪ Profit and Loss, Comparative Year ▪ Profit and Loss, Periodic ▪ Profit and Loss, Fiscal Year ▪ Profit and Loss, by Dimension ▪ Cash Flow Statement ▪ Trial Balance ▪ Trial Balance Analysis ▪ Trial Balance No Grouping ▪ Finance Transactions ▪ Finance Entries ▪ Cash Receipts ▪ Cash Receipts, by Account Manager

BPM Report Locations in DFME

Universe and Report Overview

The following is a quick overview of what is included in Business Performance Management (BPM) Reporting for Deltek Maconomy Essentials (DFME). It lists all reports that are released as part of BPM Reporting and where they are located in either iAccess or the Workspace Client.

iAccess Reporting

Area	Menu Location	Workspace	Reports
Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Management Reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Utilization, By Employee ▪ Realization, by Employee ▪ Realization, by Account Manager ▪ Job Profitability Summary, by Job ▪ Customer Profitability, by Customer ▪ AR Aging ▪ Profit and Loss ▪ Profit and Loss, by Dimension
Job Cost	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Profitability, Summary ▪ Job Profitability, Budget ▪ Job Profitability Budget, By Task ▪ Job Profitability Comparison ▪ Job Profitability Periodic ▪ Job Profitability Transactions ▪ Job Budget to Actuals YTD ▪ Job Budget to Actuals, by Task

BPM Report Locations in DFME

Area	Menu Location	Workspace	Reports
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Status, by Task & Employee ▪ WIP Aging ▪ Revenue Analysis

Workspace Client Reporting

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
Manager	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Manager Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Profit and Loss • Profit and Loss • Profit and Loss, Fiscal Year • Profit and Loss, Periodic ▪ Balance Sheet • Balance Sheet ▪ Utilization • Utilization • Utilization, By Employee ▪ Realization • Realization • Realization, By Employee ▪ Sales Pipeline • Sales Pipeline ▪ Revenue Analysis • Revenue Analysis
Employee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Time and Expenses 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Employee Time Overview ▪ Realization ▪ Realization, By Employee ▪ Utilization

BPM Report Locations in DFME

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Utilization, By Employee ▪ My Utilization ▪ Personal Information
Employee	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Employee Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Time Sheet Overview ▪ Time Sheet Status, By Day ▪ Time Sheet Status, By Week ▪ Unsubmitted Time ▪ Utilization Transactions ▪ Utilization ▪ Utilization, By Employee ▪ Realization ▪ Realization, By Employee ▪ Employee Time Overview
Job Cost	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Jobs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Jobs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reports • Daily Flash • Invoicing Worksheet • WIP Aging • WIP Rollforward • Job Budget to Actuals YTD • Job Profitability, Budget • A/R Transactions
Job Cost	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Overview ▪ Job List ▪ Task Lists ▪ Main Job, Sub Job Overview

BPM Report Locations in DFME

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Employee Status ▪ Job Status, By Task and Employee ▪ Job Status, By Task and Employee Category ▪ Balance ▪ Job Volume ▪ Job Report ▪ Job Balance List ▪ WIP Aging ▪ WIP Transactions ▪ WIP Aging, By Dimension ▪ WIP Rollforward ▪ A/R Rollforward ▪ Invoicing Plan ▪ Daily Flash ▪ Invoicing Worksheet ▪ Profitability ▪ Job Profitability Budget ▪ Job Profitability Budget, by Task ▪ Job Profitability Periodic ▪ Job Profitability Summary ▪ Job Profitability Summary, by Job ▪ Job Profitability Transactions ▪ Job Profitability Comparison ▪ Job Budget to Actuals YTD

BPM Report Locations in DFME

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Budget to Actuals YTD, by Task ▪ Events ▪ Event Notes ▪ Job Events
Finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ GL Reporting ▪ 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Balance Reports ▪ Trial Balance ▪ Trial Balance Analysis ▪ Trial Balance No Grouping ▪ Balance Sheet ▪ Balance Sheet Movement ▪ Profit and Loss ▪ Profit and Loss, by Dimension ▪ Profit and Loss, Fiscal Year ▪ Profit and Loss, Periodic ▪ Profit and Loss, Comparative Year ▪ UK VAT Report ▪ Finance Transactions ▪ Cash Flow Forecast ▪ Cash Flow Statement ▪ Cash Flow Statement, By Dimension ▪ Accounts Receivable Aging ▪ Accounts Payable Aging ▪ WIP Aging

BPM Report Locations in DFME

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
Finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ GL Setup 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Companies / Overview 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Finance <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Balance Sheet ▪ Trial Balance ▪ Profit and Loss ▪ Customers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Customer Profitability, by Customer ▪ Revenue Analysis, By Customer ▪ Jobs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Job Profitability Summary, by Job ▪ Employee <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Utilization, By Employee ▪ Realization, By Employee
Customer	Reporting	AR Reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Customer Statement ▪ A/R Aging ▪ A/R Aging Details, By Dimension ▪ A/R Aging Summary, By Dimension ▪ A/R Aging, By Dimension ▪ A/R Rollforward ▪ A/R Transactions ▪ Cash Receipts ▪ Daily Flash ▪ Invoicing Worksheet ▪ Invoiced Registrations ▪ Customer Profitability

BPM Report Locations in DFME

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Customer Profitability, By Customer ▪ Customer Profitability Comparison, By Customer ▪ Revenue Analysis ▪ Revenue Analysis, By Customer ▪ Customer Invoices ▪ Customer Invoice Status ▪ Bill to Customer Distribution ▪ WIP Aging, By Dimension ▪ WIP Rollforward
Vendor	Reporting	AP Reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ AP Aging ▪ AP Transactions ▪ Bank Reconciliations ▪ Payment Run Register
CRM	Reporting	CRM Reporting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Sales Pipeline ▪ Opportunities ▪ Customer Profitability ▪ Customer Profitability, By Customer ▪ Customer Contact Information ▪ Customer Invoice Status ▪ Customer Invoices
Regional Reports – Nordics (Sweden,	▪ Reporting	▪ DFME Reporting / Nordic Reports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Management Reports ▪ KPI Flash

BPM Report Locations in DFME

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
Norway and Denmark)			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Managers Dashboard ▪ Revenue Overview ▪ Utilization and Average Price, 12 month rolling ▪ Employee reports ▪ My Utilization ▪ Flex Balance ▪ Belaggningsgrad ▪ Fordelning belaggnings ▪ Finance reports ▪ Profit and Loss, by Company ▪ Profit and Loss, by Dimension ▪ Profit and Loss, by Entity ▪ Utveckling per konto ▪ Project Reports ▪ Periodic Budget Report ▪ PM Budget Control Cost ▪ Project Dashboard ▪ Project Entries ▪ Project Follow Up – By Project ▪ Project Follow Up – Total ▪ Project Workspace ▪ My Project Dashboard ▪ Budget Control ▪ Budget Control Total ▪ Invoicing Plan ▪ Subscription Reports

BPM Report Locations in DFME

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Subscription ▪ Subscription Detail ▪ Subscription Monthly ▪ CRM Reports ▪ Affarsmojligheter ▪ Customer Contact Information
Regional Reports – UK Reports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	DFME Reporting / UK Reports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Finance Reports ▪ VAT ▪ MIMO Summary ▪ MIMO Transactions ▪ Payment Run Register ▪ Management reports ▪ My Employees Utilization ▪ Employee Reports ▪ My Utilization ▪ Project Reports ▪ Invoicing Plan

Standard Reports

In Deltek Maconomy Business Performance Management (BPM) standard reports are available for the following areas:

- Finance
- Job Cost
- Customer
- Vendor
- CRM
- Employee
- Bank
- Subscription
- Sales Order
- System Information
- User
- Assets
- Tax
- General

Each report description includes an explanation of the report's purpose and descriptions of the columns that are available for inclusion in the report.

Finance Reports

The following standard Finance reports are available:

- Balance Sheet
- General Ledger
- Profit and Loss
- Profit and Loss, Comparative Year
- Profit and Loss, Periodic
- Profit and Loss, Fiscal Year
- Profit and Loss, by Dimension
- Trial Balance
- Trial Balance Analysis
- Trial Balance No Grouping
- Finance Transactions
- Cash Flow Statement
- Cash Flow Statement, by Dimension
- Cash Flow Forecast

Standard Reports

- Customer and Vendor Turnover Report
- Finance Entries Report
- Tax Settlement
- US 1099 Misc.
- Accounting Entry File

Balance Sheet

The Balance Sheet report displays the financial balances of all balance sheet accounts, summarized for the selected fiscal periods.

The report has the following tabs.

- One tab compares the periodic amounts to the year-to-date amounts.
- One tab compares the periodic amounts to the amounts from the corresponding fiscal periods for another year.

The year-end closing account displays the total retained earnings. This amount is based on the year-end closing amount from the previous year plus the total amount of current-year earnings (profit and loss) for the selected fiscal periods.

Your specified reporting structure determines the format of account headers and subtotals on the report. You can display amounts in account, company, or enterprise currency or using a selected reporting currency. Amounts are grouped by currency and company.

- The **Movement** columns link to the Finance Transactions report.
- The **Account** column links to the Accounts workspace. The link is based on the account number (for example, 10010).
- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.

The report corresponds to the Print dialog box's **Print Balance Sheet** and **Print Balance Overview** options using the **Balance Sheet** layout, with one exception—the report does not round off currencies according to rounding rules specified in the application.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Account	This column displays the account number and name, as well as headers and corresponding subtotal labels that outline the account structure.
Period, Opening	This column displays the opening balance of each account for the selected opening period.
Period, Movement	This column displays the total amount posted to each account for the selected periods.
Period, Closing	This column displays the closing balance of each account for the selected closing period.
YTD, Opening	This column displays the opening balance of each account at the beginning of the current year.
YTD, Movement	This column displays the total amount posted to each account for the year-to-date range. The year-to-date range includes the fiscal periods from the beginning of the current year to the current fiscal period.

Column	Description
YTD, Closing	This column displays the year-to-date closing balance of each account for the current fiscal period.

General Ledger Report

This report provides details on all postings done when you select a specific fiscal period or interval of fiscal periods. It provides the opening balance, posted entries, and closing balance for each account.

This report can be accessed as a standalone report, or from the Balance Sheet report.

You can display amounts in account, company, or enterprise currency, or using a selected reporting currency. Amounts are grouped by currency, company, and account.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Entry	This column displays the date the finance entry was created
Posting	This column displays the date the finance entry was posted.
Transaction No.	This column displays the transaction number of the transaction to which the finance entry was posted.
Type	This column displays the transaction type of the transaction to which the finance entry was posted.
Entry Text	This column displays the entry text of the finance entry.
Journal No.	This column displays the journal number of the journal to which the finance entry was posted.
Opening Debit	This column displays the closing debit from the previous fiscal period.
Opening Credit	This column displays the closing credit from the previous fiscal period.
Opening Balance	This column displays the opening credit for the current fiscal period. It is calculated as the Opening Debit amount minus the Opening Credit amount.
Debit	This column displays the debit transactions for the selected fiscal period.
Credit	This column displays the credit transactions for the selected fiscal period.

Column	Description
Balance	This column displays the total balance for the selected fiscal period. It is calculated as the Debit transactions minus the Credit transactions.
Closing Debit	This column displays the total closing balance for the selected fiscal period. It is calculated as the Opening Debit amount plus the Debit transactions for the selected fiscal period.
Closing Credit	This column displays the total closing balance for the selected fiscal period. It is calculated as the Opening Credit amount plus the Credit transactions for the selected fiscal period.
Closing Balance	This column displays the total closing balance for the selected fiscal period. It is calculated as the Closing Debit amount minus the Closing Credit amount.

Profit and Loss

The Profit and Loss report displays the financial postings of all profit and loss accounts, summarized for selected periods.

The report has the following tabs:

- One tab compares the periodic amounts to the year-to-date amounts.
- One tab compares the periodic amounts to the amounts from the previous year.

The report compares all actuals with budgeted amounts, based on a budget model. If you need to compare current amounts with a previous year, you should also select the budget model for that year.

Your specified reporting structures determine the format of account headers and subtotals on the report. You can display amounts in account, company, or enterprise currency, or using a selected reporting currency. Amounts are grouped by currency and company.

The report corresponds to the Print dialog box's **Print Balance Overview** option using the **Result** layout.

- The **Actuals** columns link to the Finance Transactions report.
- The **Account** column links to the Accounts workspace. The link is based on the account number (for example, 10010).
- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Account	This column displays the account number and name, as well as headers and corresponding subtotal labels that outline the account structure.

Column	Description
Period, Actuals	This column displays the total amount posted to each account for the selected periods.
Period, Budget	This column displays the total amount budgeted for each account for the selected periods.
Period, Variance	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount for each account for the selected periods.
Period, %	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount in percentages for each account for the selected periods.
YTD, Actuals	This column displays the total amount posted to each account for the year-to-date range. The year-to-date range includes the fiscal periods from the beginning of the current year to the current fiscal period.
YTD, Budget	This column displays the total amount budgeted for each account for the year-to-date range. The year-to-date range includes the fiscal periods from the beginning of the current year to the current fiscal period.
Period, Variance	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount for each account for the year-to-date range. The year-to-date range includes the fiscal periods from the beginning of the current year to the current fiscal period.
Period, %	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount (as percentages) for each account for the year-to-date range. The year-to-date range includes the fiscal periods from the beginning of the current year to the current fiscal period.

Profit and Loss, Comparative Year

The Profit and Loss report displays the financial postings of all profit and loss accounts, summarized for the selected fiscal periods.

The report has the following tabs:

- One tab compares the periodic amounts to the year-to-date amounts.
- One tab compares the periodic amounts to the amounts from the corresponding fiscal periods of another year.

The report compares all actuals with budgeted amounts, based on a budget model. If you need to compare current amounts with a previous year, you should also select the budget model for that year.

The reporting structures that you specify determine the format of account headers and subtotals on the report. You can display amounts in account, company, or enterprise currency, or using a selected reporting currency. Amounts are grouped by currency and company.

From each account, you can link to the Finance Transaction report. The report corresponds to the Print dialog box's **Print Balance Overview** option using the **Result** layout.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Account	This column displays the account number and name, as well as headers and corresponding subtotal labels that outline the account structure.
Period, Actuals	This column displays the total amount posted to each account for the selected periods.
Period, Budget	This column displays the total amount budgeted for each account for the selected periods.
Period, Variance	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount for each account for the selected periods.
Period, %	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount in percentages for each account for the selected periods.
YTD, Actuals	This column displays the total amount posted to each account for the year-to-date range. The year-to-date range includes the fiscal periods from the beginning of the current year to the current fiscal period.
YTD, Budget	This column displays the total amount budgeted for each account for the year-to-date range. The year-to-date range includes the fiscal periods from the beginning of the current year to the current fiscal period.
Period, Variance	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount for each account for the year-to-date range. The year-to-date range includes the fiscal periods from the beginning of the current year to the current fiscal period.
Period, %	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount (as percentages) for each account for the year-to-date range. The year-to-date range includes the fiscal periods from the beginning of the current year to the current fiscal period.

Profit and Loss, Periodic

The Profit and Loss, Periodic report displays the financial postings for the selected current fiscal period and a selected number of previous fiscal periods.

- The report compares all actual movements with budgeted amounts, based on a budget model.
- Your specified reporting structures determine the format of account headers and subtotals on the report. You can display amounts in account, company, or enterprise currency, or using a selected reporting currency. Amounts are grouped by currency and company.

Standard Reports

- There is no Print dialog box or other report that corresponds to this report.
- The **Movement** columns link to the Finance Transactions report.
- The **Account** column links to the Accounts workspace. The link is based on the account number (for example, 10010).
- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Account	This column displays the account number and name, as well as headers and corresponding subtotal labels that outline the account structure.
Movement	This column displays the total amount posted to each account for the selected periods.
Budget	This column displays the total amount budgeted for each account for the selected periods.
Variance	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount for each account for the selected periods.

Profit and Loss, Fiscal Year

The Profit and Loss, Fiscal Year report displays the financial postings for the twelve standard fiscal periods. All amounts are displayed in thousands and without decimals.

You can display amounts in account, company, or enterprise currency, or using a selected reporting currency. Amounts are grouped by currency and company.

There is no Print dialog box or other report that corresponds to this report.

- The **Amounts** columns link to the Finance Transactions report.
- The **Account** column links to the Accounts workspace. The link is based on the account number (for example, 10010).
- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Account	This column displays the account number and name, as well as headers and corresponding subtotal labels that outline the account structure.
Period 1 – 12	This column displays the amounts posted to each account for the twelve fiscal periods of the chosen fiscal year.

Profit and Loss, by Dimension

The Profit and Loss, by Dimension report is the same as the Profit and Loss report, except for the following:

- This report does not compare the period data to data of other periods.
- This report groups data by an additional, selected dimension and is aligned in columns. For example, you can have the report group data by department and present one column for each department.

Trial Balance

The Trial Balance report displays all financial postings summarized for the selected fiscal periods for each account. Both profit and loss and balance sheet accounts are included.

The report has the following tabs:

- One tab displays opening, closing, and debit/credit balances for the selected fiscal periods.
- One tab displays opening, closing, and debit/credit balances for the year-to-date.

Your specified reporting structures determine the format of account headers and subtotals on the report. You can display amounts in account, company, or enterprise currency, or using a selected reporting currency. Amounts are grouped by currency and company.

The report corresponds to the Print dialog box's **Print Trial Balance** option.

- The **Debit** and **Credit** columns link to the Finance Transactions report.
- The **Account** column links to the Accounts workspace. The link is based on the account number (for example, 10010).
- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Account	This column displays the account number and name, as well as header and corresponding subtotal labels.
Opening	This column displays the opening balance of each account for the selected fiscal periods.

Column	Description
Debit	This column displays the balance of debit minus credit for each account, if the account is in debit; otherwise it displays a zero. Only postings done in the selected fiscal periods are included in the calculation.
Credit	This column displays the balance of debit minus credit for each account if the account is in credit; otherwise, it displays a zero. Only postings done in the selected fiscal periods are included in the calculation.
Closing	This column displays the closing balance of each account for the selected fiscal periods.

Trial Balance Analysis

The Trial Balance Analysis report is the same as the Trial Balance report, except for the following:

- This report provides drilling down over the reporting structure grouping levels instead of unfolding the structure.
- If an account or account group has non-zero Opening or Closing Balances, such an account or account group is displayed, even if there are no corresponding transactions during the specified period.

Trial Balance No Grouping

The Trial Balance No Grouping report is the same as the Trial Balance report, except that it displays two columns—**Account No** and **Account Name**—instead of the hierarchical structure that the reporting structure provides.

Finance Transactions

The Finance Transactions report displays detailed information about the finance transactions for the selected fiscal periods, as well as specified restrictions by account, company, and so on.

You can display amounts in account, company, or enterprise currency, or using a selected reporting currency. Amounts are grouped by currency, company, and account.

There is no other report that corresponds to this report. However, the report has similarities with some Analyzer reports running on finance entries.

- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.
- The **Account** title links to the Accounts workspace.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Entry Date	This column displays the date on which the finance entry was created.

Column	Description
Posting Date	This column displays the date on which the finance entry was posted.
Transaction No.	This column displays the transaction number of the transaction to which the finance entry was posted.
Transaction Type	This column displays the transaction type of the transaction to which the finance entry was posted.
Entry Text	This column displays the entry text of the finance entry.
Journal No.	This column displays the journal number of the journal to which the finance entry was posted.
Debit	This column displays the amount debited for the finance entry.
Credit	This column displays the amount credited for the finance entry.

Cash Flow Statement

The Cash Flow Statement report provides an overview of cash flow actual amounts for a selected set of fiscal periods.

The report consists of the following main sections:

- **Opening Balance** — This section includes only one summary line for all accounts selected.
- **Closing Balance** — This section includes only one summary line for all accounts selected.
- **Movement** — This section has a table in which each line displays information about the actuals posted to the corresponding group of accounts. The structure of this section uses the first two levels of the reporting structure. Totals for the section are displayed as a separate line named **Net movement**.

The report has the following tabs:

- Cash Flow Statement
- Quarter-To-Date
- Year-To-Date

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

- The **Actuals** and **Actuals comparative year** columns in the **Movement** section link to the Finance Transactions report.
- The **Account** column links to the Accounts workspace. The link is based on the account number (for example, 10010).
- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Accounts	This column displays the account number and name, grouped by Grouping Level 1 and Grouping Level 2 .
Actuals	This column displays the summarized actual amount for the selected fiscal periods.
Budget	This column displays the summarized budget amount for the selected fiscal periods.
Variance	This column displays the difference between the actual amount and the budgeted amount.
%	This column displays the variance amount divided by the budget amount (as a percentage).
Actuals comparative year	This column displays the summarized actual amount for the corresponding period of the comparative year.
Budget comparative year	This column displays the summarized budget amount for the corresponding period of the comparative year.
Variance comparative year	This column displays the difference between the actuals' comparative year amount and the budgeted comparative year amount.
% comparative year	This column displays the variance comparative year amount divided by the budgeted comparative year amount (as a percentage).

Cash Flow Statement, by Dimension

The Cash Flow Statement, by Dimension report is an enhanced version of the Cash Flow Statement. It provides an overview of cash flow opening, movement, and closing balances as of a selected period.

The regular Cash Flow Statement does not offer the following:

- **Dimensional reporting** — The report has a model of a traditional balance sheet and is not intended for comparing cash flow of different dimensions, such as companies.
- **Different amount signs** — The report displays figures as they are in the database. However, some customers want specific groups of accounts to be displayed and be included in summations using the opposite sign.

The Cash Flow Statement, by Dimension report addresses these important reporting requirements. It also offers a slightly different layout.

The report consists of the following tabs:

- On the first tab (**Period**), figures for the selected period are compared to figures of the same period in the previous year.
- On the second tab (**YTD**), year-to-date figures are compared to corresponding figures for the previous year.

Both tabs include tables that function as crosstabs. The columns represent a selected dimension (such as company), and each column is divided in two. The first displays figures of the period (YTD current year in

the other tab), and the second displays the corresponding value for the previous year. Vertically, the report uses the first level of the reporting structure for sectioning. Thus, if there are three different labels in the first reporting structure group level for the Cash Flow Statement by Dimension that groups—for example, Operating, Investing, and Financing—the report has three such sections with a crosstab in each. The second reporting structure grouping level is used for the individual lines in the tables.

The report groups and displays the amounts by company currency.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

The table with data in the report is defined as a crosstab.

Columns

Column	Description
Period	The measures in this column display the posted figures within the period interval for the given account group (the row).
Prev. Year	The measures in this column display the posted figures within the period interval for the last year for the given account group (the row).
Total, Period	This column displays the total of figures in the Period columns for the account group (total line).
Total, Prev. Year	This column displays the total of figures in the Prev. Year columns for the account group (total line).
YTD	The measures in this column display the posted figures within the period interval from the beginning of the fiscal year (period 1) to and including the period identified by the To Period .
YTD Prev. Year	The measures in this column display the posted figures within the period interval from the beginning of the last year (according to the To Period) to and including the period identified by the To Period, one fiscal year prior.
Total, YTD	This column displays the total of figures in the year-to-date (YTD) columns for the account group (total line).
Total, YTD Prev. Year	This column displays the total of figures in the YTD Prev. Year columns for the account group (total line).

Rows

Row	Description
Period, Opening Balance	The measures in this row display the opening balance as of the From Period in the given period.
Account Grouping Level 1/2	The measures in this row display the balance as of the From Period in the given period.
Period, Closing Balance	The measures in this row display the closing balance calculated as the Opening Balance of the column plus all measure figures in the column.
YTD, Opening Balance	The measures in this row display the opening balance of the year defined by the To Period prompt. For example, if the To Period is 2014-03, the report displays the opening balance of 2014.
Account Grouping Level 1/2	The measures in this row display the balance for the period between the first month of the year in the To Period prompt and the To Period year-month. For example, if the To Period is 2014-03, the report displays the balance for a timeframe of 2014-01...2014-03.
YTD, Closing Balance	The measures in this row display the closing balance calculated as the Opening Balance of the column plus all measure figures in the column.

Cash Flow Forecast

The Cash Flow Forecast report provides an overview of cash flow budget data for a selected set of fiscal periods.

The report consists of the following main sections:

- **Opening Budget** — This section includes only one summary line for all selected accounts.
- **Closing Budget** — This section includes only one summary line for all selected accounts.
- **Movement** — This section has a table in which each line displays information about the budgeted amounts posted to the corresponding group of accounts. The structure of this section uses the first two levels of the reporting structure. Totals for the section are displayed as a separate line named **Net movement**.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.



The year-period restrictions provided in the report vary according to fiscal periods. If you are working with odd fiscal years, these restrictions are different from the year-month restrictions applied in the corresponding Maconomy client report because that report works in calendar months.

Column	Description
Accounts	This column displays the account number and account name, grouped by Grouping Level 1 and Grouping Level 2 .

Column	Description
YYYY-mm	This column displays the budget amount for the selected year and month.
Total	This column displays the summarized budget amount for the current account or the current grouping level.

Customer and Vendor Turnover Report

In some countries, tax figures related to sales and purchases need to be reported to authorities to make a foundation for preventing fraud. This is statutory in many countries, especially when it concerns transactions across country borders.

This report shows all tax-related transactions for customers and vendors. The details on sales and purchases of a company are provided in this report, and indicates whether a customer or vendor are from a different country. The report also shows tax-specific figures such as non-deductible and deferred tax.

In the report, when a customer invoice is registered for a foreign customer, the basis amount, tax amount, and selected dimensions are displayed in the report. Additionally, when a vendor invoice is registered for a foreign vendor, the basis amount, tax amount, and selected dimensions are displayed in the report. You can control whether to include or exclude same-country customers and vendors, as the rules for reporting to authorities are different in the various countries. Additionally, you can also control whether to include or exclude EU members.



The figures in the reports are grouped by the tax settlement types such as Receivable or Payable. If a tax figure is payable, it is included in the Customer Turnover report. If a tax figure is receivable, it is included in the Vendor Turnover report.

The following Turnover reports are available:

- Customer Turnover
- Vendor Turnover

Customer Turnover

Layout

Company:	1 My Company	7896452314	Section on company also displaying the company's tax number (from Company Information Card)									
GBP	Section on measure's currency											
	Historical from entries - not from Customer Card											
Customer	Tax											
No.	Name	Tax No.	ZIP Code	Country	EU Member	Subject to Tax	Code	Amount	Non-deductible	Deferred	Amount Incl. Tax	
4470377113	Nice Homes	7060	4000	England	Yes	10000	25%	2000	1000	0	11000	
4470377113	Nice Homes	7060	4000	England	Yes	45000	25%	7650	0	0	52650	
4966600552	Water Beds, Inc	88440	2300	England	Yes	680000	25%	136000	0	6000	810000	
4966600552	Water Beds, Inc	88440	2300	England	Yes	9000	15%	1530	0	0	10530	
90000008	British Columbia Reseller	72933	2455	Canada	No	2000000	25%	400000	0	0	2400000	
90000008	British Columbia Reseller	72933	2455	Canada	No	2000000	5%	140000	0	0	2140000	
90000008	British Columbia Reseller	72933	2455	Canada	No	2000000	1,50%	30000	0	0	2030000	
Total:								717180	1000	6000		

Selection Criteria

Standard Reports

Top-Level Header	Header Title	Description
Customer	No.	This column displays the customer number of the invoice.
Customer	Name	This column displays the customer name of the invoice.
Customer	Tax No.	This column displays the customer's tax number.
Customer	ZIP Code	This column displays the ZIP Code of the customer.
Customer	Country	This column displays the resident country of the customer.
Customer	EU Member	This column states whether the customer's country is a member of the EU Union.
Basis	Subject to Tax	This column displays the amount that on the invoice is subject to tax. This is the foundation for calculating tax.
Tax	Code	This column displays the tax code applied for calculating the tax.
Tax	Amount	This column displays the tax amount related to the tax code.
Tax	Non-deductible	This column displays the tax amount that is non-deductible.
Tax	Deferred	This column displays the tax amount that is deferred.
Tax	Total	This column displays the amount including tax. It is calculated as: Subject to Tax plus Tax Amount minus Tax Non-Deductible minus Tax Deferred.

Vendor Turnover

Layout

Company:	1 My Company	7896452314	<i>Section on company also displaying the company's tax number (from Company Information Card)</i>								
GBP			<i>Section on measure's currency</i>								
Vendor			<i>Historical from entries - not from Vendor Card</i>								
No.	Name	Tax No.	ZIP Code	Country	EU Member	Subject to Tax	Code	Amount	Non-deductible	Deferred	Amount Incl. Tax
42260027	Table Management ApS	2200	4000	England	Yes	10000	25%	2000	0	0	12000
1000002	Jettes Courier Service	3922	4000	England	Yes	45000	15%	7650	650	0	52000
1000003	Car and Driver Service	8443	2300	England	Yes	680000	25%	136000	0	0	816000
Total:								145650	650	0	

Selection Criteria

Top-Level Header	Header Title	Description
Vendor	No.	This column displays the vendor number of the invoice.
Vendor	Name	This column displays the vendor name of the invoice.
Vendor	Tax No.	This column displays the vendor Tax No.
Vendor	ZIP Code	This column displays the ZIP Code of the vendor.
Vendor	Country	This column displays the resident country of the vendor.
Vendor	EU Member	This column displays whether the country of the vendor, is member of the EU Union.
Basis	Subject to Tax	This column displays the amount that on the vendor invoice is subject to tax; i.e., the foundation for calculating tax.
Tax	Code	This column displays the tax code applied for calculating the tax.
Tax	Amount	This column displays the tax amount related to the tax code.
Tax	Non-deductible	This column displays the tax amount that is non-deductible.
Tax	Deferred	This column displays the tax amount that is deferred.
Tax	Total	This column displays the amount including tax. It is calculated as: Subject to Tax plus Tax Amount minus Tax Non-Deductible minus Tax Deferred.

Finance Entries Report

In most countries, it is a statutory requirement for companies to export their finance entries. The purpose of this report is to provide data for the extraction of finance entries. The amount and currency of each finance entry are displayed in a single cell. Exporting this report to a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet provides the same display as shown in the generated report.

Selection Criteria

Top-Level Header	Header Title	Description
Company	No.	This column displays the company number of the finance entry.
	Name	This column displays the company name of the finance entry.

Top-Level Header	Header Title	Description
Journal	Type	This column displays which journal type to which the finance entry was posted.
	No.	This column displays the journal number to which the finance entry was posted.
	Entry Descr.	This column displays the finance entry's description.
Account / Local Account	No.	This column displays the account number of the global or local account to which the finance entry was posted. This column determines whether to display a global or local account depending on the selected Chart of Account Type.
	Name	This column displays the name of the global account.
Date	Entry	This column displays the date the finance entry was created.
	Posting	This column displays the date the finance entry was posted.
	Time	This column displays the time the finance entry was posted.
Vendor	No.	This column displays the vendor number of the finance entry, if any.
	Name	This column displays the name of the vendor.
Customer	No.	This column displays the customer number of the finance entry, if any.
	Name	This column displays the name of the customer.
Sequence No.	Combined Seq. No.	This column displays the combined sequence number of the finance entry.
	Seq. No.	This column displays the sequence number of the finance entry.
Transaction	No.	This column displays the transaction number of the finance entry.
	Type	This column displays the transaction type of the finance entry.
	Amount, Original	This column displays the original amount of the finance entry. No sign correction is applied. The amount is displayed exactly as it appears in the database.

Top-Level Header	Header Title	Description
Company Currency	Debit	This column displays the debit amount of the finance entry. The amount is displayed in the currency of the company.
	Credit	This column displays the credit amount of the finance entry. The amount is displayed in the currency of the company.
	Tax Debit	This column displays the debit tax amount of the finance entry. The amount is displayed in the currency of the company.
	Tax Credit	This column displays the credit tax amount of the finance entry. The amount is displayed in the currency of the company.
Transaction Currency	Debit	This column displays the debit amount of the finance entry. The amount is displayed in the currency of the transaction.
	Credit	This column displays the credit amount of the finance entry. The amount is displayed in the currency of the transaction.
Enterprise Currency	Debit	This column displays the debit amount of the finance entry. The amount is displayed in the currency of the enterprise.
	Credit	This column displays the credit amount of the finance entry. The amount is displayed in the currency of the enterprise.

Tax Settlement

In most countries, tax needs to be reported to authorities in basis amounts and tax amounts. Additionally, tax amounts must be tied to vendors and customers in order to simplify reconciliation against customer and vendor invoices. This is important in order for finance personnel and auditors to verify the tax of a company.

The Tax Settlement report accounts for these two measures:

- Basis Amounts** — The base amount for calculating the tax. The formula for the basis amount that is subject to tax (meaning, to be used further in the calculation of the tax), is:

$$\text{Subject to Tax} = \text{Original Basis} - \text{Tax Exempt} - \text{Export}$$

- Tax Amounts** — The tax amounts that are calculated from the basis amount that is subject to tax. The tax amount to be paid/received is calculated as:

$$\text{Net Tax} = \text{Original Tax} - \text{Non-Deductible Tax} - \text{Deferred Tax}$$

The purpose of the Tax Settlement report is three-fold:

- To provide the statistical data about the tax basis amounts leading to the subject to tax amount.

Standard Reports

- To provide the overview of individual tax amounts to be reported (and received/paid) and associate these to the different reporting authorities.
- To break down tax amounts by customer and vendor and associate to invoice numbers.



The figures in the reports are grouped by the tax settlement types such as Receivable or Payable. If a tax figure is payable, it is a debit in the database and displays as positive number.

The following Tax Settlement report tabs are available:

- Tax Settlement Summary
- Tax Settlement Details
- Tax Settlement Details, by Invoice
- Withholding Tax

Tax Settlement Summary

Layout

Tax Settlement Summary						
9 Deltek	526355	<i>section on company number, name and company tax number.</i>				
USD		<i>section on reporting currency</i>				
Settlement Type	Level	Tax Type	Tax Basis	Tax Exempt	Export	Subject to Tax
Receiveable	1	Government	5000,00	0,00	0,00	5000,00
		Transport	2300,00	0,00	0,00	2300,00
	Total Level 1		7300,00	0,00	0,00	7300,00
	2	Province	4000,00	500,00	500,00	3000,00
		Foods	2200,00	400,00	0,00	1800,00
	Total Level 2		6200,00	900,00	500,00	4800,00
Total Receiveable			13500,00	900,00	500,00	12100,00
Payable					
Investment					

Selection Criteria

Column	Header Title	Description
Tax Settlement Type		This column displays the tax settlement type of the data in the rows.
Tax Level		This column displays the tax level of the data in the row. If multiple tax levels are not applicable, the column is collapsed.
Tax Type		This column displays the tax type of the data in the row.

Column	Header Title	Description
Tax	Basis	This column displays the original tax basis.
Tax	Exempt	This column displays the basis amounts that are exempted from tax.
Tax	Export	This column displays the basis amounts that are not taxable because they are regarding exports.
Subject to Tax		This column displays the basis amount that is subject to tax. This is calculated as: Subject to Tax = Basis - Exempt - Export

Tax Settlement Details

Layout

Tax Settlement Details							
9 Deltek		526355	<i>section on company number, name and company tax number</i>				
USD			<i>section on reporting currency</i>				
Settlement Type	Tax Code	Tax Rate	Tax Basis	Tax Amount	Non-Deductible	Deferred	Net Tax
Receivable	GST 6%	6%	30000,00	5000,00	0,0	100,00	5000,00
	Total GST 6%:		30000,00	5000,00	0,0	100,00	5000,00
	HST 8%	8%	28750,00	2300,00	0,0	100,00	2300,00
	Total HST 8%:		28750,00	2300,00	0,0	100,00	2300,00
Total Receivable			58750,00	7300,00	0,0	100,00	7300,00
Payable	PST 21%	21%	19048,00	4000,00	800,00	200,00	3200,00
	Total PST 21%:		19048,00	4000,00	800,00	200,00	3200,00
Total Payable			19048,00	4000,00	800,00	200,00	3200,00

Selection Criteria

Column	Header Title	Description
Tax Settlement Type		This column displays the tax settlement type of the data in the rows.
Tax Code		This column displays the tax code of the data in the row.
Tax Rate		This column displays the tax rate (percentage) of the tax code.
Tax Basis		This column displays the original tax basis.

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Column	Header Title	Description
Tax Amount		This column displays the tax amount calculated from the basis amount that is subject to tax.
Non-Deductible		This column displays the amount of the tax amount which is not deductible. This is stated on the related tax code.
Deferred		This column displays the amount of the tax amount which is deferred. This is stated on the related tax code.
Net Tax Amount		This column displays the net tax amount which is calculated as: Net Tax = Tax - Non-Deductible - Deferred

Tax Settlement Details, by Invoice

Layout

Tax Settlement, by Invoice												
9 Deltek	526355	<i>section on company number, name and company tax number</i>										
USD	<i>section on reporting currency</i>											
Tax Receivable	<i>section on tax settlement type</i>											
Tax Code	Tax Rate	Vendor No.	Name	Tax No.	Country	EU Member	Invoice No.	Tax Basis	Tax Amount	Non-Deductible	Deferred	Net Tax
GST 6%	6%	5344	Some Vendor	6678	Denmark	Yes	12003400	4000,00	240,00	0,0	100,00	240,00
Total GST 6%:								4000,00	240,00	0,0	100,00	240,00
HST 8%	8%	5366	Another Vendor	7890	Sweden	Yes	21789099	10000,00	800,00	0,0	100,00	800,00
Total HST 8%:								10000,00	800,00	0,0	100,00	800,00
Total Receivable								14000,00	1040,00	0,0	100,00	1040,00
Payable												
Tax Code	Tax Rate	Customer No.	Name	Tax No.	Country	EU Member	Invoice No.	Tax Basis	Tax Amount	Non-Deductible	Deferred	Net Tax
PST 21%	8%	6611	My Customer	4481	Australia	No	31990021	7000,00	1470,00	0,0	100,00	1470,00
Total PST 21%:								7000,00	1470,00	0,0	100,00	1470,00
Total Payable								7000,00	1470,00	0,0	100,00	1470,00
Investment											

Selection Criteria

Column	Header Title	Description
Tax Code		This column displays the tax code of the data in the row.
Tax Rate		This column displays the tax rate (percentage) of the tax code.
Vendor / Customer	No.	This column displays the number of the vendor/customer associated the data in the row.

Column	Header Title	Description
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ For receivable tax, the table displays vendors. ▪ For payable tax, the table displays customers. <p>The header follows this distinction, as do the columns below.</p>
Vendor / Customer	Name	This column displays the name of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row.
Vendor / Customer	Tax No.	This column displays the tax no. of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row.
Vendor / Customer	Country	This column displays the country of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row.
Vendor / Customer	EU Member	This column displays whether the country of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row is an EU member.
Vendor / Customer	Invoice No.	This column displays the vendor/customer invoice number associated the data in the row.
Tax Basis		<p>This column displays the basis amount that is subject to tax. This is calculated as:</p> <p>Subject to Tax = Basis - Exempt - Export</p>
Tax Amount		This column displays the resulting tax amount.
Non-Deductible		This column displays the amount of the tax amount which is not deductible. This is stated on the related tax code.
Deferred		This column displays the amount of the tax amount which is deferred. This is stated on the related tax code.
Net Tax Amount		<p>This column displays the net tax amount which is calculated as:</p> <p>Net Tax = Tax - Non-Deductible - Deferred</p>

Standard Reports

Withholding Tax

Layout

Withholding Tax												
9 Deltek	526955	<i>section on company number, name and company tax number</i>										
USD	<i>section on reporting currency</i>											
Withholding Tax Receivable	<i>section on tax settlement type</i>											
Tax Code	Tax Rate	Customer No.	Customer Name	Tax No.	Country	EU Member	Invoice No.	Tax Basis	Tax Amount	Non-Deductible	Deferred	Net Tax
GCS 5%	5%	7878	My Customer	87871	Denmark	Yes	2100090	5000,00	250,00	0,0	100,00	250,00
Total GCS 5%:								5000,00	250,00	0,0	100,00	250,00
Total Withholding Tax Receivable								5000,00	250,00	0,0	100,00	250,00
Withholding Tax Payable												
Tax Code	Tax Rate	Vendor No.	Vendor Name	Tax No.	Country	EU Member	Invoice No.	Tax Basis	Tax Amount	Non-Deductible	Deferred	Net Tax
PPT 10%	10%	3333	My Vendor	9091	Australia	No	4550001	7000,00	700,00	350,0	100,00	350,0
Total PPT 10%:								7000,00	700,00	350,0	100,00	350,0
GST 8%	8%	5366	Another Vendor	7890	Sweden	Yes	21789099	10000,00	800,00	0,0	100,00	800,00
Total GST 8%:								10000,00	800,00	0,0	100,00	800,00
Total Payable								17000,00	1500,00	350,00	100,00	1150,00

Selection Criteria

Column	Header Title	Description
Tax Code		This column displays the tax code of the data in the row.
Tax Rate		This column displays the tax rate (percentage) of the tax code.
Vendor / Customer	No.	<p>This column displays the number of the vendor/customer associated the data in the row.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For receivable withholding tax, the table displays customers. For payable withholding tax, the table displays vendors. <p>The header follows this distinction, as do the columns below.</p>
Vendor / Customer	Name	This column displays the name of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row.
Vendor / Customer	Tax No.	This column displays the tax no. of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row.
Vendor / Customer	Country	This column displays the country of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row.

Column	Header Title	Description
Vendor / Customer	EU Member	This column displays whether the country of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row is an EU member.
Vendor / Customer	Invoice No.	This column displays the vendor/customer invoice number associated the data in the row.
Tax Basis		This column displays the basis amount that is subject to tax. This is calculated as: Subject to Tax = Basis - Exempt - Export
Tax Amount		This column displays the resulting tax amount.
Non-Deductible		This column displays the amount of the tax amount which is not deductible. This is stated on the related tax code.
Deferred		This column displays the amount of the tax amount which is deferred. This is stated on the related tax code.
Net Tax Amount		This column displays the net tax amount which is calculated as: Net Tax = Tax - Non-Deductible - Deferred

US 1099 Misc.

In the US, companies must send out a 1099 form to the tax authorities for any non-corporate vendors paid for providing services that are >=\$600 in a calendar year. This report provides data that is needed for a valid 1099 Misc. form and is based on vendor invoices and payments completed in Maconomy.

Note: Only vendor entries marked as disclosable are included in the report. Indirectly, this also means that only reconciliations against disclosable vendor entries are included.

Note: Vendor invoices that both cover an amount to be reported (some service) and an outlay not to be reported, must be registered as two different invoices so that one can be marked as disclosable and the other not.

Setup in Maconomy

To configure Maconomy to use the 1099 report:

1. Go to **System Setup » Parameters and Numbers » Options Lists » Options List** to open the Option Lists workspace.
2. Click **New Option List**.
3. In the **Option List No.** field, enter **1099 Misc**.
4. In the **Description** field, enter a brief description for the option list.

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5. Click **Create** and then complete the required fields on the Option List tab.
6. In the Options sub-tab, add the options for the 1099 Misc option list.

To set up vendors to include on the 1099 Misc report:

Note: Vendor invoices should already be created.

1. Go to **Single Dialogs » Accounts Payable » Set-up » Vendor Information Card** to open the Vendor Information Card workspace.
2. Select a vendor.
3. In the 1099 Reporting island on the Vendor Information Card sub-tab, select the **Disclosable** check box.
4. In the **Option List 1** field, select **1099 Misc**.
5. In the **Statistics 1** field, select an option.

Layout

The US 1099 Misc report consists of two tabs: *Details* and *Data*. The *Details* tab displays a table for each vendor. The table shows central data from each vendor invoice registered, the present year and corresponding amounts paid and reconciled within the given year. Other kinds of entries could be displayed as well like exchange rate differences or discounts as long as they are disclosable.

In addition to displaying the same data as the Details tab, the *Data* tab also displays all necessary contact information of the vendor. Amounts are categorized into boxes, providing the foundation for completing the 1099 Misc form.

1099 Misc						
USD	← section on currency					
10 Lego A/S	← Section on company					
80002 Jack London	← Section on company vendor					
Transaction			Invoice		Payment	
Entry Date	No.	Descr.	No.	Date	Invoiced	Paid
8/20/2012	82377322	purchase	8237733-22	8/20/2012	570,00	570,00
8/20/2012	82377325	purchase	8237733-25	8/20/2012	5600,00	5600,00
9/22/2012	82377337	purchase	8237733-37	9/22/2012	8484,00	5000,00
Total:					14654,00	11170,00
Limit:					600,00	
Report Amount:					11170,00	
80005 Peter Jackson						
Transaction			Invoice		Payment	
Entry Date	No.	Descr.	No.	Date	Invoiced	Paid
9/22/2012	82377322	purchase	8237733-22	9/22/2012	300,00	300,00
Total:					300,00	300,00
Limit:					600,00	
Report Amount:					0,00	

Details Tab

Top-Level Header	Column	Description
Transaction	Entry Date	This column displays the entry dates of the disclosable vendor entries against which payments (reconciliations) have been registered.

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Top-Level Header	Column	Description
Transaction	No.	This column displays the transaction numbers of the disclosable vendor entries against which payments (reconciliations) have been registered.
Transaction	Descr.	This column displays the descriptions of the disclosable vendor entries against which payments (reconciliations) have been registered.
Invoice	No.	This column displays the invoice numbers of the disclosable vendor entry against which payments (reconciliations) have been registered. If an entry does not represent a vendor invoice, the cell is blank.
Invoice	Date	This column displays the invoice dates of the disclosable vendor entries against which payments (reconciliations) have been registered. If an entry does not represent a vendor invoice, the cell is blank.
Invoice	Invoiced	This column displays the invoiced amount of the disclosable vendor entries against which payments (reconciliations) have been registered. The amount is actually the Credit minus Debit of the entry being reconciled. Therefore, it displays an amount regardlessly of whether the entry represents an vendor invoice or not.
Payment	Paid	This column displays the amount reconciled against the disclosable vendor entries. The amount displayed is the Debit minus Credit of the reconciliation. That is, it is not the paid amount as it is not taken from the vendor entry. It is the amount reconciled, taken from the vendor reconciliation.

Data Tab

Column	Description
Rcp TIN	This column shows the CNR number of the company vendor.
Rcp Account	This column shows the number of the company vendor.
First Name	This column is blank.
Last Name/Company	This column shows the name of the vendor.
Name Line 2	This column is blank.

Column	Description
Address Type	States the country letter: C - if the country or state is Canada O - if the state is '.' blank otherwise
Address Deliv/Street	This column shows the street of the address of the company vendor (Name 2).
Address Apt/Suite	This column shows the number, apartment or suite number of the company vendor's address (Name 3)
City	This column shows the city of the company vendor's address (Postal District).
State	This column shows the state of the company vendor's address.
ZIP	This column shows the ZIP code of the company vendor's address.
Country	This column shows the country of the company vendor .
Rcp Email	This column shows the e-mail of the company vendor.
Tax State	This column shows the tax state the company vendor belongs to (Country).
Box 1 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "1".
Box 2 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "2".
Box 3 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "3".
Box 4 Amount	This column shows the Withholding Tax as posted to GL. Withholding tax is fetched from the finance entries posted to the account,t stated by the Remark 3 field of the vendors option.
Box 5 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "5".
Box 6 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "6".
Box 7 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "7".

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Column	Description
Box 8 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "8".
Box 9 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "9".
Box 10 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "10".
Box 13 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "13".
Box 14 Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "14".
Box 15a Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "15a".
Box 15b Amount	This column shows the Report Amount if the company vendor option Remark 1 has the value "15b".
Box 16 Amount	This column is blank.
Box 17 Amount	This column is blank.
Box 17 ID Number	This column is blank.
Box 18 Amount	This column is blank.
2nd TIN Notice	This column is blank

Prompts

Prompt Title	Behavior	Mandatory
Company No:	Only vendor invoices (disclosable vendor entries) and payments (reconciliations against these) registered for companies in the selected list, are included.	No
Vendor No:	Only vendor invoices (disclosable vendor entries) and payments (reconciliations against these) registered for vendors in the selected list, are included.	No.
Reporting Year:	Only entries for which the year of the payment's (reconciliation's) entry date is equal to the Reporting Year provided by the user, are included.	Yes

Accounting Entry File

The Accounting Entry File (AEF) is a French Statutory report that contains all of the accounts of a company, and all of the company's financial transactions throughout a fiscal period. A company may submit the AEF file to French tax authorities, for auditing purposes.

This report is a text file that provides opening balance entries and finance transactions for a specific reporting year.

The report displays and groups:

- The opening balance entries for the year from the Opening Balance Entries Card.
- The finance transactions for the year from the Finance Entries Card.

The file name created for the report consists of the 9-digit SIREN Number (Company Registration No.) + "FEC" + last date of fiscal year.txt.

File name example: 123456789FEC20161231.txt

Field	Description
JournalCode	The transaction type.
JournalLib	The description of the transaction type.
EcritureNum	The combined sequence number.
EcritureDate	The finance entry date.
CompteNum	The Local Account No.
CompteLib	The Local Account Name.
CompAuxNum	The customer/vendor number.
CompAuxLib	The customer/vendor name.
PieceRef	The vendor entry invoice number/finance entry transaction number.
PieceDate	The vendor invoice date/finance entry date.
EcritureLib	The finance entry text.
Debit	The debit value of a finance/opening balance entry.
Credit	The credit value of a finance/opening balance entry.
EcritureLet	
DateLet	The vendor/customer reconciliation date.
ValidDate	The posting date.
Montantdevis	The vendor/finance original amount.

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Field	Description
Idevise	The vendor/finance original currency, other than EUR.

Prompts

Prompt Title	Description	Mandatory
Company No.	Only opening balance entries and finance transactions with a company equal to this prompt, are included.	Yes
Fiscal Year	Only opening balance entries and finance transactions with a year equal to this prompt, are included.	Yes
From Accounts Excluded (Opening Balance)	Only opening balance entries with an account number alphabetically before the answer to this prompt, are included.	No
To Accounts Excluded (Opening Balance)	Only opening balance entries with an account number alphabetically after the answer to this prompt, are included.	No
Entry Date (Transaction)	Only finance transactions with an entry date equal to or after the answer to this prompt, are included.	Yes
To Entry Date (Transaction)	Only finance transactions with an entry date equal to or before the answer to this prompt, are included.	Yes
From Accounts Excluded (Transactions)	Only finance transactions with an account number alphabetically before the answer to this prompt, should be included.	No
To Accounts Excluded (Transactions)	Only finance transactions with an account number alphabetically after the answer to this prompt, should be included.	No

Bank Reports

The following standard Bank reports are available:

- Bank Reconciliations
- Payment Run Register

Bank Reconciliations

The Bank Reconciliations report displays the financial bank reconciliations performed for each bank account. Both reconciled and outstanding amounts are displayed. The report displays seven tables for each bank account:

- The first table contains information about the bank account and the associated statement date for the latest bank reconciliation performed for that account, within the restrictions applied. The table is a vertical table.
- The second and third tables summarize the outstanding and reconciled balances, respectively. The balances are the opening and closing balances, as well as the movements related to outstanding and reconciled. In addition, the table that displays the outstanding balances also displays the balances of the G/L entries in Maconomy for comparison. Both of these tables are vertical tables.
- The fourth and fifth tables display the reconciled entries, one about debits and one about credits.
- The sixth and seventh tables display the outstanding entries, one about debits and one about credits.

Account

Column	Description
Bank Registration No.	This row displays the registration number and payment agent of the bank account to which the reconciliation has been made.
Bank Account No.	This row displays the number and description of the bank account to which the reconciliation has been made.
Account No.	This row displays the number and name of the G/L account to which the reconciliation has been made.
Latest Statement Date	This row displays the statement date of the latest reconciliation performed in the selected period. If no reconciliations have been performed, the field is blank, and only outstanding figures are displayed for the account.

Balances

The second and third tables are positioned left and right, but vertically aligned. The following table lists the left-hand table first, followed by the right-hand table.

Column	Description
Closing Balance	This row displays the bank balance according to the reconciled entries made. This is the opening balance for the reconciliation to be (but not yet) performed.
Outstanding Debits	This row displays the total of outstanding debit amounts—the total of debit amounts that are still to be reconciled on the account.
Outstanding Credits	This row displays the total of outstanding credit amounts—the total of credit amounts that are still to be reconciled on the account.
Adjusted Bank Balance	This row displays the Bank Balance plus the Outstanding Debits minus the Outstanding Credits , thereby the estimated closing balance when the outstanding entries have been reconciled.
G/L Balance	This row displays the total of debit minus credit amounts from G/L entries in Maconomy, for the date interval provided when running the report. This value should match the Adjusted Bank Balance so that the outstanding entries that are being reconciled and the actual G/L entries behind them match.
Variance	This row displays the difference between the Adjusted Bank Balance and the G/L Balance . The value is a control value that states how the actual account balance matches the unreconciled and G/L entries in Maconomy. When the reconciliation to be performed balances, the variance should be zero.
Opening Balance	This row displays the opening balance of the bank account for the reconciled entries. When running the report, you must enter an interval of statement numbers. The balance is the opening balance of the first bank reconciliation statement designated.
Reconciled Debits	This row displays the total of reconciled debit amounts on reconciliation statements in the specified statement interval.
Reconciled Credits	This row displays the total of reconciled credit amounts on reconciliation statements in the specified statement interval.
Calculated Bank Ending Balance	This row displays an estimate of the bank account's ending balance, after taking the reconciled debits and credits into account. It is calculated as the Opening Balance plus the Reconciled Debits minus the Reconciled Credits . Thus, it should match the closing balance of the last statement in the specified interval.
Closing Balance	This row displays the closing balance as entered for the bank account when performing the reconciliation of the account. If no reconciliation has been performed, the balance is zero.

Column	Description
Variance	This row displays the difference between the Calculated Bank Ending Balance and the Closing Balance . The value is a control value that states how the account balance matches the reconciled entries within Maconomy. When the reconciliation balances, the variance should be zero.

Reconciled Debits

Column	Description
Date	This column displays the entry date of the reconciled debit amount.
Customer	This column displays the number and name of the customer to which the reconciled debit amount relates, if any.
Description	This column displays the description of the reconciled debit entry. This description is often carried through from the corresponding finance entry.
Amount	This column displays the reconciled debit amount.

Reconciled Credits

Column	Description
Date	This column displays the entry date of the reconciled credit amount.
Vendor	This column displays the number and name of the vendor to which the reconciled credit amount relates, if any.
Description	This column displays the description of the reconciled credit entry. This description is often carried through from the corresponding finance entry.
Check No.	If the reconciled credit entry relates to a payment by check, this column displays the check number.
Amount	This column displays the reconciled credit amount.

Outstanding Debits

Column	Description
Date	This column displays the entry date of the outstanding debit amount.
Customer	This column displays the number and name of the customer to which the outstanding debit amount relates, if any.

Column	Description
Description	This column displays the description of the outstanding debit entry. This description is often carried through from the corresponding finance entry.
Amount	This column displays the outstanding debit amount.

Outstanding Credits

Column	Description
Date	This column displays the entry date of the outstanding credit amount.
Vendor	This column displays the number and name of the vendor to which the outstanding credit amount relates, if any.
Description	This column displays the description of the outstanding credit entry. This description is often carried through from the corresponding finance entry.
Check No.	If the outstanding credit entry relates to a payment by check, this column displays the check number.
Amount	This column displays the outstanding credit amount.

When running the report, you must enter an interval of statement numbers. The **From Statement No.** marks the number of the first reconciliation to include. The **To Statement No.** marks the last reconciliation to include. The **Opening Balance** of the reconciliations is then the opening balance of the first reconciliation in the interval. The **Closing Balance** in the same table is the closing balance of the last reconciliation in the interval. Thus, the opening balance is typically equal to the **Bank Balance** in the outstanding balance table.

You must also enter an interval of dates. This restriction *only* influences the G/L entries that are summarized in the row for **G/L Balance** and the calculation of the row **Variance** in the outstanding balance table. When running the report, you typically have the bank statement that indicates the date interval and statement number interval with which to run the report.

Check Register

The Check Register report displays the amount paid by check or other bank payment, the status, and to which vendor it was issued. The report consists of the following tabs:

- The first tab, **Check Register**, lists the check number issued to each vendor and the amount on the check in the transaction currency and company currency. The figures are grouped by company and bank account.
- The second tab, **Vendor Summary**, summarizes amounts paid to vendors, and groups these by control accounts. The figures are grouped by company. This tab also displays (separately) a summation of amounts paid by bank account.
- The third tab, **Check Status**, lists payments grouped by control account and the status of checks. The figures are grouped by company and bank account.

Standard Reports

- The fourth tab, **Outstanding**, is similar to the first tab, except that it only includes payments that are not closed.

Check Register

Column	Description
Check, Date	This column displays the date of the check.
Check, No.	This column displays the check number.
Check, Status	This column displays the status of the cash-in of the check. It can have the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cleared — The check payment has been carried through. ▪ Void — The check has been error-reported or reversed. ▪ Issued — The check awaits processing.
Vendor, No.	This column displays the vendor number.
Vendor, Name	This column displays the vendor name.
Vendor, Amount	This column displays the amount paid in vendor currency.
Vendor, Currency	This column displays the vendor currency.
Company, Amount	This column displays the amount paid in company currency.
Company, Currency	This column displays the company currency.

Vendor Payments

This tab has two parts, the **Vendor Payments** section and the **Bank Account Summation** section. complex

Column	Description
Control Account	This column displays the control account associated with the vendor.
Vendor, No.	This column displays the vendor number.
Vendor, Name	This column displays the vendor name.
Vendor, Amount	This column displays the amount paid in vendor currency.
Vendor, Currency	This column displays the vendor currency.
Company, Amount	This column displays the amount paid in company currency.

Column	Description
Company, Currency	This column displays the company currency.
Bank Account, No.	This column displays the bank account number associated with the check.
Bank Account, Name	This column displays the bank account name associated with the check.

Check Status

Column	Description
Status	This column displays the status of the cash-in of the check. It can have the following values: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Cleared — The check payment has been processed. ▪ Void — The check has been error-reported or reversed. ▪ Issued — The check awaits processing.
Count	This column displays the number of checks with the given status.
Control Account	This column displays the control account associated with the vendor.
Vendor, Amount	This column displays the amount paid in vendor currency.
Vendor, Currency	This column displays the vendor currency.
Company, Amount	This column displays the amount paid in company currency.
Company, Currency	This column displays the company currency.

Outstanding Payments

Column	Description
Check, Date	This column displays the date of the check.
Check, No.	This column displays the check number.
Vendor, No.	This column displays the vendor number.
Vendor, Name	This column displays the vendor name.
Vendor, Amount	This column displays the amount paid in vendor currency.

Column	Description
Vendor, Currency	This column displays the vendor currency.
Company, Amount	This column displays the amount paid in company currency.
Company, Currency	This column displays the company currency.

Job Cost Reports

The following standard Job Cost reports are available:

- WIP Aging
- WIP Aging, by Dimension
- WIP Transactions
- WIP Rollforward
- Job Profitability Summary
- Job Profitability Summary, by Job
- Job Profitability Budget
- Job Profitability Budget, by Task
- Job Profitability Comparison
- Job Profitability Periodic
- Job Profitability Transactions
- Customer Profitability
- Customer Profitability, by Customer
- Customer Profitability Comparison, by Customer
- Revenue Analysis
- Revenue Analysis, by Customer
- Bill to Customer Distribution
- Customer Contact Information
- Job List
- Daily Flash
- Main Job, Sub Job Overview
- Task List
- Event Notes
- Job Events
- Job Events, by Customer
- Job Events, by Employee

Standard Reports

- Job Events, by Job
- Invoiced Registrations
- Invoicing Worksheet
- Job Budget to Actuals YTD
- Job Budget to Actuals YTD, by Task
- Job Status, by Task & Employee
- Job Status, by Task & Employee Category

WIP Aging

The WIP Aging report displays the difference between job entries and invoices on jobs. Only jobs that are capitalized are included in the report.

WIP (work in progress) is calculated based on the following:

- The entered cost, if the job is capitalized at cost
- Revenue recognized, if the job is capitalized at billing

The WIP amounts are displayed in 30-day intervals, based on either due dates or entry dates. The report also displays the net invoiced amount on account.

- You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the customer and job.
- The **Total Balance** column links to the WIP Transactions report.
- The **Invoiced On Account Invoiced** column links to the Job Invoices workspace.

The report corresponds to the universe report of the same name.

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Invoice on Account, Invoiced	This column displays the amount invoiced on account.
Invoice on Account, Net	This column displays the amount invoiced on account that is not yet reconciled.
Balance, Total	This column displays the total WIP balance.
0-30 days	This column displays the WIP balance that is up to 30 days old.
31-60 days	This column displays the WIP balance that is between 31 and 60 days old.

Column	Description
61-90 days	This column displays the WIP balance that is between 61 and 90 days old.
91-120 days	This column displays the WIP balance that is between 91 and 120 days old.

WIP Aging, by Dimension

The WIP Aging, by Dimension report is the same as the WIP Aging report, except that you can group and section data by a custom dimension.

WIP Transactions

The WIP Transactions report displays the individual job entries and invoices (job invoice lines) that constitute the work in progress balance. Only jobs that are capitalized are included in the report.

The report includes entries for job invoices on account, thereby providing a full overview of the entry and invoice history.

- The **Job** title links to the Jobs workspace.
- The **Amount IOA** column links to the Job Invoices workspace.

The report has similarities with the lowest level of the universe report that displays WIP. The report also has similarities with the Analyzer report, which displays job entries, although these do not work dynamically according to statement dates.

Column	Description
Transaction, Date	This column displays the entry date of job entries and job invoice lines contributing to open WIP (work in progress) amounts. For job invoices on account, the invoice date is displayed.
Transaction No.	This column displays the transaction number of the transaction to which the job entry or job invoice line was posted. For job invoices on account, the text Invoice on Account is displayed.
Transaction Type	This column displays the transaction type of the transaction to which the job entry or job invoice line was posted. For job invoices on account, the column is blank.
Entry Text	This column displays the entry text of the job entry or job invoice line. For job invoices on account, the column is blank.
Task Name	This column displays the task name of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Task Descr.	This column displays the task description of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.

Column	Description
Employee No.	This column displays the employee number of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Employee Name	This column displays the employee name of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Reg./Inv.	This column displays the contribution the job entry or job invoice line has made to the WIP balance. For job invoices on account, the column displays zero.
IOA	For job invoices on account, this column displays the amount invoiced on account. For job entries or job invoice lines, the column displays zero.

WIP Rollforward

The WIP Rollforward report estimates the WIP (work in progress) figure by a date (**To Date**), basing the WIP on another date (**From Date**) and entries and invoices during the period between the **From Date** and the **To Date**.

- You can drill up on the **No & Name** column to the company, and you can drill down to the job.
- The **Opening Bal.** column links to the WIP Aging report.

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
WIP, Opening Bal.	This column displays the total WIP balance by the From Date .
Registered, Time	This column displays the entered billing price for time activities.
Registered, Amount	This column displays the entered billing price for amount activities.
Invoiced, Time	This column displays the invoiced billing price for time activities.
Invoiced, Amount	This column displays the invoiced billing price for amount activities.
Invoiced, Up/Down	This column displays the up/down writing of the invoiced billing price.
Invoiced, Net on Acc.	This column displays the amount invoiced on account that is not yet reconciled.

Column	Description
WIP, Closing Bal.	<p>This column displays the estimated value of WIP by the To Date. It is calculated from other columns.</p> <p>The formula is as follows:</p> <p>WIP, Opening Bal + Registered, Time + Registered, Amount - Invoiced, Time – Invoiced, Amount + Invoiced, Up/Down</p>

Job Profitability Summary

The Job Profitability Summary report provides an overview of the profitability of jobs by displaying amounts invoiced, revenue recognized, cost, and corresponding gross margins.

Work in progress (WIP) is the balance amount displayed in the WIP Aging report, which takes the individual capitalization method of the jobs into account. The report only considers open jobs. Whether or not a job is closed does not depend on the statement date in the report, but the calculations of various balances (invoiced amounts and so on) depend on whether or not a job is closed.

- You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the customer and job.
- The **WIP** column links to the WIP Aging report.
- The **Invoiced** column links to the Job Profitability Transactions report.

Column	Description
No & Name	<p>This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Invoiced	This column displays the total invoiced amount.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the total amount of revenue recognized.
WIP	This column displays the total amount of work in progress.
Cost, Budgeted	This column displays the total budgeted cost amount.
Cost, Registered	This column displays the total entered cost amount.
Purchase Committed	This column displays the total committed purchase amount.
GM 1	This column displays the gross margin, excluding time activities.
GM 1 %	This column displays the percentage of the gross margin 1.
GM 2	This column displays the gross margin, including time activities.

Column	Description
GM 2 %	This column displays the percentage of the gross margin 2.

Job Profitability Summary, by Job

The Job Profitability Summary, by Job report is the same as the Job Profitability Summary report, except that it starts on the drill-down level for jobs.

Job Profitability Budget

The Job Profitability Budget report displays the profitability of budgets by comparing budgeted amounts and actual amounts and the corresponding gross margins and percentages between them. The report considers only open jobs. Whether or not a job is closed does not depend on the statement date in the report.

- You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the customer and job.
- The **Actuals Cost Reg.** column links to the Job Profitability Transaction report.

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name for the present drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Budget, Revenue	This column displays the total budgeted billing amount.
Budget, Cost	This column displays the total budgeted cost amount.
Budget, Purchase Committed	This column displays the total committed purchase amount.
Budget, GM	This column displays the gross margin of the budget as budgeted revenue minus the cost and committed purchase amounts.
Budget, GM %	This column displays the budget gross margin percentage.
Actuals, Revenue	This column displays the total entered billing amount.
Actuals, Cost Reg.	This column displays the total entered cost amount.
Actuals, GM	This column displays the gross margin of the actual revenue amount minus the entered cost amount.
Actuals GM %	This column displays the actual gross margin percentage.

Job Profitability Budget, by Task

The Job Profitability Budget, by Task report is the same as the Job Profitability Budget report, except that it starts on the drill-down level for tasks.

Job Profitability Comparison

The Job Profitability Comparison report provides various comparisons of central job cost figures: invoiced, up/down, open, entered cost, and so on, for the current year and the previous year. The data is grouped by company currency.

- You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the Customer level and Job level.

Invoiced Tab

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Company Customer Job
Invoiced, Period	This column displays the invoiced amount in the selected period.
Invoiced, Prev. Year	This column displays the invoiced amount within the selected period last year.
Up/Down, Period	This column displays the up/down writing in the selected period.
Up/Down, Prev. Year	This column displays the up/down writing in the selected period last year.
Open Time, Period	This column displays the open number of hours in the selected period.
Open Time, Prev. Year	This column displays the open number of hours in the selected period last year.
Open Amount, Period	This column displays the open quantity in time activities in the selected period.
Open Time, Prev. Year	This column displays the open quantity in time activities in the selected period last year.
Cost Reg., Period	This column displays the entered cost in the selected period
Cost Reg., Prev. Year	This column displays the entered cost in the selected period last year.
GM, Period	This column displays the gross margin of the selected period.

Column	Description
GM, Prev. Year	This column displays the gross margin of the selected period last year.
GM %, Period	This column displays the percentage contributed by the GM to the total GM for the jobs displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level).
GM %, Prev. Year	This column displays the percentage contributed by the GM last year to the total GM in the previous year for the jobs displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level).

Budget Tab

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Invoiced	This column displays the invoiced billing price. Only invoices with an invoice date within the From Date – To Date interval are included.
Up/Down	This column displays the up/down writing for the period selected.
Open Time, Actuals	This column displays the open number of hours based on entries of the selected period.
Open Time, Budget	This column displays the open number of hours based on the budgeted figures.
Open Amount, Actuals	This column displays the open quantity for amount activities based on entries of the selected period.
Open Amount, Budget	This column displays the open quantity for amount activities based on the budget.
Cost Reg., Actuals	This column displays the cost entered within the selected period.
Cost Reg., Budget	This column displays the budgeted cost.
GM % YTD, Period	This column displays the percentage contributed by the GM year-to-date to the total GM for the jobs displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). Year-to-date is defined as above. GM is calculated as invoiced billing price minus the invoiced cost price. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval are included.

Column	Description
GM % YTD, Prev. Year	This column displays the percentage contributed by the GM year-to-date to the total GM in the previous year for the jobs displayed (or other dimension depending on the drill level). Year-to-date is defined as above. GM is calculated as invoiced billing price minus the invoiced cost price. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval one year back are included.
Budgeted GM %, Period	This column displays the percentage contributed by the Budgeted GM to the total GM for the jobs displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). The budget is the one assigned to the year prior to the year of the corresponding interval. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval are included.
Budgeted GM %, Prev. Year	This column displays the percentage contributed by the Budgeted GM to the total GM in the previous year for the jobs displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). The budget is the one assigned to the year prior to the year of the corresponding interval. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval are included.

Job Profitability Periodic

The Job Profitability Periodic report displays central profitability figures for the selected period and for a specified number of periods preceding it. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision of the periodic job budget.

There is no corresponding report in the application.

Column	Description
Budgeted Billing Price	This column displays the total billing price budgeted for each period displayed.
Registered Billing Price	This column displays the total billing price entered in each period displayed.
Reg./Budget Diff.	This column displays the difference between the total billing price budgeted and the total billing price entered for each period displayed.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the revenue recognized for each period displayed.
Rev. Rec./Budget Diff.	This column displays the difference between the revenue recognized and the billing price budgeted for each period displayed.

Job Profitability Transactions

The Job Profitability Transactions report displays the individual job entries and job invoice lines that constitute the balances displayed in the other Job Profitability reports.

Column	Description
Entry Date	This column displays the entry date of the job entry or job invoice line.
Task, Name	This column displays the task name of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Task, Description	This column displays the task description of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Activity Type	This column displays the activity type of the job entry or job invoice line, such as Time for time activities.
Employee No.	This column displays the employee number of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Employee Name	This column displays the employee name of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Registered, Quantity	This column displays the number of hours or quantity entered, depending on the activity type.
Registered, Cost	This column displays the amount entered in cost on the job entry or job invoice line.
Invoiced	This column displays the contribution to the amount invoiced.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the contribution to the amount of revenue recognized.
WIP	This column displays the contribution to the work in progress (WIP).

Customer Profitability

The Customer Profitability report displays central balances for evaluating the profitability of customers, as related to job cost entries and job invoicing in general. The report is designed to provide an overview of extremes. It ranks the top and bottom companies, customers, and so on, depending on the current drill-down level. The report displays these top and bottom ranks on two tabs. You select how many companies, customers, and so on to display.

- You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the customer and job.
- The **Invoiced** column links to the Job Invoices workspace.

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Invoiced	This column displays the total invoiced amount.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the total amount of revenue recognized.
Cost Registered	This column displays the total entered cost amount.
GM 1	This column displays the gross margin, excluding time activities.
GM 1 %	This column displays the gross margin percentage, excluding time activities.
GM 2	This column displays the gross margin, including time activities.
GM 2 %	This column displays the gross margin percentage, including time activities.
Hours, Registered	This column displays the entered number of hours.
Revenue Recognized / Hours	This column displays the average amount of revenue recognized per hour.

Customer Profitability, by Customer

The Customer Profitability, by Customer report is the same as the Customer Profitability report, except that it starts on the drill-down level for customers and the **Invoiced** column links to the Customers workspace

Customer Profitability Comparison, by Customer

The Customer Profitability report provides various comparisons of central job cost figures: to previous year, to budget, and to other customers, jobs, and so on. The data is grouped by company currency.

- You can drill up on the **No & Name** column to the company level and drill down to the job level.

Profitability Tab

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Hours, Period	This column displays the entered number of hours within the selected period.
Hours, Prev. Year	This column displays the number of hours within the selected period last year.
Rev. Recog., Period	This column displays the total amount of revenue recognized for the selected period. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date within the corresponding interval are included.
Rev Recog., Prev. Year	This column displays the revenue recognized for the selected period in the previous year. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date within the corresponding interval one year back are included.
Rev. Recog. per Hour, Period	This column displays the revenue recognized per hour for the selected period. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date within the corresponding interval are included.
Rev. Recog. per Hour, Prev. Year	This column displays the revenue recognized per hour for the selected period. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date within the corresponding interval one year back are included.
Rev. Recog. %, Period	This column displays the percentage contributed by the recognized revenue (for the selected period) to the total revenue recognized for the customers displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). The restriction is the same as for the column Rev. Recog., Period .
Rev. Recog. %, Prev. Year	This column displays the percentage contributed by the revenue recognized for the selected period (of the previous year) to the total revenue for the customers displayed (or other dimension depending on the drill level). The restriction is the same as for the column Rev. Recog., Prev. Year .
Invoicing % YTD, Period	This column displays the percentage contributed by the invoiced year-to-date amount to the total invoiced amount for the customers displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). Year-to-date is defined here as the interval from the beginning of the year to the end of the corresponding interval, with both dates inclusive. Only invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval are included.

Column	Description
Invoicing % YTD, Prev. Year	This column displays the percentage contributed by the invoiced year-to-date amount to the total invoiced amount in the previous year for the customers displayed (or other dimension depending on the drill level). Year-to-date is defined as above. Only invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval one year back are included.
GM % YTD, Period	This column displays the percentage contributed by the GM year-to-date to the total GM for the customers displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). Year-to-date is defined as above. GM is calculated as invoiced billing price minus the invoiced cost price. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval are included.
GM % YTD, Prev. Year	This column displays the percentage contributed by the GM year-to-date to the total GM in the previous year for the customers displayed (or other dimension depending on the drill level). Year-to-date is defined as above. GM is calculated as invoiced billing price minus the invoiced cost price. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval one year back are included.
Budgeted GM %, Period	This column displays the percentage contributed by the Budgeted GM to the total GM for the customers displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). The budget is the one assigned to the year prior to the year of the corresponding interval. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval are included.
Budgeted GM %, Prev. Year	This column displays the percentage contributed by the Budgeted GM to the total GM in the previous year for the customers displayed (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). The budget is the one assigned to the year prior to the year of the corresponding interval. Only entries with an entry date and invoices with an invoice date equal or before the end of the corresponding interval are included.

Invoiced Tab

Column	Description
No & Name	<p>This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Inv. on Acc., Net on Acc.	<p>This column displays the total invoiced on account for jobs on the customer (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). Only invoices on account with an invoice date equal or before the corresponding interval are included.</p>
AR Balance	<p>This column displays the total outstanding balance of customers as of a statement date being the To Date. The outstanding amount corresponds to the balance displayed in the AR Aging report.</p>
Open, Time Act	<p>This column displays the open billing price for time activities calculated according to the To Date.</p>
Open, Amount Act	<p>This column displays the open billing price for amount activities calculated according to the To Date.</p>
Invoiced, Time Act	<p>This column displays the invoiced billing price for time activities. Only invoices with an invoice date within the From Date – To Date interval are included.</p>
Invoice, Amount Act	<p>This column displays the invoiced billing price for amount activities. Only invoices with an invoiced date within the From Date – To Date interval are included.</p>
Total	<p>This column displays the total invoiced billing price (time activities plus amount activities). Only invoice with an invoice date within the From Date – To Date interval are included.</p>

Registered & Budgeted Tab

Column	Description
No & Name	<p>This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job

Column	Description
Hours, Registered	This column displays the number of hours entered for jobs related to the customer (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). Only entries with an entry date within the corresponding interval are included.
Hours, Budgeted	This column displays the budgeted number of hours for jobs related to the customer (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). The job budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision of the job budget and from the budget type defined as the planning budget. The budget is the one assigned to the year of the To Date .
Hours, Diff.	The column displays the difference between the entered hours and budgeted hours. The budget is the one assigned to the year of the To Date .
Cost, Registered	This column displays the total entered cost price on jobs related to the customer (or other dimension depending on the drill level). Only entries with an entry date within the corresponding interval are included.
Cost, Budgeted	This column displays the total budgeted cost price for jobs related to the customer (or other dimension, depending on the drill level). The budget is the one assigned to the year of the To Date .
GM	This column displays the difference between entered billing price and the entered cost price. Only entries with an entry date within the corresponding interval are included.
GM %	This column displays the GM divided by the entered billing price. Only entries with an entry date within the corresponding interval are included.

Revenue Analysis

The Revenue Analysis report displays central balances for evaluating the profitability of customers as related to job cost entries and job invoicing in general. The report is designed to provide an overview of extremes. It ranks the top and bottom companies, customers, and so on, depending on the current drill level. The report displays these top and bottom ranks on two tabs. You select how many companies, customers, and so on to display.

The report is very similar to the Customer Profitability report, but puts more emphasis on the revenue and billing data.

The report corresponds to the universe report of the same name. Budget figures are taken from the latest approved job budget revision.

- You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the customer and job.
- The **Invoiced** column links to the Job Invoices workspace.

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Budgeted, Hours	This column displays the number of budgeted hours.
Budgeted, Billing Price	This column displays the total budgeted billing price.
Registered, Hours	This column displays the number of entered hours.
Registered, Billing Price	This column displays the total entered billing price.
Invoiced	This column displays the total invoiced amount.
Open Billing Price	This column displays the total open billing price.
Billing Price Up/Down	This column displays the text that describes the rise or fall in the billing price.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the total revenue recognized.

Revenue Analysis, by Customer

The Revenue Analysis, by Customer is the same as the Revenue Analysis report, except that it starts on the drill-down level for customers.

Bill to Customer Distribution

The Bill to Customer Distribution report displays a section for each job with a corresponding table that displays central information on bill to customer distributions set up for that job. For each job, the report also displays the customer name.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

- The **Job** title links to the Jobs workspace.
- The **Customer** title links to the Customers workspace.
- The **No.** column links to the Customers workspace.

Column	Description
Payment Customer No.	This column displays the number of the payment customer.
Payment Customer Name	This column displays the name of the payment customer.
Customer Group	This column displays the customer group to which the payment customer belongs.
Appropriation	This column displays the appropriation of the payment customer distribution. The appropriation is a further subdivision of payment customers (for example, into institutions).
Blocked	This column displays Yes if the payment customer is blocked and No if the payment customer is not blocked.
Priority	This column displays the priority for payment customer distributions.
Distribution %	This column contains the following columns: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Setup % — This column displays the default percentage distribution for the approved invoice and invoice on account. ▪ Selected % — This column displays the currently selected percentage distribution for the approved invoice and invoice on account.
For Invoicing	This column contains the following columns: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Ordinary — This column displays the amount currently approved for invoicing based on job entries. ▪ On Account — This column displays the amount currently approved for invoicing on account.
Invoice Currency	This column displays the payment customer's invoice currency.

Customer Contact Information

The Customer Contact Information report provides an overview of contact information for your customers.

The **Customer No.** column links to the Customers workspace. There are no drill-down levels for this report.

Column	Description
Customer No.	This column displays the customer's identification number.
Customer Name	This column displays the customer's name.

Column	Description
Customer Group	This column displays the customer group to which the customer belongs.
Address	The Address columns display the name, postal district, and other address information of the customer.
Attention	This column displays the name that displays in the Attention line of customer correspondence.
Country	This column displays the name of the country where the customer is located.
Sales Person No	This column displays the employee number of the sales person.
Sales Person Name	This column displays the employee name of the sales person.
Our Contact	This column displays the employee name of your contact person.

Job List

The Job List report presents a table in which each row displays central information about a job. The jobs are grouped and ordered by customer number and name. Within each section, the jobs are ordered by the job number.

- The **Customer** title links to the Customer Contact Information report.
- The **Job No.** column links to the Jobs workspace.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

Column	Description
Job No.	This column displays the job's identification number.
Job Name	This column displays the job's name.
Start Date	This column displays the job's start date.
End Date	This column displays the job's expected or actual end date.
Open	This column displays Yes if the job is still open at the statement date and displays No if the job is not open at the statement date.
Project Manager No.	This column displays the employee number of the job's project manager.
Project Manager Name	This column displays the employee name of the job's project manager.
Sales Person No.	This column displays the employee number of the job's sales person.

Column	Description
Sales Person Name	This column displays the employee name of the job's sales person.
Capitalization	This column displays Billing Price if the job is capitalized at billing price and displays Cost Price if the job is capitalized at cost price.

Daily Flash

The Daily Flash report displays a daily breakdown of key numbers (hours, billing, WIP, AR, and so on). Each day of the month (1-31) is displayed in a different row, and the key numbers are in different columns. You read across a row to see numbers for particular days or scan up and down columns to compare key numbers across days.

The report consists of one tab with sections for currency and company. The columns are organized into groupings:

- Comparative Hours
- Hours
- Billing Prices
- Accounts Receivable

Column	Description
Comparative Hours Billable	This column displays billable hours for the comparable period entered in the user prompts. You are prompted to enter a comparative From Date and To Date . Billable hours within this date range are displayed.
Comparative Hours Non Billable	This column displays non-billable hours for the comparable period entered in the user prompts.
Comparative Hours Total Hours	This column displays total (billable + non-billable) hours entered for the comparable period entered in the user prompts.
Day	This column displays the day of the month (1-31).
Hours Billable	This column displays billable hours for the period entered in the user prompts. You are prompted to enter the From Date and the To Date . Billable hours within this date range are displayed.
Hours Non Billable	This column displays non-billable hours for the period entered in the user prompts.
Hours Total Hours	This column displays total (billable + non-billable) hours entered for the period entered in the user prompts.
Billing Price Reg., Time	This column displays the entered billing price for time activities.

Column	Description
Billing Price Reg., Amount	This column displays the entered billing price for amount activities.
Billing Prices Total	This column displays the total entered billing price.
Billing Price Up/Down	This column displays the up/down amount concerning the billing price.
Billing Price Invoiced	This column displays the invoiced amount.
Running Open Balance	This column displays the running open billing balance. The top row is the open billing balance for the period entered, and open billing prior to the From Date entered in the user prompts is included. Each subsequent row uses the previous day's running total and calculates a new running total by adding the Open Billing Price amount.
AR Invoice/IOA	This column displays the amount of AR Invoices and Invoices on Account for the period entered in the user prompts.
AR Credit/IOA	This column displays the amount of Credit Memos and Credit Memos on Account for the period entered in the user prompts.
AR Paid	This column displays the total amount paid (reconciled). This amount is the total of all amounts included in actual payments — it does not include exchange rate losses/gains, cash discounts, and so on.
AR Running Balance	This column displays the running Balance of AR (the total amount outstanding on customer invoices). The top row is the opening balance of AR for the period entered. Each subsequent row uses the previous day's running total and calculates a new running total by adding the Balance amount.

Main Job, Sub Job Overview

The Main Job, Sub Job Overview report provides an overview of the main job/sub job relationship for all jobs. The report displays sections for each job. There are no drill-down levels for this report.

- The **Job** title and **Sub job No.** column link to the Jobs workspace.

The **Customer** title, **Payment Customer** title, and **Payment Customer No.** column link to the Customers workspace.

Main Job Columns

Column	Description
Job No.	This column displays the identification number assigned to the main job, or the identification number assigned to the job, if this is not a main job.

Column	Description
Job Name	This column displays the name of the main job, or the name of the job, if this is not a main job.
Customer	This column displays the delivery customer's identification number.
Payment Customer	This column displays the payment customer's identification number.
Include Sub-jobs	This column displays Yes if the job is a main job that includes sub jobs in blanket invoicing, and No if the job is not a main job and/or does not include sub job in blanket invoicing.
Pricing Principle	This column displays the job's pricing principle.

Sub Job Columns (If a Sub Job Exists)

Column	Description
Job No.	This column displays the sub job's identification number.
Job Name	This column displays the sub job's name.
Customer	This column displays the delivery customer's identification number.
Payment Customer	This column displays the payment customer's identification number.
Pricing Principle	This column displays the sub job's pricing principle.
Invoice on Main Job.	This column displays Yes or No to indicate whether or not the invoice is assigned on the main job.
Allocation percentage	This column displays the allocation percentage assigned to the main job.
Blocked	This column contains four columns that display whether or not the job is blocked for the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Budgeting ▪ Time Registration ▪ Amount Registration ▪ Invoicing

Task List

The Task List report provides an overview of all tasks for your jobs. The tasks are grouped by the task list. Within each group, tasks are ordered by the task name. There are no drill-down levels for this report.

Standard Reports

- The **Specific to Job No** title links to the Jobs workspace.
- The **Derived Activity No.** column links to the Jobs Setup workspace.

Section Columns

Column	Description
Task List Name	This column displays the identification number of the job to which tasks are assigned.
Task List Description	This column displays a description of the task list.
Registration Task	This column displays the name and description of the entry task.
Mileage Task	This column displays the name and description of the mileage task.
Revenue Recognition Task	This column displays the name and description of the revenue recognition task.
Invoicing On Account Task 1	This column displays the name and description of the invoicing on account task 1.
Invoicing On Account Task 2	This column displays the name and description of the invoicing on accounting task 2.
Invoicing Plan Task	This column displays the name and description of the invoicing plan task.

Task List Columns (Table Part)

Column	Description
Task Name	This column displays the task's name.
Task Description	This column displays the task's description.
Task Group #1-#4	These columns display the name of the task groups 1-4 for the task.
Activity No.	This column displays the identification number of the activity derived from the task.
Activity Name	This column displays the name of the activity derived from the task.
Overwrite	This column displays Yes if the activity should overwrite what you entered concerning the activity, and No if the activity should not overwrite what you entered concerning the activity.
Blocked	This column displays Yes if the task is blocked and No if it is not blocked.

Event Notes

The Event Notes report displays all notes and associated note lines. Note lines are grouped by the associated note header. There are no drill-down levels for this report.

- The **Event** title links to the Events workspace.

Section Columns

Column	Description
Note No	This column displays the note's identification number.
Note Description	This column displays the note's description.
Event No	This column displays the number of the event with which the note is associated.
Event Descr.	This column displays a description of the event with which the note is associated.
Event flow type	This column displays the event flow type.

Note Line Columns (Table Part)

Column	Description
Line No.	This column displays the note line's identification number.
Note Line Header	This column displays the note line's header.
Note Line Value	This column displays the note line value, which can be one of several different types (taken from different fields of the note line), depending on the format stated on the note line.

Job Events

The Job Events report displays all events for your jobs.

Fundamental to this report is the event's identification data, such as the event number, date, status, and job dimensions. Because this combination of job dimensions can exist on multiple events, you cannot distinguish certain measures (such as entered hours) according to which event they are related to. As a result, the report does not display such measures for each event.

The report is primarily meant to display events in relation to job entry and invoicing. However, it can be used for displaying other kinds of events as well.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

- The **Event No.** column links to the Event Notes report.
- The **Job No.** column links to the Jobs workspace.

Events Grouped by the Associated Event Flow Displayed

Column	Description
Event Flow No.	This column displays the event flow's identification number.
Description	This column displays the event flow's description.
Event Flow Type	This column displays the event flow type.

Event Columns (Table Part)

Column	Description
Date	This column contains two columns, which display the Planned Starting Date and Planned Ending Date of the event.
Event No.	This column displays the event's identification number.
Event Type	This column displays the event type.
Event Description	This column displays the event's description.
Event Closed	This column displays Yes if the event is closed and No if the event is not closed.
Event Status	This column displays the event status to be assigned to the job when the event is closed (only for events assigned to a job).
Job No.	This column displays the identification number of the job for the event.
Job Name	This column displays the name of the job for the event.
Activity No	This column displays the identification number of the activity for the event.
Activity Description	This column displays a description of the activity for the event.
Task Name	This column displays the name of the task for the event.
Task Description	This column displays a description of the task for the event.

Job Events, by Customer

The Job Events, by Customer report displays all events that satisfy the selection criteria and groups them by customer.

The events for each customer must satisfy the following criteria:

- There are job entries on the customer's jobs, and the job number is the same as the job number stated on the event.

Standard Reports

- If the job entries state activity and task respectively, the events must state the same activity and task.

Events are grouped customer number and name.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

- The **Description** column links to the Event Notes report.
- The **Event No.** column links to the Job Events report.
- The **Job No.** column links to the Jobs workspace.
- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.
- The **Customer** title links to the Company Customers workspace.

Customer Columns

Column	Description
Customer	This column displays the customer's number and name
Hours Registered	This column displays the total number of hours entered on the customer's jobs.
Hours Invoiced	This column displays the total number of hours invoiced on the customer's jobs.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the total amount of revenue recognized from entries and invoices of hours entered on the customer's jobs.

Event Columns (Table Part)

Events for each customer are displayed in a table ordered by the date of the event.

Column	Description
Date.	This column contains two columns, which display the Planned Starting Date and Planned Ending Date of the event.
Event No.	This column displays the event's identification number.
Event Type	This column displays the event type.
Event Description	This column displays the event's description.
Event Closed	This column displays Yes if the event is closed and No if the event is not closed.
Event Status	This column displays the event status to be assigned to the job when the event is closed (only for events assigned to a job).
Job No.	This column displays the identification number of the job for the event.

Column	Description
Job Name	This column displays the job's name.
Activity No	This column displays the identification number of the activity for the event.
Activity Description	This column displays a description of the activity for the event.
Task Name	This column displays the name of the task for the event.
Task Description	This column displays a description of the task for the event.

Job Events, by Employee

The Job Events, by Employee report displays all events that satisfy the selection criteria and groups them by employee.

The events for each employee must satisfy the following criteria:

- There are job entries on the employee, and the job number is the same as the job number stated on the event.
- If the job entries state activity and task respectively, the events must state the same activity and task.

Events are grouped by employee number and name.

- The **Description** column links to the Event Notes report.
- The **Event No.** column links to the Job Events report.
- The **Job No.** column links to the Jobs workspace.
- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.
- The **Employee** title links to the Employees workspace.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

Employee Columns

Column	Description
Employee	This column displays the employee's number and name.
Hours Registered	This column displays the total number of hours entered on the employee's jobs.
Hours Invoiced	This column displays the total number of hours invoiced on the employee's jobs.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the total amount revenue recognized from entries and invoices of hours entered on the employee's jobs.

Event Columns (Table Part)

Events for each employee are displayed in a table ordered by the date of the event.

Column	Description
Date	This column contains two columns, which display the Planned Starting Date and Planned Ending Date of the event.
Event No.	This column displays the event's identification number.
Event Type	This column displays the event type.
Event Description	This column displays the event's description.
Event Closed	This column displays Yes if the event is closed and No if the event is not closed.
Event Status	This column displays the event status to be assigned to the job when the event is closed (only for events assigned to a job).
Job No.	This column displays the identification number of the job for the event.
Job Name	This column displays the name of the job for the event.
Activity No	This column displays the identification number of the activity for the event.
Activity Description	This column displays a description of the activity for the event.
Task Name	This column displays the name of the task for the event.
Task Description	This column displays a description of the task for the event.

Job Events, by Job

The Job Events, by Job report displays all events that satisfy the selection criteria and groups them by job.

The events for each job must satisfy the following criteria:

- There are job entries on the job, and the job number is the same as the job number stated on the event.
- If the job entries state activity and task respectively, the events must state the same activity and task.

Events are grouped by job number and name.

- The **Description** column links to the Event Notes report.
- The **Event No.** column links to the Job Events report.
- The **Job No.** column links to the Jobs workspace.

- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.
- The **Customer** title links to the Company Customers workspace.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

Job Columns

Column	Description
Employee	This column displays the job's number and name.
Customer	This column displays the customer's number and name.
Hours Registered	This column displays the total number of hours entered on jobs of the job.
Hours Invoiced	This column displays the total number of hours invoiced on jobs of the job.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the total amount of revenue recognized from entries and invoices of hours entered on jobs of the job.

Event Columns (Table Part)

Events for each job are displayed in a table ordered by the date of the event.

Column	Description
Date	This column contains two columns, which display the Planned Starting Date and Planned Ending Date of the event.
Event No.	This column displays the event's number.
Event Type	This column displays the event type.
Event Description	This column displays the event's description.
Event Closed	This column displays Yes if the event is closed and No if the event is not closed.
Event Status	This column displays the event status to be assigned to the job when the event is closed (only for events assigned to a job).
Job No.	This column displays the identification number of the job for the event.
Job Name	This column displays the name of the job for the event.
Activity No	This column displays the identification number of the activity for the event.

Column	Description
Activity Description	This column displays a description of the activity for the event.
Task Name	This column displays the name of the task for the event.
Task Description	This column displays a description of the task for the event.

Invoiced Registrations

The Invoiced Registrations report displays the current invoicing state of job entries.

Job entries are grouped by customer, job, activity type, entry text, and employee. Corresponding subtotals are provided.

There are no drill-down levels or links for this report.

Section Columns

Column	Description
Customer	This column displays the customer's number and name.
Job	This column displays the job's number and name.
Activity Type	This column displays the activity type (Time, Amount, or Summary) of the job entry.
Entry Text	This column displays the entry text of the job entry.

Selection Criteria

Column	Description
Employee	This column displays the employee's number and name.
Type	This column displays the activity type (Time , Amount , or Summary) of the job entry.
Entry Date	This column displays the entry date of the job entry.
Remark	This column displays the remark of the job entry.
Hours Reg.	This column displays the entered quantity of hours.
Billing Price Reg., Enterprise	This column displays the entered billing price, in the currency of the enterprise.
Billing Price Inv., Enterprise	This column displays the invoiced billing price, in the currency of the enterprise.

Column	Description
Open Billing Price, Enterprise	This column displays the open billing price, which is the cost price entered on invoiceable activities (those that are not yet invoiced). The open cost price displays in the currency of the enterprise.
Billing Price Up/Down, Enterprise	This object displays the up/down writing of the billing price invoiced, in the currency of the enterprise.

Invoicing Worksheet

The Invoicing Worksheet report displays various balance figures related to invoicing for each customer and the jobs associated to that customer. In addition, it displays a breakdown of the hours entered into tasks, with summation sections for the tasks and employees involved. It also displays a monthly distribution of the entered billing prices compared to the invoiced; thereby giving a realization divided by month.

The report is often printed so that auditors or other authorities can make their manual comments. Therefore, a dedicated column is reserved for that in the report.

All figures are displayed in company currency.

The report groups the figures by company currency.

There is no drilling in the report.

Summary Tab

The first tab displays invoicing and budgeted figures by customers and the job that is associated with the customer. If there are several jobs for the same customer, the customer is repeated for each of these jobs.

Column	Description
Customer, No.	This column displays the customer's number.
Customer, Name	This column displays the customer's name.
Job, No.	This column displays the job's number.
Job, Name	This column displays the job's name
Budgeted Billing Price	This column displays the job's budgeted billing price. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Prev. Invoiced	This column displays the total amount already invoiced as according to the beginning of the date interval provided. That is, it includes only invoices with an invoice date before the From Date .
Open, Hours	This column displays the open quantity on time activities for entries with a date within the given date interval, and invoices with an invoice date within that same interval. That is, the open quantity is as of the To Date of the interval but omitting entries that are older than the From Date .

Column	Description
Open, Time	This column displays the open billing price for time activities. The restriction is the same as for the Open, Hours column.
Open, Amount	This column displays the open billing price for amount activities. The restriction and calculation is similar to those for the Open Time Act. , except that this is for amount activities.
Open, Total	This column displays the open billing price as a product of the Unit Price and the Open, Hours . This figure corresponds to the open billing price for time activities.
On Account, Net	This column displays the Net On Account . Only invoice and reconciliations with an invoiced date within the date selected interval are included.
Last 30 Days, WIP	This column displays the WIP balance for the last 30 days for invoices on the job.
Last Invoiced	This column displays the latest invoice date for invoices on the job. However, invoices with an invoice date after or before the date interval provided, are not considered.

Details Tab

The second tab has a large header that displays the summarized invoicing and budget figures for each customer and the job for that customer.

Customer Job Header

Column	Description
Customer, No.	This column displays the customer's number.
Customer, Name	This column displays the customer's name.
Job, No.	This column displays the job's number.
Job, Name	This column displays the job's name.
Budgeted Billing Price (customer)	This column displays the job's budgeted billing price. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Prev. Invoiced (customer)	This column displays the total amount already invoiced according to the beginning of the provided date interval. That is, it includes only invoices with an invoice date before the From Date .
Open Billing Price (customer)	This column displays the open quantity on time activities for entries with a date within the given date interval, and invoices with an invoice date within that same interval. That is, the open quantity is as of the To Date of the interval but omitting entries older than the From Date .

Column	Description
Net On Account	This column displays the Net On Account for jobs for that customer. Only invoices and reconciliations with an invoiced date within the date selected interval are included. The figures should match the On Account, Net. figure for that job on the Summary tab.
A/R Balance	This column displays the A/R balance similar to the balance stated in the AR Aging report. The figure should include only customer entries on the customer and job stated in this header. In addition, the balance should be calculated using the end of the date interval as the statement date and omitting entries that are older than the beginning of the date interval. That is, only entries and reconciliations within the specified date interval are included.

Approved Time

This part displays approved open quantity on time activities entered for each employee. The table is organized by date and employee and grouped by task name and description. As a result, there is a table for each task entered for the job in the header.

Column	Description
Date	This column displays the Entry Date or Finance Entry Date of the entries, depending on which date type you choose.
Employee, No.	This column displays the number of the employee who made the entries.
Employee, Name	This column displays the name of the employee who made the entries.
Remark	This column displays the remark (if any) that the employee made when entering.
Open, Hours	This column displays the open quantity on time activities coming from entries of the employee.
Open, Unit Price	This column displays the hourly price used for calculating the billing price on the job entry. If entries have different hourly prices, a line with each price is displayed along with the associated quantity and total.
Open, Total	This column displays the open billing price as a product of the Unit Price and the Open, Hours . This figure corresponds to the open billing price for time activities.
Notes	This column is left blank. It is a placeholder in case auditors want to write notes on printed versions of the report.

Unsubmitted Time

This part displays the time entered, but not yet submitted, for each employee. The figures and structure are the same as for the **Approved Time**. Figures coming from submitted but unapproved entries are not captured. This is intentional, because the amount of such entries is considered very small.

Approved Amounts

This part displays the approved open amounts entered for each employee. That is, the amounts have been entered and approved, but not yet invoiced. The table is organized like the **Approved Time** part.

Column	Description
Date	This column displays the Entry Date or Finance Entry Date of the entries, depending on which date type you choose.
Employee, No.	This column displays the number of the employee who made the entries; if any.
Employee, Name	This column displays the name of the employee who made the entries; if any.
Remark	This column displays the remark (if any) that the employee made when entering.
Open, Qnt.	This column displays the open quantity on amount activities possibly coming from entries of the employee. The open quantity is calculated as the entered quantity minus the invoiced quantity.
Unit Price	This column displays the unit price of the amount entries. If entries have different hourly prices, a line with each price is displayed along with the associated quantity and total.
Open, Total	This column displays the open billing price as a product of the Unit Price and the Open, Qnt. This figure corresponds to the open billing price for amount activities.
Notes	This column is left blank. It is a placeholder if auditors want to write notes on printed versions of the report.

Summary by Employee

This part displays the open quantity on time activities, summarized by employee. The table is organized like the **Approved Time** part. Only figures that are approved are included.

Summary by Task

This part displays the open quantity on time and amount activities, summarized by task. In addition, it displays the budgeted hours and budgeted billing price. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision of the planning budget. The table is organized like the **Approved Time** part.

Monthly Distribution

This part displays the entered and invoiced billing prices split into time and amount activities, for each calendar month of the date range considered.

Column	Description
Reg. Time Act.	This column displays the entered billing price for entries on time activities. The figures are distributed over the individual calendar months according to the Entry Date or Finance Entry Date , depending on what you chose.

Column	Description
Reg. Amount Act.	This column displays the entered billing price for entries on amount activities. The figures are likewise distributed.
Inv. Time Act.	This column displays the invoiced billing price for entries on time activities. The figures are likewise distributed.
Inv. Amount Act.	This column displays the number of hours entered and approved but not yet invoiced.

Job Budget to Actuals YTD

The Job Budget to Actuals YTD report displays job figures for time and amount activities. Drill-down options are available for **Company**, **Customer**, and **Job Levels**, with **Job Level** being the lowest.

The report compares actual **Job Cost** to the **Job Budget** for the current year and previous year—that is, given a statement date, it displays the year-to-date interval for the actual numbers.

The measures are divided into two categories:

- Budget
 - Budgeted Hours
 - Budgeted Billing Price
 - Budgeted Quantity
 - Budgeted Cost
- Actuals
 - Registered Hours
 - Registered Billing Price
 - Actual Units
 - Actual Cost

The report only includes entries up to the **Statement Date**. The **Date Type** prompt restricts the entries using either the **Entry Date** or the **Finance Entry Date**.

The report contains two tabs. The first tab displays budgeted figures and entered figures of time activities for the current year and the previous year.

Column	Description
No. & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Budgeted Billing Price	These columns display the budgeted billing price for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Budgeted Hours	These columns display the budgeted hours for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Registered Billing Price	These columns display the actual entered billing price for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Registered Hours	These columns display the actual number of hours entered for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Current Year Variance	These columns display the difference between the budgeted and entered numbers (hours and billing price) for the current year.

The second tab displays budgeted and entered figures for amount activities for the current year and the previous year.

Column	Description
No. & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Budgeted Quantity	These columns display the budgeted units for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Budgeted Cost	These columns display the budgeted cost for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Registered Quantity	These columns display the actual number of entered quantities for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Registered Cost	These columns display the actual entered cost for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Current Year Variance	These columns display the difference between the budgeted and entered numbers (quantity and cost) for the current year.

Each figure is split into current year and previous year. The **Current Year** means actuals from the beginning of the current year up to the specified statement date.

The **Previous Year** means actuals from the beginning of the previous year up to the statement date a year back. Budget figures are all budgets that have a job with **JobYear** belonging to either the current or previous year. The budget numbers are collected from the latest approved revision using the **Job Budget Type** that you chose.

Job Budget to Actuals YTD, by Task

The Job Budget to Actuals YTD, by Task report displays job figures for time and amount activities. Unlike Job Budget to Actuals YTD, this report is not drillable, and data is only displayed on the Task Level.

The report compares actual **Job Cost** to the **Job Budget** for the current year and previous year—that is, given a statement date, it displays the year-to-date interval for the actual numbers.

The measures are divided into two categories:

- Budget
 - Budgeted Hours
 - Budgeted Billing Price
 - Budgeted Quantity
 - Budgeted Cost
- Actuals
 - Registered Hours
 - Registered Billing Price
 - Actual Units
 - Actual Cost

The report only includes entries up to the **Statement Date**. The **Date Type** prompt restricts the entries using either the **Entry Date** or the **Finance Entry Date**.

The report displays two tabs. Each tab displays budgeted figures and entered, for the current year and the previous year. The report is grouped by **Company Currency**, **Company**, **Employee Category**, and **Employee**.

The first tab displays budgeted figures and entered figures of time activities for the current year and the previous year.

Column	Description
No. & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Budgeted Billing Price	These columns display the budgeted billing price for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Budgeted Hours	These columns display the budgeted hours for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Registered Billing Price	These columns display the actual entered billing price for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Registered Hours	These columns display the actual number of hours entered for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Current Year Variance	These columns display the difference between the budgeted and entered numbers (hours and billing price) for the current year.

The second tab displays budgeted and entered figures for amount activities for the current year and the previous year.

Column	Description
No. & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Budgeted Quantity	These columns display the budgeted units for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Budgeted Cost	These columns display the budgeted cost for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Registered Quantity	These columns display the actual number of entered quantities for the current year and the previous year, respectively.
Registered Cost	These columns display the actual entered cost for the current year and the previous year, respectively.

Column	Description
Current Year Variance	These columns display the difference between the budgeted and entered numbers (quantity and cost) for the current year.

Each figure is split into current year and previous year. The **Current Year** means actuals from the beginning of the current year up to the specified statement date.

The **Previous Year** means actuals from the beginning of the previous year up to the statement date a year back. Budget figures are all budgets that have a job with **JobYear** belonging to either the current or previous year. The budget numbers are collected from the latest approved revision using the **Job Budget Type** that you chose.

Job Status, by Task & Employee

The Job Status, by Task & Employee report provides a status report on a company's budget as detailed as on the task and employee level. This must be combined in one report because the task and employee levels are two perspectives on the same data that project managers and team members require.

The report displays the budgeted figures, entered actuals, and the variance between these two figures. In addition, it displays the invoiced figures and the open billing price.

Figures are displayed in job currency, company currency, or enterprise currency.

The report groups the figures by selected currency and then by job.

Only entries, budget figures, and invoices on time activities are included.

There is no drilling in the report.

Job Status, by Task Tab

The first tab displays budgeted and entered figures on the task level.

Column	Description
Task, Name	This column displays the task name of the entered figures.
Task, Desc.	This column displays the task description.
Budgeted, Hours	This column displays the budgeted number of hours for the task. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Budgeted, Billing Price	This column displays the total budgeted billing price for the task. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Registered, Hours	This column displays the number of hours entered for the task.
Registered, Billing Price	This column displays the billing price entered for the task.
Variance, Hours	This column displays the difference between the budgeted and entered number of hours.

Column	Description
Variance, Billing Price	This column displays the difference between the budgeted and entered total billing price for the task.
Invoiced, Billing Price	This column displays the total amount already invoiced.
Invoiced, Up/Down	This column displays the total up/down writing on the invoices.
Open, Billing Price	This column displays the open billing price.

Job Status, by Employee Tab

The second tab displays budgeted and entered figures on the employee level.

Column	Description
Employee, Number	This column displays the employee number on the entries.
Employee, Name	This column displays the employee's name.
Budgeted, Hours	This column displays the budgeted number of hours for the task. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Budgeted, Billing Price	This column displays the total budgeted billing price for the task. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Registered, Hours	This column displays the number of hours entered for the task.
Registered, Billing Price	This column displays the billing price entered for the task.
Variance, Hours	This column displays the difference between the budgeted and entered number of hours.
Variance, Billing Price	This column displays the difference between the budgeted and entered total billing price for the task.
Invoiced, Billing Price	This column displays the total amount already invoiced.
Invoiced, Up/Down	This column displays the total up/down writing on the invoices.
Open, Billing Price	This column displays the open billing price.

Job Status, by Task & Employee Category

The Job Status, by Task & Employee Category report provides a status report on companies' budgets as detailed as on the task and employee category level. This must be combined in one report because the

task and employee category levels are two perspectives on the same data that project managers and team members require.

The report displays the budgeted figures, actuals entered, and the variance between these two figures. It also displays the invoiced figures and the open billing price.

Figures are displayed in job currency, company currency, or enterprise currency.

The report groups the figures by selected currency and then by job.

Only entries, budget figures, and invoices on time activities are included.

There is no drilling in the report.

Job Status, by Task Tab

The first tab displays budgeted and entered figures on the task level.

Column	Description
Task, Name	This column displays the task name of the entered figures.
Task, Desc.	This column displays the task description.
Budgeted, Hours	This column displays the budgeted number of hours for the task. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Budgeted, Billing Price	This column displays the total budgeted billing price for the task. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Registered, Hours	This column displays the number of hours entered for the task.
Registered, Billing Price	This column displays the billing price entered for the task.
Variance, Hours	This column displays the difference between the budgeted and entered number of hours.
Variance, Billing Price	This column displays the difference between the budgeted and entered total billing price for the task.
Invoiced, Billing Price	This column displays the total amount already invoiced.
Invoiced, Up/Down	This column displays the total up/down writing on the invoices.
Open, Billing Price	This column displays the open billing price.

Job Status, by Employee Category Tab

The second tab displays budgeted and entered figures on the employee category level.

Column	Description
Employee Category, Number	This column displays the employee category number on the entries.
Employee Category, Name	This column displays the employee category name.
Budgeted, Hours	This column displays the budgeted number of hours for the task. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Budgeted, Billing Price	This column displays the total budgeted billing price for the task. The budget figures are taken from the latest approved revision.
Registered, Hours	This column displays the number of hours entered for the task.
Registered, Billing Price	This column displays the billing price entered for the task.
Variance, Hours	This column displays the difference between the budgeted and entered number of hours.
Variance, Billing Price	This column displays the difference between the budgeted and entered total billing price for the task.
Invoiced, Billing Price	This column displays the total amount already invoiced.
Invoiced, Up/Down	This column displays the total up/down writing on the invoices.
Open, Billing Price	This column displays the open billing price.

Customer Reports

The following standard Customer reports are available:

- AR Aging
- AR Aging, by Dimension
- AR Aging Details, by Dimension
- AR Aging Summary, by Dimension
- AR Rollforward
- AR Transactions
- Customer Invoice Status
- Customer Invoices
- Customer Statement
- Customer Tax Returns
- Cash Receipts

AR Aging

The AR Aging report displays outstanding balances for customers, broken out in 30-day intervals, based on entry dates or due dates.

Outstanding balances represent invoiced amounts minus payments received from customers. The relationship between invoices and payments is based on reconciling customer entries that represent invoices and the customer payments.

Both the entry reconciliation date (which can be in the future) and the reconciliation date (which is the actual date of the reconciliation) must be prior to the statement date for the reconciliation to be included in the report. In addition, only entries and reconciliations that are open as of the statement date are included in the report.

You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the company, customer, job, or transaction level. The **Total Balance** column links to the AR Transactions report. You can run the report to display blocked entries along with an explanation of why the entries are blocked. You can also control whether to sort by period (30-day intervals) and classify entries as due, based on the entry date or due date.

The report corresponds to the Print dialog box and universe report of the same name. However, the corresponding Analyzer report does not dynamically calculate reconciliations based on the statement date, nor does it report values for invoicing on account.

Column	Description
No & Name	<p>This column displays the number and name for the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job ▪ Transaction

Column	Description
Balance, Total	This column displays the total amount outstanding on customer invoices, including entries that are not yet due, based on the statement date.
Balance, Due	This column displays the total amount due, based on the statement date. Entries with a due date (or entry date) equal to the statement date are considered due.
Balance, Not Due	This column states the total amount not yet due, based on the statement date.
0-30 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is up to 30 days old.
31-60 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is between 31 and 60 days old.
61-90 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is between 61 and 90 days old.
91+ days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is more than 90 days old.
DSO	This column displays the days of sales outstanding. This is calculated as the sum of individual outstanding balances of entries multiplied by the number of days they are due. The resulting value is then divided by the total outstanding balance.

AR Aging, by Dimension

The AR Aging, by Dimension report displays AR Aging balance amounts and measures for each customer and project manager, broken out in 30-day intervals, based on either entry dates or due dates. The report is grouped into one or two standard dimensions, which you select.

Outstanding balances represent invoiced amounts minus payments received from customers. The relationship between invoices and payments is based on reconciling customer entries that represent invoices and the customer payments.

Both the entry reconciliation date (which can be in the future) and the reconciliation date (which is the actual date of the reconciliation) must be prior to the statement date for the reconciliation to be included in the report. In addition, only entries and reconciliations that are open as of the statement date are included in the report.

The **Total Balance** column links to the AR Transactions report. You can also classify entries as due based on the entry date or due date.

Column	Description
Customer No & Customer Name	This column displays the customer's number and name.

Column	Description
Project Manager No & Name	This column displays the project manager's number and name, if there is an associated project manager.
Balance, Total	This column displays the customer's outstanding balance, based on the statement date. Entries with a due date or entry date equal to the statement date are considered due.
0-30 days	This column displays the outstanding balance of entries that have an entry date or due date up to 30 days old according to the statement date given.
31-60 days	This column displays the outstanding balance of entries that have an entry date or due date that is between 31 and 60 days old according to the statement date given.
61-90 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is between 61 and 90 days old.
91+ days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is more than 90 days old.
Last Payment	This column displays the date of the latest payment entered for the customer.

AR Aging Details, by Dimension

The AR Aging Details, by Dimension report displays outstanding balances and aged measures for each customer and job, broken out in 30-day intervals, based on entry dates or due dates.

Outstanding balances represent invoiced amounts minus payments received from customers. The relationship between invoices and payments is based on reconciling customer entries that represent invoices and the customer payments.

Both the entry reconciliation date (which can be in the future) and the reconciliation date (which is the actual date of the reconciliation) must be prior to the statement date for the reconciliation to be included in the report. In addition, only entries and reconciliations that are open as of statement date are included in the report.

The **Total Balance** column links to the AR Transactions report. You can also classify entries as due based on the entry date or due date.

Column	Description
Customer No	This column displays the customer's number.
Customer Name	This column displays the customer's name.
Job No	This column displays the number of the job, if any.
Job Name	This column displays the name of the job, if any.

Column	Description
Balance	This column displays the outstanding balance of the customers grouped by the selected dimension. This balance corresponds to the balance column displayed in the standard AR Aging report.
0-30 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is up to 30 days old.
31-60 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is between 31 and 60 days old.
61-90 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is between 61 and 90 days old.
91+ days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is more than 90 days old.
Last Payment	This column displays the date of the latest payment entered for the customer.

AR Aging Summary, by Dimension

The AR Aging Summary, by Dimension report displays outstanding balances and aged measures for each value in a selected dimension. You can select a dimension by which to group figures.

Outstanding balances represent invoiced amounts minus payments received from customers. The relationship between invoices and payments is based on reconciling customer entries that represent invoices and the customer payments.

Both the entry reconciliation date (which can be in the future) and the reconciliation date (which is the actual date of the reconciliation) must be prior to the statement date for the reconciliation to be included in the report. In addition, only entries and reconciliations that are open as of statement date are included in the report.

The **Total Balance** column links to the AR Transactions report. You can also classify entries as due based on the entry date or due date.

Column	Description
Dimension No	This column displays the number of the selected dimension, such as the name of the Project Manager.
Dimension Name	This column displays the name of the selected dimension, such as the name of the Project Manager.
Balance	This column displays the outstanding balance of the customer, grouped by the selected dimension. This balance corresponds to the balance column displayed in the standard AR Aging report.
0-30 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is up to 30 days old.
31-60 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is between 31 and 60 days old.

Column	Description
61-90 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is between 61 and 90 days old.
91+ days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is more than 90 days old.
Last Payment	This column displays the date of the latest payment entered for the customer.

AR Rollforward

The AR Rollforward report states what has been paid by customers in the selected period. This report displays payments and invoices, with opening and closing balances for the specified period. It is like a balance sheet of customer payments.

- Click the **Balance Opening** field to display the AR Aging report.

The report has standard drilling on the standard hierarchy from the AR universe.

Column	Description
Customer No.	This column displays the number of the customer who paid the amounts.
Customer Name	This column displays the name of the customer who paid the amounts.
Customer	This column displays the number and name of the customer who paid the amounts.
Company, No.	This column displays the number of the company that paid the amounts.
Company, Name	This column displays the name of the company that paid the amounts.
Company	This column displays the number-name of the company that paid the amounts.
Job, No.	This column displays the job number for which the customer paid the amounts.
Job, Name	This column displays the job name for which the customer paid the amounts.
Job	This column displays the job number-name for which the customer paid the amounts.
Balance Opening	This column displays the total amount outstanding on invoices, including entries that are not yet due, based on the From Date .

Column	Description
Invoiced	This column displays the amount invoiced to the customer. The data is displayed in one of the currencies (company, customer, or enterprise), according to the answer given in response to the prompt.
Paid	This column displays the amount paid by the customer. The data is displayed in one of the currencies (company, customer, or enterprise) according to the answer given in response to the prompt.
Balance Closing	This column displays the total amount outstanding on invoices, including entries that are not yet due, based on the From Date plus Invoiced amount for From Date, To Date timeframe, minus Paid amount for the same period.

AR Transactions

The AR Transactions report displays the individual customer entries for customer invoices, along with customer payments received. Customer reconciliations are included in the report's calculations.

- The **Customer** title links to the Customers workspace.
- The **Transaction No.** column links to the Customer Entries workspace.

There are no corresponding reports in the application. There is corresponding functionality in the Analyzer, except that the Analyzer report does not consider the statement date in its calculations.

Column	Description
Entry Date	This column displays the entry date of the customer entry.
Due Date	This column displays the due date of the customer entry.
Transaction No.	This column displays the transaction number of the customer entry.
Transaction Type	This column displays the transaction type of the customer entry.
Entry Text	This column displays the entry text of the customer entry.
Current	This column displays the total current balance of the entry, based on the statement date. It includes entries that are not yet due.
Due	This column displays the balance that is due, based on the statement date.
Not Due	This column displays the balance that is not yet due, based on the statement date.
Days Due	This column displays the number of days that the amount on the entry has been due, based on the statement date.
Original, Currency	This column displays the original currency of the customer entry.

Column	Description
Original, Amount	This column displays the original amount of the customer entry, in the original currency.

Customer Invoice Status

The Customer invoice Status report displays invoiced and paid amounts, along with status and performance indicators related to customer handling, for example, payment time duration, number of invoices sent, and days of sales outstanding. On transaction levels, the report provides an overview of the outstanding invoices and transactional entries.

The **Invoice** column links to the Customer Invoices report and the **Balance by Statement Date** column links to the Customer Statement report.

Column	Description
Company	This column displays the name and number of the company. It displays on the first drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Customer ▪ Job
Customer	This column displays the customer's name and the number. It is displayed on the second drill-down level.
Job	This column displays the job's name and the number. It is displayed on the third drill-down level.
DSO	This column displays the average days of sale outstanding.
Invoiced	This column displays the total invoiced amount. This amount is the total of all amounts included in actual invoicing—it does not include exchange rate losses or gains, cash discounts, and so on. Credit memos are included with negative amounts.
Paid	This column displays the total amount paid (reconciled). This amount is the total of all amounts included in actual payments—it does not include exchange rate losses or gains, cash discounts, and so on.
Variance	This column displays the difference between invoiced amounts and paid amounts.
Balance by Statement Date	This column displays the balance due by statement date for the current customer.
Avg. Time until Paid	This column displays the average time it has taken the customer to fully pay outstanding invoices.

Customer Invoices

The Customer Invoices report displays amount and status information for individual invoices.

This report is a sub report of the Customer Invoice Status report. You can link to this report by clicking the **Invoiced** column on the Customer Invoice Status report.

- The **Balance** column links to the Customer Statement report.
- The **Customer** title links to the Customers workspace.
- The **Invoiced Amount** column links to the Job Invoices workspace.

The top filter should contain only the selected invoice and should be compacted. The focus pane is **Home/Overview**.

Column	Description
Invoice	This column displays the entry invoice's number and name.
Customer No.	This column displays the customer's identification number.
Customer Name	This column displays the customer's name.
Invoice Date	This column displays the date of the invoice.
Due Date	This column displays the due date of the entry.
Amount	This column displays the invoiced amount.
On Account	This column displays Yes if the invoice is on account and No if the invoice is not on account.
Balance	This column displays the amount invoiced minus the amount paid.
Paid	This column displays Yes if the invoice is fully paid and No if the invoice is not fully paid.
Time until Paid	This column displays the number of days from the date the invoice was issued until the date on which it was fully paid.
Blocking Type	This column displays the blocking type.
Blocking Reason	This column displays the reason for blocking.

Customer Statement

The Customer Statement report displays entry information, amounts, and the status of each customer entry that matches the specified restrictions.

This report is a subreport of the Customer Invoice Status and Customer Invoices reports. To link to this report, click **Balance by Statement Date** on the Customer Invoice Status report or click **Balance** on the Customer Invoices report.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

- The **Company** title links to the Companies workspace.
- The **Customer** title links to the Customers workspace.
- The **Transaction No.** column links to the Customer Entries workspace.
- The **Journal No.** column links to the Posted Journals workspace.

Column	Description
Entry Date	This column displays the creation date of the entry.
Due Date	This column displays the due date of the entry.

Column	Description
Orig. Due Date	This column displays the original due date of the entry
Closing Date	This column displays the date on which the entry is considered fully reconciled (closed).
Closed	This column displays Yes if the entry is closed and No if the entry is still open.
Transaction No.	This column displays the entry's transaction number.
Transaction Type	This column displays the entry's transaction type
Transaction Description	This column displays the transaction's description.
Debit	This column displays the entry's debit amount.
Credit	This column displays the entry's credit amount.
Journal No.	This column displays the entry's journal number.
Blocking Type	This column displays the blocking type.
Blocking Reason	This column displays the reason for blocking.

Customer Tax Returns

A Customer Tax Return is a special kind of task that CPA companies do for their customers. In Maconomy it is not defined as a task on a task list. Instead, a collection of Customer Tax Returns is defined and associated with a job. Customer Tax Returns have various status fields and dates that are important in the follow-up and planning of such work.

To support the Customer Tax Return functionality in Maconomy, BPM provides reports that list the status of customer tax returns. In addition, the Job Information universe is enhanced with objects for this kind of reporting. This functionality is part of BPM Reporting but not BPM Analysis.

Reports

Two new reports are introduced in BPM Reporting:

- **Customer Tax Return** — This report lists the customer tax returns for each job and displays the overall information that provides an overview of the status of the customer tax returns.
- **Customer Tax Return Details** — This report is a sub-report of the Customer Tax Return report and displays, for each Customer Tax Return, additional detailed information. There is a link from the Customer Tax Return report to the Customer Tax Return Details report.

Customer Tax Returns Report

This report consists of the following tabs:

- **By Customer** — Lists customer tax returns by customer.

Standard Reports

- **By Type** — Lists customer tax returns by tax return type.
- **By Approver** — Lists customer tax returns by actual approver.
- **By Receiver** — Lists customer tax returns by actual receiver.

In each of the tabs shows the same table. This table shows data grouped by different dimensions as described previously.

All tables are sorted first by Due Dates, Current.

Above each table the job number, name, and year are stated.

The data in the tables is as follows.

Item	Description
Line No.	This column displays the line number of the customer tax return.
Tax Return, Name	This column displays the name of the customer tax return.
Tax Return Description	This column displays the description of the customer tax return.
Due Dates, Current	This column displays the current due date of the customer tax return. In Maconomy this is the original due date if no extension is requested. If an extension is requested, it is the extension due date.
Due Dates, Original	This column displays the original due date of the customer tax return.
Due Dates, Extension	This column displays the extension due date of the customer tax return.
Reference Dates, Received	This column displays the date the customer tax return was received.
Reference Dates, Committed	This column displays the date the customer tax return was committed for work.
Reference Dates, Extension Filed	This column displays the date any possible extension request was filed.
Reference Dates, Completed	This column displays the date the customer tax return work was completed.

This report defines a traffic light that is displayed to the left of each Customer Tax Return Name. The traffic light has the following values.

Color	Description
Green	If the number of days from Statement Date to Due Dates, Current is greater than 60.

Color	Description
	All Customer Tax Returns that are completed (despite the statement date) are marked as green.
Yellow	If the number of days from Statement Date to Due Dates, Current is less than 60 days and greater than 15.
Red	If the number of days from Statement Date to Due Dates, Current is less than or equal to 15.

Customer Tax Return Details Report

The main report Customer Tax Returns links to the sub-report, Customer Tax Return Details.

This report consists of the following tabs:

- **By Customer** — Lists customer tax returns by customer.
- **By Type** — Lists customer tax returns by tax return type.
- **By Approver** — Lists customer tax returns by actual approver.
- **By Receiver** — Lists customer tax returns by actual receiver.

Each of the tabs shows the same table with data that is grouped by different dimensions as described previously.

All tables are ordered by Due Dates, Current.

Above each table the job number, name, and year are stated.

The data in the tables is as follows

Item	Description
No Line	This column displays the line number of the customer tax return.
Tax Return, Name	This column displays the name of the customer tax return.
Tax Return Description	This column displays the description of the customer tax return.
Details, Status	This column displays the status of the customer tax return.
Details, Disposition	This column displays the disposition of the customer tax return.
Details, Filing Status	This column displays the filing status of the customer tax return.
Details, E-filing Date	This column displays the date when an electronic filing was performed.
Details, Processing Code	This column displays the processing code of the customer tax return

Item	Description
Details, Eng. Letter Rec	This column displays the engagement letter record.
Details, Customer Status	This column displays the customer status of the customer tax return.

Cash Receipts

The Cash Receipts report lists the amounts that customers have paid. Despite its name, this report includes all kinds of payments, not just cash. (It is by tradition that such a report is called a cash receipts report.) This report displays payments received divided into various periods and ties payments to their corresponding invoices.

The report consists of two tabs:

- The **Cash Receipts by Period** tab displays amounts that customers have paid, grouped by time (yesterday, current week, previous week, current month, and so on). This tab also displays the total amount received for the customer.
- The **Cash Receipts by Invoice** tab displays the amounts that have been paid on invoices and compares the amounts to the original invoice amounts and individual job amounts.

Data in both tabs is grouped by currency and then by account manager.

All figures are displayed in the currency of the company, customer, or enterprise, depending on what you select.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

Cash Receipts by Period Tab

Column	Description
Customer No.	This column displays the number of the customer that paid the amounts.
Customer Name	This column displays the name of the customer that paid the amounts.
Yesterday	This column displays the amount paid on the day before the end date of the date interval. Only figures with an Entry Date within the date interval are included.
Week to Date	This column displays the amount paid within the current week, up to and including the end date of the date interval. Only figures with an Entry Date within the date interval are included.
Prev. Week	This column displays the amount paid within the week prior to the week of the end date of the date interval. Only figures with an Entry Date within the date interval are included.
Month to Date	This column displays the amount paid within the current month, up to and including the end date of the date interval. Only figures with an Entry Date within the date interval are included.

Column	Description
Prev. Month	This column displays the amount paid within the previous month according to the end date of the date interval. Only figures with an Entry Date within the date interval are included.
YTD	This column displays the amount paid in the year to date, which is defined as the period from the beginning of the calendar year up to and including the end date of the date interval. The year-to-date figures are not restricted by the starting date of the date interval as other figures are.
Customer to Date	This column displays the amount paid in total by the customer up to and including the end date of the date interval. The figures are not restricted by the starting date of the date interval as the preceding figures are.

Cash Receipts by Invoice Tab

Column	Description
Customer No.	This column displays the number of the customer that paid the amounts.
Customer Name	This column displays the name of the customer that paid the amounts.
Job No.	This column displays the number of the job associated with the payments.
Job Name	This column displays the name of the job associated with the payments.
Cash Deposit, Date	This column displays the date of the cash deposit provided by the customer and related to the job in question.
Cash Deposit, Amount	This column displays the amount of the cash deposit provided by the customer and related to the job in question.
Invoice No.	This column displays the number of the invoice being paid. Only entries within the date interval are included.
Invoice Date	This column displays the date of the invoice being paid. Only entries within the date interval are included.
Invoiced	This column displays the invoiced amount being paid. Only entries within the date interval are included.
Paid	This column displays the amount paid on the day before the end date of the date interval. Only figures with an Entry Date within the date interval are included.
Cash Discount	This column displays the total amount discounted from the initial invoiced price when invoices were reconciled.

Column	Description
Balance	This column displays the total due amount, according to the date interval not yet paid or reconciled.

Vendor Reports

The following standard Vendor reports are available:

- AP Aging

AP Transactions AP Aging

The AP Aging report displays the outstanding balances for vendors, broken out in 30-day intervals, based on entry dates or due dates.

Outstanding balances represent vendor-invoiced amounts minus payments remitted. The relationship between vendor invoices and payments is based on reconciling vendor entries that represent vendor invoices and payments remitted. Only entries and reconciliations that are open and existing as of the statement date are included in the report.

- You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the vendor or transaction level.
- The **Balance** column links to the AP Transactions report.

You can also control whether to sort by period (30-day intervals) and classify entries as due based on the entry date or due date.

The report corresponds to the Print dialog box and universe report of the same name. The corresponding Analyzer report, however, does not take reconciliations into account dynamically according to the statement date, nor does it consider invoicing on account.

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Vendor ▪ Transaction
Balance	This column displays the total amount outstanding on vendor invoices, including entries that are not yet due, based on the statement date.
Due	This column displays the total amount due, based on the statement date. Entries with a due date or entry date equal to the statement date are considered due.
Not Due	This column displays the total amount that is not yet due, based on the statement date.
0-30 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is up to 30 days old.
31-60 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is between 31 and 60 days old.
61-90 days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is between 61 and 90 days old.

Column	Description
91+ days	This column displays the amount outstanding that is more than 90 days old.

AP Transactions

The AP Transactions report displays the individual vendor entries for vendor invoices or expense sheets and payments remitted. Vendor reconciliations are included in the report's calculations.

- The **Vendor** title links to the Vendors workspace.
- The **Transaction No.** column links to the Vendor Entries workspace.

There are no corresponding reports in the application. There is corresponding functionality in the Analyzer, except that the Analyzer report does not consider the statement date in its calculations.

Column	Description
Entry Date	This column displays the entry date of the vendor entry.
Due Date	This column displays the due date of the vendor entry.
Transaction No.	This column displays the vendor entry's transaction number.
Transaction Type	This column displays the vendor entry's transaction type.
Entry Text	This column displays the entry text of the vendor entry.
Entry Type	This column displays the entry type of the vendor entry (vendor payment, vendor invoice, and so on).
Invoice No.	For vendor entries that represent vendor invoices or vendor credit memos, this column displays the corresponding invoice number.
Balance	This column displays the outstanding balance of the entry—the balance of the entry minus the amount already reconciled against the entry based on the statement date.
Original Currency	This column displays the vendor entry's original currency.
Original Amount	This column displays the original amount of the vendor entry, in the original currency.

CRM Reports

The following standard CRM reports are available:

- Sales Pipeline
- Opportunities
- Sales Pipeline, by Contact Company

Sales Pipeline

The Sales Pipeline report displays the total sales estimate in the pipeline, distributed over the current quarter and the three upcoming quarters. Quarters are based on calendar months, not on fiscal periods. The closing date or expected closing date of the individual opportunity determines the quarter in which the sales estimate is categorized. The current quarter is the calendar quarter of the given statement date.

- You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the location, phase, or opportunity level.
- The **Sales Estimate Total** column links to the Opportunities report.

The report corresponds to the universe report of the same name.

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Location ▪ Phase ▪ Opportunity
Sales Estimate, Total	This column displays the total sales estimate on opportunities.
Sales Estimated Weighted	This column displays the total sales estimate on opportunities, individually weighted by the probability of the opportunity.
Qn YYYY	This column displays the total sales estimate of opportunities closed or expected to close in the current calendar quarter. <i>n</i> is the current quarter and YYYY is the year of that quarter.
Qn+1 YYY	This column displays the total sales estimate of opportunities expected to close within the next quarter. <i>n+1</i> is the quarter after the current quarter and YYYY is the year of that quarter.
Qn+2 YYYY	This column displays the total sales estimate of opportunities expected to close two quarters from the current quarter. <i>n+2</i> is the quarter that is two quarters from the current quarter and YYYY is the year of that quarter.
Qn+3 YYYY	This column displays the total sales estimate of opportunities expected to close three quarters from the current quarter. <i>n+3</i> is the quarter that is three quarters from the current quarter and YYYY is the year of that quarter.
Total	This column displays the total sales estimate of opportunities expected to close in the specified four quarters.

Sales Pipeline, by Contact Company

The Sales Pipeline, by Contact Company report is the same as the Sales Pipeline report, except that this report can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the contact company level 1, contact company level 2, contact company level 3, contact company level 4, contact company level 5, and opportunity level.

Opportunities

The Opportunities report displays individual opportunities, their current phase, contact company information, sales estimates, and so on.

You can display amounts in the currency of the opportunity or the currency of the company.

- The **Contact Company No.** column links to the Contact Companies workspace.
- The **Opportunity No.** column links to the Opportunities workspace.

Column	Description
Contact Company No	This column displays the contact company's identification number.
Contact Company Name	This column displays the contact company's name.
Opportunity No.	This column displays the opportunity's identification number.
Opportunity Description	This column displays a description of the opportunity.
Opportunity Exp. Closing Date	This column displays the expected closing date of the opportunity.
Sales Person No.	This column displays the employee number of the sales person for the opportunity.
Sales Person Name	This column displays the employee name of the sales person for the opportunity.
Sales Estimate	This column displays the total sales estimate of the opportunity.
Weighted Sales Estimate	This column states the weighted sales estimate of the opportunity.
Sales Estimate Currency	This column displays the currency of the sales estimate of the opportunity.

Employee Reports

The following standard Employee reports are available:

- Employee Time Overview
- Job Employee Status

- Utilization
- Utilization, by Employee
- Utilization Transactions
- Realization
- Realization, by Employee
- Time Sheet Overview
- Time Sheet Status, by Week
- Time Sheet Status, by Day
- Unsubmitted Time

Employee Time Overview

This report provides two tabs:

- **Billability** — This tab provides two tables. The first is a crosstab that shows dates horizontally and the measures Invoiceable, Non-Invoiceable, Total, and Inv. % as rows vertically. The second table displays the same measures as rows and time-sliced columns current month, previous month, current year, previous year, and year-to-date.
- **Utilization** — This tab provides tables that are similar to those of the Billability tab. However, this tab uses employee utilization values on activities, instead of the listed measures.



For statically defined horizontal dimensions it means that the individual lines of the table must be defined specifically with individual measures that tie to the individual dimension for each row. This means that for the invoiceable row, the measure cells must state the invoiceable hours; for the non-invoiceable row, the measure cells must state the non-invoiceable hours. As a result, the table is not a clean cross-tab, but it still has the dynamic column behavior of a cross-tab, except that the rows are fixed.

Column	Description
Billability Tab, First Cross-Tab	
Measure cells	The measure that is displayed in the cells of the cross-tab is the number of approved hours (Job Entries).
Horizontal dimension	The horizontal dimension is the Entry Date of the Job Entry.
Vertical dimension	The vertical dimension statically categorizes the hours into the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Invoiceable if the job and activity are both invoiceable. ▪ Non-invoiceable if either the job or activity is not invoiceable. ▪ Total, which includes both invoiceable and non-invoiceable hours. ▪ Inv. %, which states the percentage that the invoiceable hours make of the total.

Column	Description
Billability Tab, Second Cross-Tab	
Measure cells	The measure that is displayed in the cells of the cross-tab is the number of approved hours (Job Entries).
Horizontal dimension	<p>The horizontal dimension categorizes the hours according to their Entry Date with regard to the To Date of the date interval that the user who runs the report provides. The categories are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Current Month, Current Year — Hours that have an Entry Date in the month and year of the To Date. ▪ Current Month, Previous Year — Hours that have an Entry Date in the Month and previous year of the To Date. ▪ Previous Month, Current Year — Hours that have an Entry Date in the previous month and current year of the To Date. ▪ Previous Month, Previous Year — Hours that have an Entry Date in the previous month and previous year of the To Date. <p>The header of the month and year is displayed with the names of the months (such as January) and the number of the year (such as 2012).</p>
Utilization Tab, First Cross-Tab	
Measure cells	The measure that is displayed in the cells of the cross-tab is the number of approved hours (Job Entries).
Horizontal dimension	The horizontal dimension is the Entry Date of the Job Entry.
Vertical dimension	The vertical dimension is the Employee Utilization of the activity on the Job Entry.
Utilization Tab, Second Cross-Tab	
Horizontal dimension	<p>The horizontal dimension categorizes the hours according to their Entry Date with regard to the To Date of the date interval that the user who runs the report provides. The categories are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Current Month, Current Year — Hours that have an Entry Date in the month and year of the To Date. ▪ Current Month, Previous Year — Hours that have an Entry Date in the month and previous year of the To Date. ▪ Previous Month, Current Year — Hours that have an Entry Date in the previous month and current year of the To Date. ▪ Previous Month, Previous Year — Hours that have an Entry Date in the previous month and previous year of the To Date. <p>The header of the month and year are displayed with the names of the months (such as January) and the number of the year (such as 2012).</p>

Column	Description
Vertical dimension	The vertical dimension is the Employee Utilization of the activity on the Job Entry.

Job Employee Status

The Job Employee Status report displays all jobs that satisfy the selection criteria. For each job, the report displays the employees who have entered time on the job along with central entry measures.

Employees and central job measures are grouped by job number and name.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

- The **Job** title links to the Jobs workspace.
- The **Customer** title links to the Customers workspace.
- The **Employee no.** column links to the Employees workspace.

Group Columns

Column	Description
Job	This column displays the job's number and name.
Customer	This column displays the customer's number and name.

Job Columns

Column	Description
Employee No.	This column displays the employee number of the job entry or job invoice line.
Employee Name	This column displays the employee name of the job entry or job invoice line.
Reg. Hours	This column displays the entered quantity.
Reg. Billing Price	This column displays the entered billing price in the currency of the company.
Reg. Cost Price	This column displays the entered cost price in the currency of the company.
Invoiced Hours	This column displays the invoiced quantity.
Invoiced Billing Price	This column displays the invoiced billing price in the currency of the company.

Column	Description
Invoiced Up/Down	This column displays the up/down text of the billing price invoiced in the currency of the company.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the amount of revenue recognized in the currency of the company.

Utilization

The Utilization report displays utilization metrics and degrees that you can use to display the utilization of employees. Only entries on time activities are included in the report.

- You can drill down on the **No & Name** column to the location, employee category, employee, and job level.

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. Drill-downs for this column are based on the dimensions of the employees. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Company Location Employee Category Employee Job
Utilization Degree Inv./Reg.	This column displays the utilization degree, which is the result of dividing invoiceable hours by entered hours.
Utilization Degree Inv./Fix	This column displays the utilization degree, which is the result of dividing invoiceable hours by the number of fixed hours for employees (as set up in the employee revisions of the employees).
Billing Price, Reg.	This column displays the entered billing price.
Billing Price, Average	This column displays the average entered billing price.
Hours, Fixed	This column displays the fixed hours for employees, as set up in the employee revisions of the employees.
Hours, Reg	This column displays the hours entered for employees. This is the total number of hours entered.
Hours, Reg. Work.	This column displays the entered productive hours for employees. This is the total number of hours entered on activities for which the employee utilization is productive time.

Column	Description
Hours Invoiceable	This column displays the number of hours entered on invoiceable jobs and activities.
Hours, Prod.	This column displays the entered productive hours for employees. This is the number of hours entered on activities for which the employee utilization is productive time.
Hours, Non-Prod.	This column displays the entered non-productive hours for employees. This is the number of hours entered on activities for which the employee utilization is non-productive time.
Hours, Absence	This column displays the entered absent hours for employees. This is the number of hours entered on activities for which the employee utilization is absent time.

Utilization, by Employee

The Utilization, by Employee report is the same as the Utilization report, except that it starts on the drill-down level of employees.

Utilization Transactions

The Utilization Transactions report displays the individual job entries and job invoice lines that constitute the amounts displayed on the other Utilization reports.

Column	Description
Entry Date	This column displays the entry date of the job entry or job invoice line.
Task, Name	This column displays the task name of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Task, Description	This column displays the task description of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Activity Type	This column displays the activity type of the job entry or job invoice line (for example, Time for time activities.)
Employee No.	This column displays the employee number of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Employee Name	This column displays the employee name of the job entry, job invoice line, or job invoice on account.
Registered, Quantity	This column displays the number of hours or quantity entered, depending on the activity type.
Registered, Cost	This column displays the amount entered in cost on the job entry or job invoice line.

Column	Description
Invoiced	This column displays the contribution to the amount invoiced.
Revenue Recognized	This column displays the contribution to the amount of revenue recognized.
WIP	This column displays the contribution to the work in progress (WIP).

Realization

The Realization report compares entered amounts and hours for invoicing with actually entered, realized, and invoiced figures. The report outlines the realization aspect of employee utilization by displaying the number of hours and billing price actually realized and invoiced, compared to what was entered.

The hours and amounts that are entered for invoicing are often the same as those derived for standard billing prices. However, you can set Maconomy up so that someone, such as a project manager, can provide suggested numbers and prices as part of the workflow.

Column	Description
No & Name	This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. Drill-downs for this column are based on the dimensions of the employees. The drill-down levels are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Company ▪ Location ▪ Employee Category ▪ Employee ▪ Job
Hours, Realization	This column displays the realization percentage for hours, which is the total number of invoiceable hours (including the number of hours that are entered but not yet invoiced) divided by the number of entered hours.
Hours, Invoiced	This column displays the number of hours invoiced.
Hours, Registered	This column displays the number of hours entered.
Billing Price, Realization	This column displays the realization percentage for billing price, which is the total amount of recognized revenue divided by the total billing price entered.
Billing Price Invoiced	This column displays the total amount invoiced.
Billing Price Registered	This column displays the total billing price entered.

Column	Description
Billing Price Inv. %	This column displays the invoicing percentage, which is the total amount invoiced divided by the total amount entered on invoiceable jobs and activities.
Open, Hours	This column displays the number of open hours (not yet invoiced).
Open Billing Price	This column displays the total open billing price (the entered billing price not yet invoiced).

Realization, by Employee

The Realization, by Employee report is the same as the Realization report, except that it starts on the drill-down level of employees.

Time Sheet Overview

This report displays the hours of the employee time sheets that match the selection criteria. It splits these hours into invoiceable and non-invoiceable hours and compares those to the employee's fixed hours. In addition, it provides overtime, estimated revenue, and the percentage that the invoiceable hours make of the total number of hours that were entered. The estimated revenue is the billing price that is calculated on the time of the present state of the time sheet. Thus it provides an estimate of how much potential revenue the hours that have not yet been invoiced represent.

This report lists the employee number and name. For each employee, it displays the week number, the start date of the week, the status of the time sheet of that week for the employee, and some additional measures that are derived from the time sheet.

Data is grouped by company (and shows the company number and name) and then entity (and shows the entity name and description).

Column	Description
Employee No.	This column displays the employee's number.
Employee Name	This column displays the employee's name.
Week No.	This column displays the week number of the employee's time sheets, matching the week number and date ranges.
Start Date	This column displays the start date of the week that is identified by the Week No. column.
Status	This column displays the approval status of the weekly time sheet.
Fixed Hours	This column displays the employee's fixed hours for the week that is identified by the Week No. column. The fixed hours are taken from the time sheet— not the employee revisions, although they should correspond to those as well.

Column	Description
Invoiceable Hours	This column displays the number of hours on the time sheet that are invoiceable.
Non-Invoiceable Hours	This column displays the number of hours on the time sheet that are not invoiceable.
Overtime Hours	This column displays the overtime, which is the fixed hours less the entered number of hours.
Revenue	This column displays the estimated revenue of the entered hours of the time sheet. If the time sheet has not been submitted, the revenue is the billing price of the hours, calculated at the time of the last change that was made to the time sheet. If the time sheet has been submitted, the revenue is the billing price of the hours calculated at the time of the submission. If the time sheet has been approved, the revenue corresponds to the revenue recognized amount.
Inv. %	This column displays the percentage that the number of invoiceable hours makes of the total number of hours entered.
Traffic lighting	This column displays traffic lighting, which is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Green if the invoice percentage is equal to or above 75%. ▪ Yellow if the invoice percentage is above 50%, but below 75%. ▪ Red if the invoice percentage is equal to or below 50%.

Time Sheet Status, by Week

This report displays the hours of employee time sheets and indicates the workflow status of the time sheet, on a weekly basis. You can enter a week number range or a date range for restricting which weeks—and thus which days—are included.

The report consists of two tabs:

- **Time Sheet Status, by Week** — This tab displays the employee number and name, and the hours by week. The number of columns that display the hours is dynamic and updates based on how many weeks match the selected week range/date range. Colors indicate the status of the time sheet.
- **Time Sheet Status, by Week vs. Fixed Hours** — This tab displays a similar layout except that the measures are the differences between hours entered and fixed hours. The selection criteria do not include the prompt for only including invoiceable hours because all hours should be included in this tab. Colors indicate whether the entered hours are below, above, or equal to the fixed hours.

Data on both tabs is grouped first by company and then by entity.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

The week number links to the Time Sheet Status, by Day report, which displays the events behind the workflow of an opportunity.

Time Sheet Status, by Week Tab

Column	Description
Employee No.	This column displays the employee's number.
Employee Name	This column displays the employee's name.
Weekly columns	<p>The column headers display the week number and the first date of each week. If the week is a split week, it is suffixed with A and B, respectively. The columns display the number of hours entered in total for that week, unless the time sheet has not been submitted. In this case, the number of hours is the difference between the fixed hours and the hours that have been entered.</p> <p>If the report is restricted to invoiceable hours, only invoiceable hours are displayed; otherwise all hours are displayed. Hours are invoiceable if both the job and the activity are invoiceable.</p> <p>The column colors are described below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Red — The time sheet has not been created (nor submitted). ▪ Orange — The time sheet has been rejected; the project manager has rejected some of the hours on the timesheet. ▪ Green — The time sheet has been submitted. ▪ Blue — The time sheet has been approved.

Time Sheet Status, by Week vs. Fixed Hours Tab

Column	Description								
Employee No.	This column displays the number of the employee.								
Employee Name	This column displays the name of the employee.								
Weekly columns	On this tab, the measures are the differences between all hours entered and fixed hours; even though a restriction to invoiceable hours was made. The value should be negative if the number of hours entered is less than the fixed hours of the employee.								
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Color</th> <th>Meaning</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Blue</td> <td>The hours exceed the fixed hours.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Black</td> <td>The hours are equal to the fixed hours.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Red</td> <td>The hours fall below the fixed hours.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Color	Meaning	Blue	The hours exceed the fixed hours.	Black	The hours are equal to the fixed hours.	Red	The hours fall below the fixed hours.
	Color	Meaning							
	Blue	The hours exceed the fixed hours.							
	Black	The hours are equal to the fixed hours.							
Red	The hours fall below the fixed hours.								

Time Sheet Status, by Day

This report is similar to the Time Sheet Status, by Week, but instead of displaying hours per week, it displays hours per day from the daily time sheets.

The report consists of two tabs, which have the same structure as the corresponding tabs in the Time Sheet Status, by Week report. On the first tab, this report displays hours entered by day instead of by week. The second tab displays the difference between entered hours and fixed hours by day instead of by week.

There are no drill-down levels for this report.

Unsubmitted Time

This report displays the hours that are either due or have not been submitted. Thus, when you are closing a month you can get an overview of who needs to submit their time sheets so that you can contact them.

This report lists the employee number and name. Then for each employee, it displays the week number, start date of the week, the status of the employee's time sheet for that week, and some measures that are derived from the time sheet.

The figures are grouped by company, entity, and week number.

Column	Description
Employee No.	This column displays the employee's number.
Employee Name	This column displays the employee's name.
Supervisor No.	This column displays the employee number for the employee's supervisor.

Column	Description
Supervisor Name	This column displays the name of the employee's supervisor.
Fixed Hours	This column displays the fixed hours of the employee according to the week.
Unsubmitted Hours	This column displays the number of hours that have not been submitted.
Submitted Hours	This column displays the number of hours that have been submitted.
Inv. %	This column displays the percentage that the invoiceable hours make of the total number of hours entered, including both unsubmitted and submitted hours.

Subscription Reports

The following standard Subscription reports are available:

- Subscriptions

Subscriptions

The Subscriptions report is used for monitoring subscribers and subscription orders. It is also used for monitoring subscription-related products, such as publications and—in some cases—service agreements. Common to all subscriptions is that deliveries and customer payments are made on a regular and consistent basis, as with, for example, monthly payment of a weekly magazine.

Column	Description
Date Ordered	This column displays the order date of the subscription order.
Quantity	This column displays the quantity of ordered items.
Pricing Unit	This column displays the price unit of the item.
Cost Price	This column displays the cost price of the subscription.
GM %, Cost Price	This column displays the gross margin percentage of the sales price.
Line Price, Company	This column displays the line price of the subscription order.
Line Price, Customer	This column displays the line price of the subscription order.
Price Adjustment Principle Name	This column displays the price adjustment principle name of the subscription.

Column	Description
Adjusted Date	This column displays the date of the latest adjustment of the subscription.
Adjusted Unit Price, Customer	This column displays the adjusted unit price of the subscription.
Invoice Starting Date	This column displays the invoice starting date of the subscription.
Invoice Ending Date	This column displays the invoice ending date of the subscription.
Invoicing Until	This column displays the invoicing until date of the subscription.
Campaign No.	This column displays the campaign number.

Assets Reports

The following standard Assets reports are available:

- Fixed Assets
- Asset List

Fixed Assets

The Fixed Assets report is used to list central asset adjustment amounts for each asset in the stock. In Maconomy, assets adjustments are divided into different types and sub-groups. This report provides details on the asset transactions, such as acquisitions or depreciations, and the reason for each transaction.

This report accounts for the following measures:

- **Asset adjustment types** - These are controlled by the asset entry's transaction type.
 - Acquisition
 - Improvement
 - Write-Up
 - Write-Down
 - Depreciation (including Corrections)
 - Tax Depreciation
- **Asset adjustment subgroups** – For each type, we then combine to form:
 - **Addition** - When the sub-group is neither Transfer nor Relocation, and the amount is positive.
 - **Transfer** - When the sub-group is either Transfer or Relocation. The amount can be positive or negative.
 - **Disposal** - When the sub-group is neither Transfer nor Relocation, and the amount is negative.

Top-Level Header	Header Title	Description
	Asset Sale	<p>This column displays the sum of asset sales done within the selected period, such as the sum of sales prices for disposed assets.</p> <p>The value displayed here does not contribute to the closing book value as it is implicitly part of the disposals figure.</p>
	Gains/Losses on Sale	<p>This column displays the sum of gains and losses in context of assets that were disposed as a sale. This value is calculated as the Asset Sale minus the book value which the asset had at the time it was disposed through a sale.</p>
	Depreciations / Tax Depreciations	<p>This column displays the sum of depreciations done within the selected period.</p> <p>If you enable Use Tax Depreciation in the selection criteria, this column displays the sum of tax depreciations done within the selected period.</p> <p>This column also displays corrections, as well as corrections in Maconomy that are corrections to depreciations/tax depreciations.</p>
	Transfers	<p>This column displays the sum of transfers done within the selected period. The values displayed highly depend on filtering on dimensions. For example, the transfer of assets from one location to another will appear as zero in this column, unless the user restricts to see only assets belonging to one of the locations.</p>

Top-Level Header	Header Title	Description
	Write-Downs	This column displays the sum of write-downs done within the selected period.
Book Value	Date	<p>This column displays the book value as of the end date in the period selected.</p> <p>The book value is equal to the opening book value plus Additions, Disposals and Transfers, minus Depreciations and Write-Downs. Note that Disposals appear as negative values.</p>
Depreciations / Tax Depreciations	Total	<p>This column displays the sum of depreciations done within the selected period.</p> <p>If you enable Use Tax Depreciation in the selection criteria, this column displays the sum of tax depreciations done within the selected period.</p> <p>This column also displays corrections, as well as corrections in Maconomy that are corrections to depreciations/tax depreciations.</p>

Regional DFME Reports

As DFME Customers, a number of non-standard reports are available which are designed for the specific needs of the region in which your Company resides. A list of these reports is provided below.



This section is applicable only to Maconomy Essentials / DFME PSO customers only.

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
Finance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ GL Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Balance Reports ▪ UK VAT Report
Vendor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ AP Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Payment Run Register
Regional Reports – Nordics (Sweden, Norway and Denmark)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ DFME Reporting / Nordic Reports 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Management Reports • KPI Flash • Managers Dashboard • Revenue Overview • Utilization and Average Price, 12 month rolling ▪ Employee reports • My Utilization • Flex Balance • Belaggningsgrad • Fordelning belaggning ▪ Finance reports • Profit and Loss, by Company • Profit and Loss, by Dimension • Profit and Loss, by Entity • Utveckling per konto ▪ Project Reports

Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Periodic Budget Report • PM Budget Control Cost • Project Dashboard • Project Entries • Project Follow Up – By Project • Project Follow Up – Total • Project Workspace • My Project Dashboard • Budget Control • Budget Control Total • Invoicing Plan ▪ Subscription Reports • Subscription • Subscription Detail • Subscription Monthly ▪ CRM Reports • Affarsmojligheter • Customer Contact Information
Regional Reports – UK Reports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Reporting 	DFME Reporting / UK Reports	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Finance Reports • VAT • MIMO Summary • MIMO Transactions • Payment Run Register ▪ Management reports • My Employees Utilization

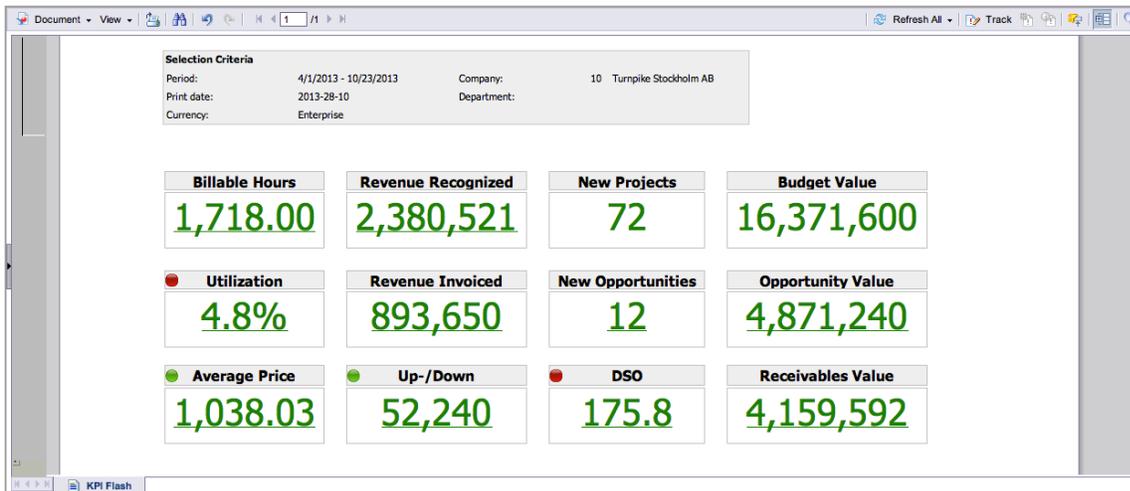
Area	Menu Section	Workspace	Reports
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Employee Reports • My Utilization ▪ Project Reports • Invoicing Plan

Nordic Reports

- Subscription Reports
- Subscription
- Subscription Detail
- Subscription Monthly
- CRM Reports
- Affarsmojligheter

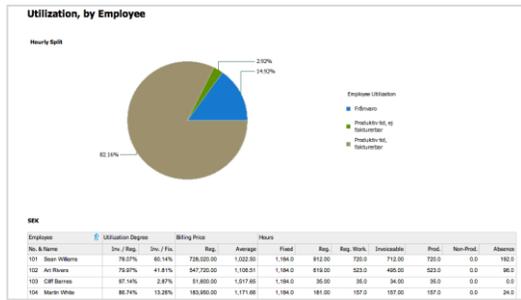
KPI Flash

The KPI Flash report displays a set of key performance indicators relevant to management within professional services organisations such as utilization, average price and revenue recognized.



Where relevant, the KPI:s link to standard sub reports (described later in this document). This empowers executives to analyse detailed information regarding the KPI displayed, such as utilization data or receivable data (illustrated below).

Regional DFME Reports



AR Aging

Customer	Balance	Total	Due	Net Due	Aging	0-30 days	31-60 days	61-90 days	91+ days	DDO
10000_Empowerment	251,844.00	251,844.00	0.00	96,613.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	161,331.00	185.4
10001_Devora Nohrder AB	-100.00	-100.00	-100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	-100.00	271.0
10002_Jill Swenke AB	1,275,216.00	1,895,216.00	125,000.00	3,150.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,847,066.00	173.0
10003_Rosemarie AB	355,875.00	361,875.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	361,875.00	278.0
10005_Industrials AB	114,945.00	114,945.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	114,945.00	252.0
10006_Teact AB	114,250.00	114,250.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	114,250.00	216.1
10007_Conductor AB	48,000.00	48,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	48,000.00	279.0
10008_Serial	48,875.00	48,875.00	25,000.00	48,790.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	248,125.00	224.4
10009_Analyt Services AB	1,250.00	1,250.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,250.00	301.0
10010_One Agency AB	59,000.00	59,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	59,000.00	301.0
10011_Inspedia AB	88,750.00	88,750.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	88,750.00	305.2
10012_Sora Cell AB	125,000.00	125,000.00	0.00	125,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	23.0
10013_Mona Tines AB	30,000.00	30,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	30,000.00	97.0
10024_Edwards AB	4,750.00	4,750.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4,750.00	147.0
10025_RundA	2,500.00	2,500.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2,500.00	144.0
10026_RundB	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	5,000.00	144.0

The report KPI Flash contain the following data:

KPI	Description	Linked report
Billable Hours	This KPI displays the number of billable hours registered on invoiceable jobs and activities of the employees belonging to the company or department selected when running the report	Utilization, by Employee
Utilization	This KPI shows the utilization degree of the employees belonging to the company or department selected when running the report. The utilization degree is the result of dividing invoiceable hours by the number of fixed hours for employees (as set up in the employee revisions of the employees). A traffic light ● / ● indicates if the Utilization degree exceeds or is less than the target level. Target level is set as an input value when running the report	Utilization, by Employee
Average Price	This KPI displays the average billing price registered by employees belonging to the company or department selected when running the report. A traffic light ● / ● indicates if the Average price exceeds or is less than the target level. Target level is set as an input value when running the report	Utilization, by Employee
Revenue Recognized	This KPI shows the revenue recognized for the projects belonging to the company or department selected when running the report	Customer Profitability
Revenue Invoiced	This KPI displays the amount invoiced for the projects belonging to the company or department selected when running the report	Customer Profitability
Up-/Down	This field displays the amount written up or down when invoicing the projects belonging to the company or department selected when running the report. A traffic light ● / ● indicates if the filed value is positive or negative	Revenue Analysis

KPI	Description	Linked report
New Projects	This field shows the number of new projects created during the period belonging to the company or department selected when running the report	N/A
Budget Value	This field shows the total budgeted value of the projects created where budget type equals baseline budget	N/A
New Opportunities	This field displays the number of new opportunities created during the period belonging to the company or department selected when running the report	Opportunities
Opportunity Value	This field shows the total value of the opportunities created during the period for which the report is run	Opportunities
DSO	This KPI displays average days outstanding for customer invoices belonging to the company or department selected when running the report. A traffic light  indicates if the DSO value exceeds or is less than the target level. Target level is set as an input value when running the report	A/R Aging
Receivables Value	This KPI displays the total value of the customer invoices outstanding that belong to the company or department selected when running the report	A/R Aging

When running the report delimitations can be set on the following data:

- Target Utilization (mandatory)
- Target Average Price (mandatory)
- Company
- From Date (mandatory)
- To Date (mandatory)
- Location (Responsible department)
- Entity (Executing department)
- Include closed projects
- Currency
- Budget Type
- Aging based on

NOTE: delimitations on Company, departments and dates are transferred to sub reports opened as linked reports.

Manager Dashboard

The Manager Dashboard presents average data regarding profitability, utilization and average price. Furthermore, top and bottom performers (customers, projects and employees) are shown. By clicking on

Regional DFME Reports

an underlined figure a detailed report is shown. Note, any selection done in the main report must also be set in the sub reports to ensure the same data limitation.

It is possible do extrapolate the information shown by using the Input Controls on the left side of the report. Hereby, it is possible to delimit the data to, for example, exclude non billable employees or projects.

The report contains three tabs. The first one contain figures regarding the information described above, the second one describes trend data related to the same measures. The third tab contain overall P/L information.

The first tab, **KPI Statistics**, shows information regarding top and bottom performers related to customers, projects and employees.

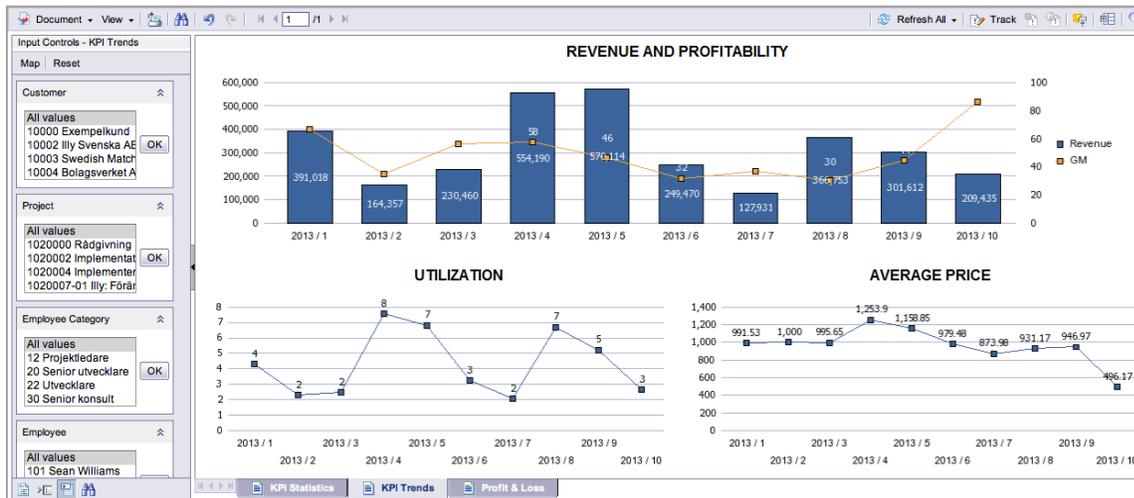
The screenshot shows a software interface with a left-hand sidebar for 'Input Controls - KPI Statistics'. The main window is titled 'PROFITABILITY 52%' and contains three data tables. The first table lists customers with columns for No., Customer Name, Revenue, and GM%. The second table lists projects with columns for No., Project Name, and Revenue GM%. The third table lists employees with columns for No., Employee Name, Revenue, and Utilization. Below the employee table, there is another section for 'AVERAGE PRICE 1,026' with columns for No., Employee Name, and Revenue Avr. Price. The bottom of the interface shows tabs for 'KPI Statistics', 'KPI Trends', and 'Profit & Loss'.

The report contain the following data:

Data set	Description	Linked report
Customers	<p>Top and bottom (3) customers are displayed from a profitability perspective. Profitability (GM%) is calculated as gross margin (revenue recognized – costs). Also, Revenue recognized is displayed.</p> <p>By clicking on the underscored link GM% a detailed sub report is opened.</p> <p>Note – if multiple customers have identical top or bottom profitability, more than three customers are shown.</p>	Customer Profitability
Projects	<p>Top and bottom (3) projects are displayed from a profitability perspective. Profitability (GM%) is calculated as gross margin (revenue recognized – costs). Also, Revenue recognized is displayed.</p> <p>By clicking on the underscored link GM% a detailed sub report is opened.</p> <p>Note – if multiple projects have identical top or bottom profitability, more than three projects are shown.</p>	Project Profitability, Summary

Data set	Description	Linked report
Employees	<p>Top and bottom (3) employees are displayed from a utilization AND average price perspective.</p> <p>Utilization is calculated as invoiceable hours by the number of fixed hours for employees.</p> <p>Average price is calculated as average billing price registered on invoiceable projects.</p> <p>By clicking on the underscored link utilization or average price a detailed sub report is opened.</p> <p>Note – if multiple employees have the same top or bottom measures, more than three employees are shown.</p>	Utilization, by Employee

The second tab, **KPI Trends**, shows trend data regarding revenue, profitability (on projects) and employee performance.



The third tab, **Profit & Loss**, shows aggregated P&L data divided into profit and loss accounts. Data is derived from general ledger.

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When running the report delimitations can be set on the following data:

- From Date (mandatory)
- To Date (mandatory)
- Company
- Department (delimits on Location/responsible department for project data and Entity/executing department for employee data)
- Currency

NOTE: delimitations on set in this report is NOT transferred to sub reports (linked reports).

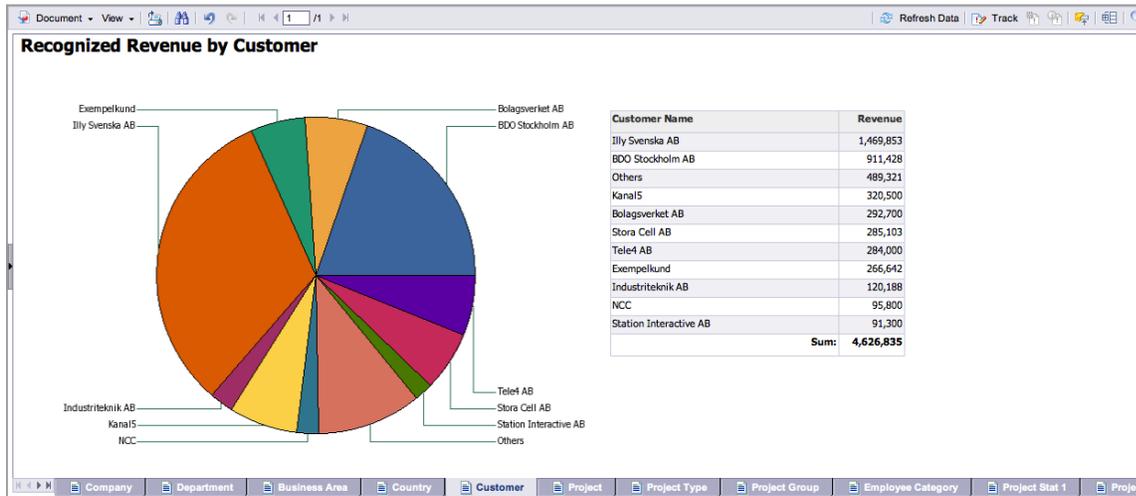
Revenue Overview

The Revenue Overview report presents revenue data per dimension for a selected period. Revenue per top 10 is shown along with the aggregated sum of other revenue.

By clicking on the bottom tabs in the report the revenue is shown per:

- *Company*
- *Department*
- *Business Area*
- *Country (from Customer)*
- *Project*
- *Project Type*
- *Project Group*
- *Employee Category*
- *Project Statistic 1 & 2 (from Project Description Tab)*
- *Enterprise, Segment and Area (from Customer)*

Regional DFME Reports



The report contain the following data:

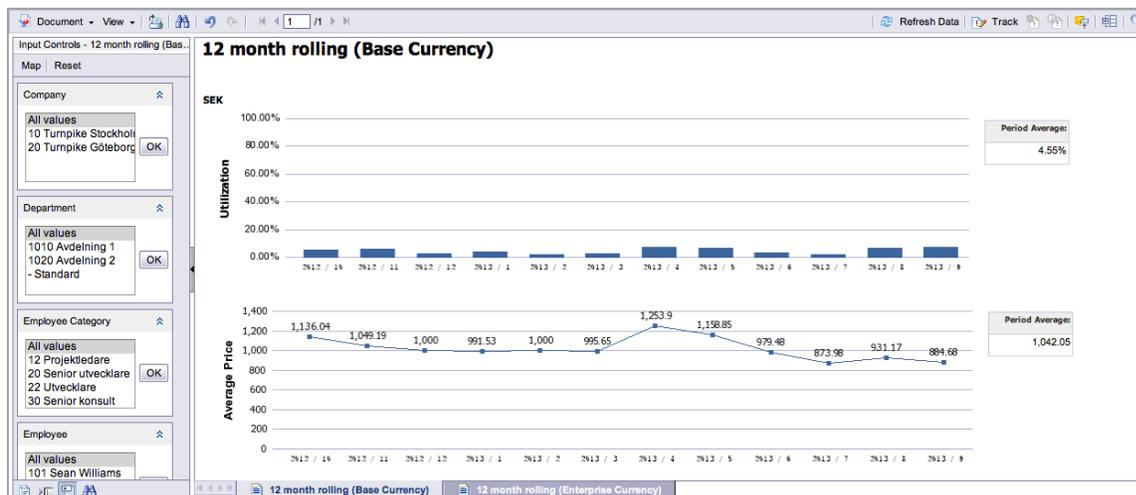
Data set	Description
Revenue	Revenue recognized (from projects)

When running the report delimitations can be set on the following data:

- From Date (mandatory)
- To Date (mandatory)
- Company
- Department
- All other dimensions

Utilization & Average price, 12 month rolling

The report Utilization & Average price, 12 month rolling presents utilization trend data along with average price data for a 12 month period. By using Input Control it is possible to dynamically delimit the data shown to exclude or include different employee categories etc.



The report contain the following data:

Data set	Description
Utilization	Utilization is calculated as invoiceable hours by the number of fixed hours for employees.
Average Price	Average price is calculated as average billing price registered on invoiceable projects.

NOTE: The report contain two tabs. The first tab describe average price in base currency while the second tab describe average price in enterprise currency.

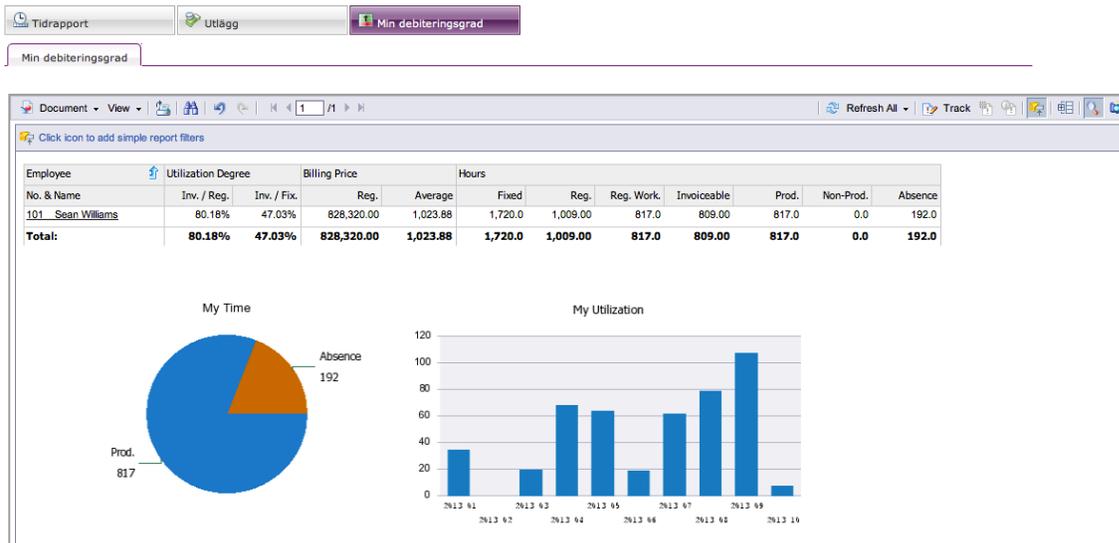
When running the report delimitations can be set on the following data:

- Delimitation Date (mandatory)
- Company
- Department
- All other dimensions

My Utilization

The My Utilization report displays several different utilization metrics and degrees to show the utilization of employees running the report. The report is only available under My Self Service / My Utilization and the report **automatically delimits data to the user logged on**. Data related to the current year is shown. Also, only registrations on time activities are included in the report.

101 Sean Williams



You can drill-down on the **No & Name** column to project level.

Column	Description
No & Name	<p>This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level. Drill-downs for this column are based on the dimensions of the employees.</p> <p>The drill-down levels are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Employee ▪ Project
Utilization Degree Inv./Reg.	<p>This column displays the utilization degree, which is the result of dividing invoiceable hours by registered hours.</p>
Utilization Degree Inv./Fix	<p>This column displays the utilization degree, which is the result of dividing invoiceable hours by the number of fixed hours for employees (as set up in the employee revisions of the employees).</p>
Billing Price, Reg.	<p>This column displays the billing price registered.</p>
Billing Price, Average	<p>This column displays the average billing price registered.</p>
Hours, Fixed	<p>This column displays the fixed hours for employees (as set up in the employee revisions of the employees).</p>
Hours, Reg	<p>This column displays the registered hours for employees (the total number of hours registered).</p>
Hours, Reg. Prod.	<p>This column displays the registered productive hours for employees. This is the total number of hours registered on activities for which the employee utilization is productive time.</p>
Hours Invoiceable	<p>This column displays the number of hours registered on invoiceable jobs and activities.</p>
Hours, Prod.	<p>This column displays the registered production hours for employees. This is the number of hours registered on activities for which the employee utilization is productive time.</p>
Hours, Non-Prod.	<p>This column displays the registered non-production hours for employees. This is the number of hours registered on activities for which the employee utilization is non-productive time.</p>
Hours, Absence	<p>This column displays the registered absent hours for employees. This is the number of hours registered on activities for which the employee utilization is absent time.</p>
Graphs	<p>Two graphs are shown – distribution of hours per type and utilization per month, current year.</p>

Beläggningsgrad

This is a Utilization report which shows Utilization for Employees in specific Departments.

There are two tabs in the report:

- Beläggning per medarbetare: Utilization by employee shows employee utilization by department
- Beskrivning: The Description tab shows utilization by Activity and Task

Beläggning per medarbetare

Column	Description
Avdelning	This column displays the Department number and Name
Medarbetare	This column displays the Employee No and Employee Name
Beläggningsgrad	This column displays the utilization degree, which is the result of dividing invoiceable hours by the number of registered hours for employees.
	This column displays the total number of hours registered.

Beskrivning

Column	Description
Aktivitet	This column displays the activity number and name registered against
Uppgift	This column displays the task number and name registered against
Beläggningsgrad	This column displays the utilization degree

Fördelning beläggning

This is a summarized Utilization report and not broken down by Employee.

There are two tabs in the report:

- Fördelning beläggning: Utilization by Responsible department and Executing department
- Spec: Specification of time when Responsible department is not equal to Executing Department

Fördelning beläggning

Column	Description
Ägande avdelning	This column displays the Responsible Department number and name (Location)

Column	Description
Utförande avdelning	This column displays the Executing Department number and name (Entity)
Antal registrerat	This column displays the total number of hours registered
Procent	This column displays the percentage of hours registered.
Projekt	Details about the Job on which they were registered
Pitch/Införsälj	Pitch / Sell

Spec

Column	Description
Ägande avdelning	The columns Avdelning and Projekt below are relevant to the Responsible Department (Location)
Avdelning	This column displays the Responsible Department (Location) number and name
Projekt	This column displays the Project number and name
Utförande avdelning	The columns Avdelning and Medarbetare below are relevant to the Executing Department (Entity)
Avdelning	This column displays the Executing Department (Entity) number and name
Medarbetare	This column displays the Employee Number and name.
Antal registrerat	This column displays the number of registered hours

Profit and Loss, by Company

The Profit and Loss by Company report displays the financial postings of all profit and loss accounts, summarized for the chosen fiscal periods.

The report has four tabs.

- Profit & Loss
- Profit & Loss (Actuals & Budget)
- Profit & Loss (Periodic: Month, Quarter, Year)
- Profit & Loss (Rolling 12 month)

The report compares actuals with budgeted amounts, based on a budget model. If you need to compare current amounts with a previous year, you should also select the budget model for that year.

Regional DFME Reports

The structure of the report is based on the G/L reporting hierarchy. When setting up a new account – or adjusting the chart of accounts – the reporting hierarchy must be adjusted. This is explained in the quick guide for adding accounts.

From each account, you can link to the Finance Transaction report. The report corresponds to the Print dialog box's Print Balance Overview option using the Result layout.

Profit and Loss, by Company Periodic (Actuals vs Budget)

Figures in Thousands

SEK

Accounts	Month: 2012-09				QTD: 2012-07 - 2012-09				YTD: 2012-01 - 2012-09			
	Actuals	Budget	Variance	%	Actuals	Budget	Variance	%	Actuals	Budget	Variance	%
TB 1												
Huvudintäkter												
3010 Fakturerat arvode	0	-4,167	-4,167	-100.0	0	-12,500	-12,500	-100.0	-25	-37,500	-37,475	-99.9
3019 Öppet försäljningspris arvode	-315	0	-315	0.0	-641	0	-641	0.0	-641	0	-641	0.0
3210 Programvara, licenser	0	-250	-250	-100.0	0	-750	-750	-100.0	0	-2,250	-2,250	-100.0
Huvudintäkter Total:	-315	-4,417	-4,101	-92.9	-641	-13,250	-12,609	-95.2	-666	-39,750	-39,084	-98.3
Kostnad såld tid												
4019 Öppet kostpris egen tid	159	2,500	-2,341	-93.6	327	7,500	-7,173	-95.6	327	22,500	-22,173	-98.5
Kostnad såld tid Total:	159	2,500	-2,341	-93.6	327	7,500	-7,173	-95.6	327	22,500	-22,173	-98.5
TB 1 Total:	-156	-1,917	-1,761	-91.9	-314	-5,750	-5,436	-94.5	-339	-17,250	-16,911	-98.0
Övriga rörelsekostnader												
Lokalkostnader												
5010 Lokallhyra	30	1,583	-1,553	-98.1	170	4,750	-4,580	-96.4	210	14,250	-14,040	-98.5
5020 El för belysning	0	83	-83	-100.0	0	250	-250	-100.0	0	750	-750	-100.0
5030 Värme	0	83	-83	-100.0	0	250	-250	-100.0	0	750	-750	-100.0
5040 Vatten och avlopp	0	83	-83	-100.0	0	250	-250	-100.0	0	750	-750	-100.0
5060 Städning och renhållning	0	83	-83	-100.0	0	250	-250	-100.0	0	750	-750	-100.0
Lokalkostnader Total:	30	1,917	-1,887	-98.4	170	5,750	-5,580	-97.0	210	17,250	-17,040	-98.8

The following data is shown in each tab:

Profit & Loss

Column	Description
Actuals (per company)	Actuals per company from general ledger within the selected period
Actuals (total)	Sum total actuals per company from general ledger within the selected period

Profit & Loss (Actuals & Budget)

Column	Description
Actuals (per company)	Actuals per company from general ledger within the selected period
Budget (per company)	Budget per company per from selected budget model
Actuals (total)	Sum total actuals per company from general ledger within the selected period
Budget (total)	Sum total budget per company per from selected budget model

Profit & Loss (Periodic)

Column	Description
Actuals (per company)	Actuals per company from general ledger within the selected period
Budget (per company)	Budget per company per from selected budget model
Variance (per company)	Difference: Actuals - Budget
% (per company)	Percentage: (Actuals – Budget)/Actuals*100
Month	Data for current month
Quarter	Data for current quarter
Year to Date	Data for current year

Profit & Loss (Rolling)

Column	Description
Actuals (per month)	Actuals per month from general ledger within the selected period
Budget (per month)	Budget per month per from selected budget model
Total	Calculated total: Actuals per month until current month + Budgeted per month from next month until year end

When running the report delimitations can be set on the following data:

- Company (mandatory)
- Department
- Currency
- Fiscal year, from (mandatory)
- Fiscal year, to (mandatory)
- Budget model (mandatory)
- Budget type (mandatory)
- Exchange rate table (mandatory)
- Exchange rate day (mandatory)
- All other dimensions

Profit and Loss, by Entity (Department)

The Profit and Loss by Entity (Department) report is identical to the Profit and Loss, by Company report with the difference that the data is displayed per department instead of company.

Profit and Loss, by Dimension

The Profit and Loss by Dimension report is identical to the Profit and Loss, by Company report with the difference that the data is displayed per selected dimension (Project Type or Industry) instead of company.

When running the report delimitations can be set on:

- Slice by dimension:
 - Project (project type)
 - Specification 1 (Industry)

Utveckling per konto

A report which shows Income by Customer.

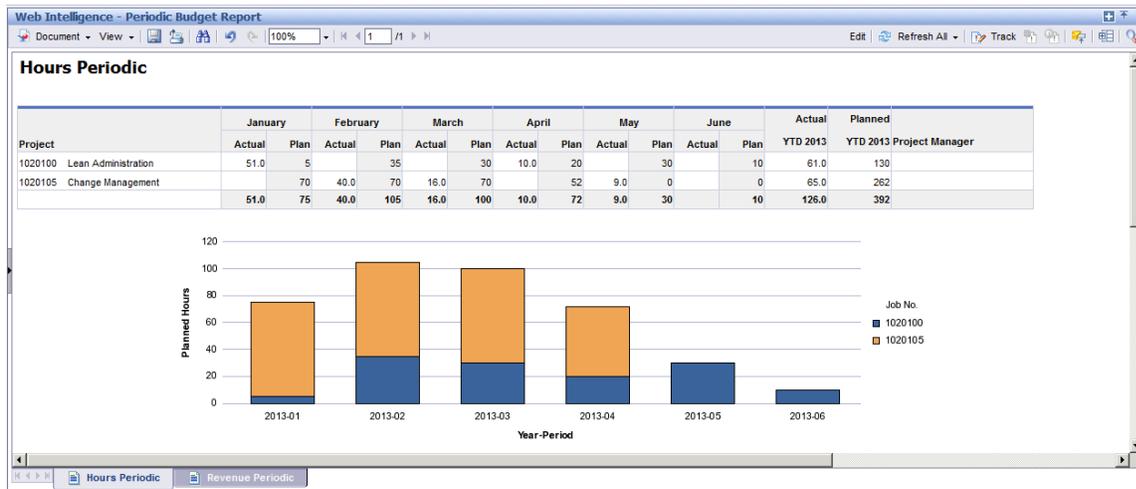
Column	Description
Kund	This column contain information regarding Customer number and name
Projekt	This column contain information regarding Job number and name
Oms	This column shows total billing price registered
Byråintäkt	This column shows total income calculated as total billing price registered minus total cost price registered
Plan YTD	This column displays budgeted hours YTD during selected year

Periodic Project Budget

The Periodic Project Budget report displays budget data allocated over time (using the periodic project budget component) compared to actuals. The report contain two tabs, the first tab illustrates hours budgeted and actuals per month and the second tab contain revenue data.

NOTE: This report is to be perceived as an example – additional data could be added by adjusting the report.

Regional DFME Reports



Column	Description
Project	This column contain information regarding project number and name
Actual	This column displays the actual hours (revenue) posted during the specific month
Plan	This column displays budgeted hours (revenue) posted during the specific month
Actual YTD	This column displays actuals YTD during selected year
Plan YTD	This column displays budgeted hours YTD during selected year

PM Budget Control Cost

This report is designed for use by Project Managers and compares Baseline Budget, Working Budget and Actuals.

Column	Description
Main Project	This column groups the rows by Main Project or Customer
Project	This column displays the Job Identifier
Project Name	This column displays the Job name.
Baseline	This column displays the total cost or total hours of the Baseline budget
Working budget	This column displays the total cost or total hours of the Working budget
Actual	This column displays the total of the Actual entries posted to the Job

Column	Description
Unapproved	This column displays the total of the entries against the Job that are not yet approved and posted.
Est to complete	Either estimated time to completion or estimated cost to completion
Total	Total of all Approved and Unapproved entries

Project Dashboard

The Project Dashboard contains data regarding Baseline budget, Working budget and Actuals for projects belonging to a selected Project Manager (or a number of Project Managers). Also, the difference between actuals and baseline is shown in the section on the right side.

Document - View - Refresh All - Track

Click icon to add simple report filters

Project Dashboard (data in base currency)

Entry date limitation: 10/28/13

SEK	Job No.	Job Name	Baseline Budget			Working Budget			Actuals			Remaining (ref. baseline)		
			Hours	Revenue	GM%	Hours	Revenue	GM%	Hours	Revenue	GM%	Hours	Revenue	%
	1020099-01	BDO: Utveckling Webb	356	445,000	60	370	462,500	60	124	165,560	61.99	232	279,440	
	1020099-C01	BDO: Tillägsbeställning 1	20	28,000	64.29	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	28,000	
	1020099	BDO: Strategi Social Media	420	530,000	58.02	531	602,656.56	52.46	501	567,660	50.06	-81	-37,660	
	1020124	KanalS: Webbprojektet	175	150,000	41.67	175	150,000	41.67	0	0	0	175	150,000	
	1020152	BDO: Demoprojektet	30	24,000	37.5	30	24,000	37.5	0	0	0	30	24,000	
	Sum		1,001	1,177,000	56.41	1,106	1,239,156.56	53.68	625	733,220	52.75	376	443,780	

Project Dashboard

It is possible to drill down from one specific project to **task level** where the same data is shown on task level. Also, information regarding invoices is presented.

Regional DFME Reports

		Baseline Budget			Working Budget			Actuals			Remaining (ref. baseline)		
Task Name	Task Description	Hours	Revenue	Cost	Hours	Revenue	Cost	Hours	Revenue	Cost	Hours	Revenue	%
190	Restid	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
100	Projektleddning	90	90,000	45,000	106	132,500	53,000	42	48,800	21,000	48	41,200	
110	Inläsning material	50	62,000	25,000	58	61,480	29,000	28	41,000	14,000	22	21,000	
120	Workshops	90	116,000	45,000	151	154,026.6	75,500	195	206,480	97,500	-105	-90,480	
140	Dokumentation	50	67,500	25,000	66	72,520	33,000	68	57,120	34,000	-18	10,380	
150	Konsultationer, övrigt	140	182,000	70,000	150	161,129.96	75,000	168	178,160	84,000	-28	3,840	
Sum		420	517,500	210,000	531	581,656.56	265,500	501	531,560	250,500	-81	-14,060	

		Baseline Budget			Working Budget			Actuals			Remaining (ref. baseline)		
Task Name	Task Description	Quant.	Revenue	Cost	Quant.	Revenue	Cost	Quant.	Revenue	Cost	Quant.	Revenue	%
410	Underkonsultier	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
500	Flygbiljetter	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
510	Hotell	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
520	Övriga utlägg (specificera)	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
910	Justering fastpris (budget)	1	2,500	2,500	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	2,500	
400	Inköp, projekt	1	10,000	10,000	1	21,000	21,000	6	36,100	33,000	-5	-26,100	
Sum		2	12,500	12,500	6	21,000	21,000	6	36,100	33,000	-4	-23,600	

Grand Total		530,000	222,500	602,656.56	286,500	567,660	283,500	-37,660
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Invoice No.	Date	D/K	Amount	Up-/Down
1010052	5/27/13	Debet	105,800	-6,200
1010065	6/18/13	Debet	107,880	0
1010069	8/20/13	Debet	1,100	0
1010070	8/26/13	Debet	207,480	0

From task level, it is possible to drill down to **transaction level**, presenting each transaction on a separate row including daily descriptions from time sheet.

		Actuals			
Date	Name	Daily Description	Hours	Revenue	Cost
4/9/13	Sean Williams	Inläsning målbild	4	5,000	2,000
4/10/13	Sean Williams	Inläsning målbild	4	5,000	2,000
4/15/13	Art Rivers	Styrdokument	8	12,400	4,000
4/16/13	Art Rivers	Noteringar interna möten	4	6,200	2,000
4/29/13	Art Rivers	Inläsning årsred.	4	6,200	2,000
4/30/13	Art Rivers	Inläsning målbild	4	6,200	2,000
Sum			28	41,000	14,000

Column	Description
No & Name	<p>This column displays the number and name of the current drill-down level.</p> <p>The drill-down levels are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project Task Transaction (depending on the drill hierarchy applied)
Baseline Budget	This main column section displays data related to the last approved version of the Baseline Budget
Working Budget	This main column section displays data related to the last approved version of the Working Budget

Column	Description
Actuals	This main column section displays data related to actual transaction data until the selected cutoff date.
Remaining	This main column section displays remaining balance calculated as the difference between baseline and actuals (baseline – actuals).
Hours	This column displays the hours budgeted, posted (actuals) or remaining depending on main column section. Note that only hours, not amount quantities are shown
Revenue	This column displays the revenue budgeted, posted (actuals) or remaining depending on main column section. Note that total revenue is calculated including amount tasks
GM%	This column displays the gross margin percentage calculated as follows: $GM\% = (\text{Revenue} - \text{Costs}) / \text{Revenue} * 100$
Traffic Lights	If the Working budget exceeds the Baseline budget the Working budget is coloured red. In the Remaining column, an indicator is coloured based on the following calculations: Remaining \geq 30% colour Green Remaining $<$ 30% and \geq 0% colour Yellow Remaining $<$ 0% colour Red
Costs	This column displays the costs budgeted, posted (actuals) or remaining depending on main column section. Note that this column only is shown on task level
Invoiced	This section displays invoices created with information regarding invoice date, invoice number, type, amount and write up/down. Note that this section only is shown on task level
Name	This column displays the name of the employee related to a specific transaction. Note that this column only is shown on transaction level for tasks of type time
Daily Description	This column displays the daily description text from the time sheet. Note that this column only is shown on transaction level for tasks of type time
Transaction Text	This column displays the transaction text of the entry. Note that this column only is shown on transaction level for tasks of type amount.

When running the report the user is prompted to select a **Project Manager**. In addition, delimitations can be set on the following data:

Regional DFME Reports

- Include closed projects
- Customer
- Department
- Company
- Entry date (delimitation date – todays date is selected as default)

My Project Dashboard

The My Project Dashboard report shows data identical to the Project Dashboard report with the only difference that the Project Manager is derived automatically from the user running the report. Thus, this prevents the user from viewing other projects.

Project Entries

The Project Entries report shows information on transaction level for a selected project. Daily descriptions from time sheet are displayed. This report is a bit wide for printouts but can be used for exporting data to Excel.

The report contain two tabs:

- Project Entries (Base Currency): Data shown in base currency
- Project Entries (Project Currency): Data shown in project currency

Project Entries
 Entry Date: 11/9/2012 – 8/29/2013
 Currency: SEK
 Project: 1020099, BDO: Strategi Social Media

Task	Task Name	Employee	Entry Date	Daily Description	Registered			Open		
					Hours	Revenue	Cost	Hours	Revenue	Hours
100	Projektleddning	Sean Williams	4/8/13	Projektledning	8.0	10,000.00	4,000.00	0.0	0.00	8.0
100	Projektleddning	Sean Williams	4/9/13	Projektledning	4.0	5,000.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	4.0
100	Projektleddning	Sean Williams	4/10/13	Projektledning	4.0	5,000.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	4.0
Sum					16.0	20,000.00	8,000.00	0.0	0.00	16.0
110	Inläsning material	Art Rivers	4/15/13	Styrdokument	8.0	12,400.00	4,000.00	0.0	0.00	8.0
110	Inläsning material	Art Rivers	4/16/13	Noteringar interna möten	4.0	6,200.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	0.0
110	Inläsning material	Art Rivers	4/29/13	Inläsning årsred.	4.0	6,200.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	4.0
110	Inläsning material	Art Rivers	4/30/13	Inläsning måtbild	4.0	6,200.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	4.0
110	Inläsning material	Sean Williams	4/9/13	Inläsning måtbild	4.0	5,000.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	4.0
110	Inläsning material	Sean Williams	4/10/13	Inläsning måtbild	4.0	5,000.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	4.0
Sum					28.0	41,000.00	14,000.00	0.0	0.00	24.0
120	Workshops	Art Rivers	4/29/13	Workshop med kund	4.0	6,200.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	4.0
120	Workshops	Art Rivers	6/3/13	kommentar måndag	8.0	12,400.00	4,000.00	0.0	0.00	8.0
120	Workshops	Art Rivers	6/4/13	kommentar tisdag	4.0	6,200.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	4.0
120	Workshops	Art Rivers	6/24/13	Workshop design	8.0	6,720.00	4,000.00	0.0	0.00	8.0
120	Workshops	Cliff Barnes	5/7/13	Stöd	4.0	6,200.00	2,000.00	0.0	0.00	4.0
120	Workshops	Cliff Barnes	5/8/13	x	8.0	12,400.00	4,000.00	0.0	0.00	8.0
120	Workshops	Cliff Barnes	5/9/13	x	8.0	12,400.00	4,000.00	0.0	0.00	8.0

Column	Description
Task	This column displays the task number (time and amount tasks divided into two separate sections)
Task Name	This column displays the task name
Entry Date	This column displays the entry date of the transaction
Daily Description	This column displays the text entered as a daily description in the time sheet – only displayed in section containing time tasks

Column	Description
Transaction Text	This column displays the text entered as transaction text when posting the transaction (vendor invoice or expense) – only displayed in section containing amount tasks
Registered	This main column section displays data related to actual transaction data
Open	This main column section displays data related to non-invoiced transactions
Invoiced	This main column section displays data related to invoiced transactions
Hours	This column displays the hours registered, open or invoiced depending on main column section. Note that only hours, not amount quantities are shown
Revenue	This column displays the revenue registered, open or invoiced depending on main column section
Costs	This column displays the cost registered
Up-/Down	This column displays the amount written up or down when invoicing

When running the report the user is prompted to select a **Project**. In addition, delimitations can be set on the following data:

- Entry date, start
- Entry date, end

Project Follow Up – By Project

The Project Follow Up – By Project report shows a summary of entries to a Job by Task. These entries are split by Time and by Cost.

Column	Description
Job	This column displays the identifier for a Job
Job Name	This column shows the Job Name
Baseline Budget – Hours/Quant	This column displays total number of hours for time entries on the Baseline Budget and total quantity of cost entries on the Baseline Budget
Baseline Budget – Revenue	This column displays total billing price of the Baseline Budget
Baseline Budget – Cost	This column displays total cost price of the Baseline Budget

Column	Description
Working Budget – Hours/Quant	This column displays total number of hours for time entries on the Working Budget and total quantity of cost entries on the Working Budget
Working Budget – Revenue	This column displays total billing price of the Working Budget
Working Budget – Cost	This column displays total cost price of the Working Budget
Registered – Hours/Quant	This column displays total number of hours for time entries registered on the Job and total quantity of cost entries registered on the Job
Registered – Revenue	This column displays total billing price registered on the Job
Registered – Cost	This column displays total cost price registered on the Job
Open – Hours/Quant	This column displays total number of hours for time entries registered on the Job and total quantity of cost entries registered on the Job but not yet invoiced to the Customer
Open – Revenue	This column displays total billing price registered on the Job but not yet invoiced to the Customer
Invoiced - Hours/Quant	This column displays total number of hours for time entries invoiced on the Job and total quantity of cost entries invoiced on the Job
Invoiced – Revenue	This column displays total billing price invoiced on the Job
Up/Down – Hours/Quant	This column displays total number of hours for time entries or total quantity of cost entries written up or written down on the Job
Up/Down – Up/Down	This column displays total billing price of entries written up or written down on the Job

Project Follow Up – Total

The Project Follow Up – Total report shows the same information shown in the Project Follow Up – Project report but for multiple Projects

Project Workspace

The Project Workspace Shows key metrics from a single Project. Includes information on:

- Hours – Actual, Budget and Forecast
- Financials – Actual, Budget and Forecast
- Open Entries / Invoiced Entries / Written Up/Down

Hours Table:

Column	Description
Actuals	<p>This column shows the following:</p> <p>Total → Total number of hours registered on the Job</p> <p>Open → Number of hours registered on the Job which are open</p> <p>Invoiced → Total number of hours invoiced on the Job</p> <p>Up/Down → Total number of hours written up or written down on the Job</p> <p>To Approve → Total number of hours included in Submitted Timesheets for this Job</p> <p>Non Submitted → Total number of hours included in Timesheets for this Job which have not been submitted</p>
Budget	<p>This column shows the following:</p> <p>Total → Total number of hours in the Baseline Budget</p>
Forecast	<p>This column shows the following:</p> <p>Total → Total number of hours in the Working Budget</p>

Financials Table:

Column	Description
Actuals	<p>This column shows the following:</p> <p>Revenue, rec. → Total amount of Revenue Recognized on this Job</p> <p>Cost → Total Cost Price registered on this Job</p> <p>Margin → Revenue rec. minus Cost</p> <p>Margin % → Margin divided by Revenue rec.</p> <p>Open → Total Open Billing Price on this Job</p> <p>Invoiced → Total Invoiced amount on this Job</p> <p>Up/Down → Total amount written up/down on this Job</p> <p>On Account → Total amount Invoiced on Account</p> <p>Net On Account → Total amount Invoiced on Account and yet to be matched to actuals</p>
Budget	<p>This column shows the following:</p> <p>Revenue, rec. → Total billing price from Baseline Budget</p> <p>Cost → Total Cost Price from Baseline Budget</p> <p>Margin → Revenue rec. minus Cost</p> <p>Margin % → Margin divided by Revenue rec.</p>

Column	Description
Forecast	This column shows the following: Revenue, rec. → Total billing price from Working Budget Cost → Total Cost Price from Working Budget Margin → Revenue rec. minus Cost Margin % → Margin divided by Revenue rec.

Budget Control

The Budget Control report is the same as the Project Follow Up – By Project report

Budget Control Total

The Budget Control Total report is the same as the Project Follow Up – Total report

Subscription Detail

The Subscription Detail report lists all Subscription Orders raised

Column	Description
Sales person	This column shows the identifier and name of the associated Sales Person
Subscription order number	This column shows the identifier for the Subscription Order
Customer	This column shows the Number and Name of the Ship To Customer
Payment Customer	This column shows the Number and Name of the Payment Customer
Subscription Status	This column shows the Status of the Subscription
Base	This column shows the value of the Subscription in Base (Company) currency
Currency	This column shows the value of the Subscription in entered currency

Affärsmöjligheter

The Affärsmöjligheter report lists all Opportunities within a date range and with a particular Status.

Column	Description
Account	This column shows the identifier and name of the associated Sales Person
Affärsmöjlighet	The column displays the Opportunity number and opportunity name
Status	The column displays the current Status of the Opportunity
Startdatum	The Start Date of the Opportunity is shown here
Slutdatum	The Closing Date of the Opportunity is shown here
Sannolikhet	Probability % of the Opportunity being Won
Omsättning	The column displays Sales Estimate of the opportunity.
Viktad omsättning	The column displays Sales Estimate of the opportunity, weighted by the probability percentage.
Byråintäkt	The expected Income from this Opportunity
Viktad byråintäkt	The column displays Weighted Sales Estimate of the opportunity, weighted by the probability percentage

Customer Contact Information

The Customer Contact Information report provides an overview of contact information for your customers.

Customer					Sales Person		
No.	Name	Address	Attention	Country	No.	Name	Our Contact
10000	Exempelkund			Sverige			
10001	Dagens Nyheter AB	Fredhällsgatan 34, Box 101, 123 33, Stockholm	Ola Svensson	Sverige	105	Annie Leonard	
10002	Illy Svenska AB	Storgatan 28, Box 32, 112 52, Stockholm	Ola Svensson	Sverige	104	Martin White	
10003	Swedish Match AB	Storgatan 43, 123 44, Stockholm	Ola Svensson	Sverige	104	Martin White	
10004	Bolagsverket AB	Gästa Nilssons väg 3, Box 2, 323 33, Arvika	Jim Johansson	Sverige	104	Martin White	
10005	Industriteknik AB	Svanvargatan 4, 111 23, Stockholm	Lars Adaktusson	Sverige	104	Martin White	
10006	Tele4 AB	Drottninggatan 32, Box 12, 123 44, Stockholm	Johanna Palm	Sverige	104	Martin White	
10007	Conductor AB	Götgatan 1, 123 12, Stockholm		Sverige	104	Martin White	
10008	Kanal5	Storgatan 43, Box 32, 123 33, Stockholm	Linn Svensson	Sverige	104	Martin White	
10009	Apple Sverige AB	Storgatan 2, 123 33, Stockholm	Ola Svensson	Sverige	104	Martin White	
10010	One Agency AB	Storgatan 34, Box 3, 123 33, Stockholm	Gun Falk	Sverige	104	Martin White	

There are no drill-down levels or links for this report.

Column	Description
Customer No.	This column displays the identification number of the customer.

Column	Description
Customer Name	This column displays the name of the customer.
Customer Group	This column displays the customer group to which the customer belongs.
Address	The Address columns display the name, postal district, and other address information of the customer.
Attention	This column displays the name that displays in the Attention line of customer correspondence.
Country	This column displays the name of the country in which the customer is located.
Sales Person No	This column displays the employee number of the sales person.
Sales Person Name	This column displays the employee name of the sales person.
Our Contact	This column displays the employee name of your contact person.

Sweden SIE Export

It is standard in some countries, like Sweden, for companies to transfer accounting data to accountants and auditing systems in the SIE text file format. The purpose of the report is to show details of the accounts balances. The SIE report shows the opening and closing of the balance sheet accounts and balances of the profit and loss accounts.

. The new SIE report exports the following information in two SIE file formats:

- Year-end balance (SIE 1)
- All recorded transactions and vouchers (SIE 4 and 4i)

Producing the Sweden SIE Report

1. In the Workspace Client, go to **Reporting » Reports » BPM Statutory Reporting » Sweden Statutory » SIE**
2. Enter the selection criteria for running the report and click **Run Report**.
3. You will receive a message stating “Background task created.” The file will be produced in the next 40 minutes.
4. To retrieve the file follow the steps in the next section.

Retrieving the Sweden SIE Report

1. In the Workspace Client, go to **Reporting » Reports » BPM Statutory Reporting » Statutory Report Retrieval**
2. The report you produced will be listed in the Statutory reports available for retrieval tab (the report will take up to 40 minutes after you followed the production steps to appear in this list)
3. Click on the report in the list and click **Download report**.
4. Choose the location to which you want to save the report.

Setup

The Finance universe of BPM Reporting use reporting structures to structure and filter accounts. Sweden BPM reports require the setup of reporting structures.

Please contact your Customer Success Manager if you require assistance in reporting structures.

SIE Export

The report is created as an SE file. The name of the file is based on the file type ("1" for SIE 1 and "4" for SIE 4). For every header it will create a new line.

Field	Description	SIE Type 1	SIE Type 4
#FLAGGA	Flag item that specifies whether the file has been received by the recipient	Compulsory	Compulsory
#PROGRAM	The program that generated the file	Compulsory	Compulsory
#FORMAT	The character set that is used	Compulsory	Compulsory
#GEN	When and who generated the file. Dates are specified using the YYYYMMDD format	Compulsory	Compulsory
#SIETYP	The type of SIE format the file follows	Optional	Compulsory
#ORGNR	CIN of the exported company	Optional	Optional
#ADRESS	Company address information	Optional	Optional
#FNAMN	Complete name of the exported company	Compulsory	Compulsory
#RAR	Financial year from which the exported data is retrieved	Compulsory <i>Items for both current and previous financial years are to be present. Previous year items can be omitted where these figures are not available.</i>	4I - Optional 4E - Compulsory <i>Items for both current and previous financial years are to be present. Previous year items can be omitted where these</i>

Field	Description	SIE Type 1	SIE Type 4
			<i>figures are not available.</i>
Chart of Accounts Information			
#KONTO	Account information	Compulsory	4I - Optional 4E - Compulsory
#SRU	RSV code for standardized accounts extract	Compulsory	Optional
#DIM	Dimension	Not Applicable	Optional
#UNDERDIM	Sub-dimension	Not Applicable	Optional
#OBJEKT	Object	Not Applicable	Optional
Balance Items/Verification Items			
#IB	Opening balance for balance sheet account	Compulsory <i>Items for both current and previous financial years are to be present. Previous year items can be omitted where these figures are not available.</i>	4I - Not Applicable 4E - Compulsory <i>Items for both current and previous financial years are to be present. Previous year items can be omitted where these figures are not available.</i>
#UB	Closing balance for balance sheet account	Compulsory <i>Items for both current and previous financial years are to be present. Previous year items can be omitted where these figures are not available.</i>	4I - Not Applicable 4E - Compulsory <i>Items for both current and previous financial years are to be present. Previous year items can be omitted where these figures are not available.</i>
#RES	Balance item for a profit and loss account	Compulsory <i>Items for both current and previous financial years are to be present.</i>	4I - Not Applicable 4E - Compulsory <i>Items for both current</i>

Field	Description	SIE Type 1	SIE Type 4
		<i>Previous year items can be omitted where these figures are not available.</i>	<i>and previous financial years are to be present. Previous year items can be omitted where these figures are not available.</i>
#VER	Verification item	Not Applicable	Optional
#TRANS	Transaction item	Not Applicable	Optional

Prompts

Prompt Title	Description	Mandatory
Charts of Account Type	Answering this prompt should restrict to only show accounts on the selected Charts of Account Type. Accepts single value.	Yes
Company No.	Answering this prompt should restrict to only show accounts on the selected company. Accepts single value.	Yes
Fiscal Year-Period (YYYY-MM)	Restricts account transactions on the specified period.	Yes
Number of Previous Year	Shows comparative years. If the user selects "0" then only current year will be shown, while user selects "1" it will shows current and previous year and so on.	Yes
Enter [1] for SIE 1 or Enter [4] for SIE 4	Shows what file type should be created. ("1" for SIE 1 and "4" for SIE 4)	Yes

Norwegian Tax Settlement Reports

The Norway Tax Settlement Report is available via Business Objects for Norwegian customers. The report can be accessed and run from BI Launchpad (links to BI Launchpad in the WSC) and is called **Cloud_NO_Tax Settlement**.

In most countries, tax needs to be reported to authorities in basis amounts and tax amounts. Additionally, tax amounts must be tied to vendors and customers in order to simplify reconciliation against customer

and vendor invoices. This is important in order for finance personnel and auditors to verify the tax of a company.

In Norway, there is an official electronic reporting system called Altinn. All the companies must report taxes in this system according to its requirements.

The Tax Settlement NORWAY reports accounts for these two measures:

- **Basis Amounts** — The base amount for calculating the tax. The formula for the basis amount that is subject to tax (meaning, to be used further in the calculation of the tax), is:

Subject to Tax = Original Basis - Tax Exempt - Export

- **Tax Amounts** — The tax amounts that are calculated from the basis amount that is subject to tax. The tax amount to be paid/received is calculated as:

Net Tax = Original Tax - Non-Deductible Tax - Deferred Tax

The purpose of the Tax Settlement NORWAY reports is four-fold:

- To provide the statistical data about the tax basis amounts leading to the subject to tax amount.
- To provide the overview of individual tax amounts to be reported (and received/paid) and associate these to the different reporting authorities.
- To break down tax amounts by customer and vendor and associate to invoice numbers.
- To easily report the company's taxes with the Altinn system.

The following Tax Settlement NORWAY reports are available:

- RF - 0002
- Tax Settlement Summary
- Tax Settlement Details
- Tax Settlement Details, by Invoice

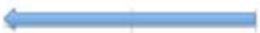
RF – 0002

Layout

RF-0002 Skattemelding merverdiavgift alminnelig næring

Tax Reporting Unit:	NO 30	Tax Settlement No.:	26
Company No:	30	Period:	3/ 2 016 - 4/ 2 016
Company Name:	SINTEF OCEAN AS		
Tax No:	937 357 370MVA		
Tax office:	Sør- Trøndelag Fylkesskattekontor		

30 SINTEF OCEAN AS  section on company number and name

NOK  section on reporting currency

Avgiftsposter	Grunnlag	Avgift
A. Samlet omsetning, uttak og innførsel		
Post 1 Samlet omsetning utenfor merverdiavgiftsloven	<input type="text"/>	
Post 2 Samlet omsetning og uttak innenfor merverdiavgiftsloven og innførsel	<input type="text"/>	
B. Innenlands omsetning og uttak		
Post 3 Innenlands omsetning og uttak, og beregnet avgift 25%	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Post 4 Innenlands omsetning og uttak, og beregnet avgift 15%	<input type="text"/>	+ <input type="text"/>
Post 5 Innenlands omsetning og uttak, og beregnet avgift 10%	<input type="text"/>	+ <input type="text"/>
Post 6 Innenlands omsetning og uttak fritatt for merverdiavgift	<input type="text"/>	
Post 7 Innenlands omsetning med omvendt avgiftsplikt	<input type="text"/>	
C. Utførsel		

Table Columns

Column	Header Title	Description
Avgiftsposter		This column displays line names according to Altinn system.
Grunnlag		This column displays the original tax basis grouped according to Altinn's requirements.
Avgift		This column displays the tax amount grouped according to Altinn's requirements. Subject to Tax = Basis - Exempt - Export

Tax Settlement Summary

Layout

Tax Settlement Summary						
9 Deltek	526355	← section on company number, name and company tax number.				
USD	← section on reporting currency					
Settlement Type	Level	Tax Type	Tax Basis	Tax Exempt	Export	Subject to Tax
Receiveable	1	Government	5000,00	0,00	0,00	5000,00
		Transport	2300,00	0,00	0,00	2300,00
	Total Level 1		7300,00	0,00	0,00	7300,00
	2	Province	4000,00	500,00	500,00	3000,00
		Foods	2200,00	400,00	0,00	1800,00
	Total Level 2		6200,00	900,00	500,00	4800,00
Total Receiveable			13500,00	900,00	500,00	12100,00
Payable					
Investment					

Table Columns

Column	Header Title	Description
Tax Settlement Type		This column displays the tax settlement type of the data in the rows.
Tax Level		This column displays the tax level of the data in the row. If multiple tax levels are not applicable, the column is collapsed.
Tax Type		This column displays the tax type of the data in the row.
Tax	Basis	This column displays the original tax basis.
Tax	Exempt	This column displays the basis amounts that are exempted from tax.
Tax	Export	This column displays the basis amounts that are not taxable because they are regarding exports.
Subject to Tax		This column displays the basis amount that is subject to tax. This is calculated as: Subject to Tax = Basis - Exempt - Export

Tax Settlement Details

Layout

Tax Settlement Details						
9 Deltek	526355	<i>section on company number, name and company tax number.</i>				
USD		<i>section on reporting currency</i>				
Settlement Type	Tax Code	Tax Rate	Tax Amount	Non-Deductible	Deferred	Net Tax Amount
Receiveable	GST 6%	6%	5000,00	0,00	100,00	5000,00
	Total GST 6%		5000,00	0,00	100,00	5000,00
	HST 8%	8%	2300,00	0,00	0,00	2300,00
	Total HST 8%		2300,00	0,00	0,00	2300,00
Total Receiveable			7300,00	0,00	100,00	7300,00
Payable	PST 21%	21%	4000,00	800,00	200,00	3200,00
	Total PST 21%		4000,00	800,00	200,00	3200,00
Total Payable			4000,00	800,00	200,00	3200,00
Investment					

Table Columns

Column	Header Title	Description
Tax Settlement Type		This column displays the tax settlement type of the data in the rows.
Tax Code		This column displays the tax code of the data in the row.
Tax Rate		This column displays the tax rate (percentage) of the tax code.
Tax Amount		This column displays the tax amount calculated from the basis amount that is subject to tax.
Non-Deductible		This column displays the amount of the tax amount which is not deductible. This is stated on the related tax code.
Deferred		This column displays the amount of the tax amount which is deferred. This is stated on the related tax code.
Net Tax Amount		This column displays the net tax amount which is calculated as: Net Tax = Tax - Non-Deductible - Deferred

Tax Settlement Details, by Invoice

Layout

VAT Settlement, by Invoice									
9 Deltek	526355								
USD <i>section on company number, name and company tax number.</i>									
Receivable <i>section on tax reporting unit</i>									
Tax Code	Vendor No.	Name	Country	EU Member	Invoice No.	Subject to Tax	Rate	Tax on Tax	Tax Amount
GST 6%	5344	Some Vendor	Denmark	Yes	6277362	4000,00	6,0%	No	240,00
	5366	Another Vendor	Sweden	Yes	6277388	10000,00	8,0%	No	800,00
Total GST 6%									1040,00
Total Receivable									1040,00
Payable									
Tax Code	Customer EU Member	Name	Country	EU Member	Invoice No.	Subject to Tax	Rate	Tax on Tax	Tax Amount
PST 21%	No	My Customer	Australia	No	255162	7000,00	21%	No	1470,00
Total PST 21%									1470,00
Total Receivable									1470,00
Investment									
.....									

Table Columns

Column	Header Title	Description
Tax Code		This column displays the tax code of the data in the row.
Vendor / Customer	No.	This column displays the number of the vendor/customer associated the data in the row. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For receivable tax, the table displays vendors. For payable tax, the table displays customers. The header follows this distinction, as do the columns below.
Vendor / Customer	Name	This column displays the name of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row.
Vendor / Customer	Country	This column displays the country of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row.
Vendor / Customer	EU Member	This column displays whether the country of the vendor/customer associated with the data in the row is an EU member.
Vendor / Customer	Invoice No.	This column displays the vendor/customer invoice number associated the data in the row.
Subject to Tax		This column displays the basis amount that is subject to tax. This is calculated as:

Norwegian SAFT Report

It is statutory in Norway and other EU countries to use the Standard Audit File-tax (SAFT) requirements to export various types of accounting transactional data in the XML format. The Norwegian SAFT report meets this requirement and exports Maconomy data in the XML format. The exported data includes general ledger entries, customer and supplier transactions, and the necessary master data.

Producing the Norwegian SAFT Report

1. In the Workspace Client, go to **Reporting » Reports » BPM Statutory Reporting » Norway Statutory » Norway Statutory Reports**.
2. Enter the selection criteria for running the report and click **Generate Report**.
3. You will receive a message stating "Background task created." The file will be produced in the next 40 minutes.
4. To retrieve the file follow the steps in the next section.

Retrieving the Norwegian SAFT Report

1. In the Workspace Client, go to **Reporting » Reports » BPM Statutory Reporting » Statutory Report Retrieval**.

The report you produced will be listed in the Statutory reports available for retrieval tab (the report will take up to 40 minutes after you followed the production steps to appear in this list)

2. Click on the report in the list and click **Download report**.
3. Choose the location to which you want to save the report.

Setup

The use of Maconomy's Tax Settlement functionality must be in place for the Tax Information details to populate in the report, as required by Norwegian SKAT.

- The mapping fields below need to be filled in the appropriate dialogs, as provided. For example, the <Company> attribute means that the Company Information card has certain fields that must be completed, such as Company Registration No.
- Header information is populated via selection criterion or other means. You do not need to do anything for this area.
- Most of the fields should already be filled in the system. To confirm this, double-check each line to ensure that the fields are populated and the correct data is extracted in the report.

Reference Materials

<http://www.skatteetaten.no/no/Bedrift-og-organisasjon/frister-attester-og-regnskap/Bokforing-og-regnskap/standardformat-regnskap-saf-t/dokumentasjon/>

- Norwegian SAF-T Financial data – Documentation (this section)
- Norwegian SAF-T Financial data – Technical description (XML elements)
- Diagrams (picture files) of the XSD Schema
- Norwegian SAF-T Standard VAT codes

The export is based on the XML Schema – (www.github.com/skatteetaten/saf-t)

Note: This version of the SAF-T data export is limited to the general ledger level, including customer and supplier transactions. Necessary master data is also included

Import Bank Account Numbers for Customers

Bank Account No. is a mandatory field in the Norwegian SAFT report and is not visible in the standard layout in the Customers workspace. You must use an import file to fill this field with bank account numbers in the Customers workspace.

Note: The import file is only applicable in the Customers workspace.

To add bank account numbers:

1. Create a tab-separated data file with customer information, as shown.

```

1 CUSTOMER:Format CustomerNumber Name1 Country BankAccount
2 CUSTOMER 123456 Nice Homes Ltd United Kingdom 98765432
3

```

A template file is also enclosed here:



UpdateBankAccount

2. In Maconomy, go to **Accounts Receivable » AR Setup » Customer » List of Customers**.
3. Click the **Import** button.
4. Check Internal Names, Progress Bar and Logging and ensure that Run Mode = **Import**.
5. Click **Import**.
6. Select the import file.
7. To check that the field has updated in the Customers workspace and the List of Customers tab, right-click in the customer table and select **Customize Columns**.
8. Select the **Bank Acct. No.** column.
The values you imported into the Bank Acct. No. column are displayed.

Import SWIFT Code for Customers and Vendors

SWIFT Code is not a visible field in the standard layout in the Customers and Vendors workspaces. You must use an import file to fill this field.

To add Swift Code:

1. Create a tab-separated data file with SWIFT code information, as shown:

```

1 CUSTOMER:Format CustomerNumber Name1 Country SWIFTCode
2 CUSTOMER 123456 Nice Homes Ltd United Kingdom 192020393
3

1 VENDOR:Format VendorNumber Name1 Country SWIFTCode
2 VENDOR 987654 The Main Vendor United Kingdom 393020291
3

```

Template files are also enclosed here:



Customers_ImportS
WIFT.txt



Vendors_ImportSWI
FT.txt

2. In Maconomy, go to **Accounts Receivable » AR Setup » Customer » List of Customers OR Accounts Payable » AP Setup » Vendors » List of Vendors.**
3. Click the **Import** button.
4. Check Internal Names, Progress Bar and Logging and ensure that Run Mode = **Import**.
5. Click **Import**.
6. Select the import file.
7. To check that the field has updated In the Customers workspace and the List of Customers tab, right-click in the customer table and select **Customize Columns**.
8. Select the **SWIFT Code** column.
The values you imported into the SWIFT Code. column are displayed.
9. To check that the field has updated In the Vendors workspace and the List of Vendors tab, right-click in the vendor table and select **Customize Columns**.
10. Select the **SWIFT Code** column. The values you imported into the Swift Code. column are displayed.

Setup in Tax Authority

No setup is required.

Reporting Structure for NSAFT

The NSAFT report uses a reporting structure to group finance data.

To create a reporting structure for NSAFT:

1. Go to **Setup » System Setup » Parameters and Numbers » Option Lists**.
2. Click **+ New Option List**.
3. In the **Option List No.** field, enter **Finance**.
4. Click **Create**.
5. On the Options sub-tab, click **Add Option** or press **Ctrl + M**.
6. In the **Name** and **Description** fields, enter **NSAFT**.
7. Click **Save Option (Enter)**, then click **Save Option List (Enter)**.
8. Go to **Setup » Reporting » Reporting Structures**.
9. Click **+ New Reporting Structure**.
10. In the Create Reporting Structure dialog, enter the following setting:
 - **Type** — Accounts or Local Accounts
 - **Option List** — Finance
 - **Selected Value** — NSAFT
11. Click **Create**.
12. Insert group headers, sub-group headers to provide the desired account structure.
13. Add accounts to the individual groups of the reporting structure.

Grouping Headers

The grouping headers specified in the reporting structure is mapped to the generated XML file following the structure below:

Tags (attributes indented)	Mapping
<MasterFiles>	
<GeneralLedgerAccounts>	
<Account>	
<AccountID>	[Account No.]
<AccountDescription>	[Account Description]
<StandardAccountID>	[Grouping Level 1]
<GroupingCategory>	[Grouping Level 2]
<GroupingCode>	[Grouping Level 3]
<Account>	
<GeneralLedgerAccounts>	
<MasterFiles>	

Norway Statutory Reports Details

Below are the field descriptions for the Norway Statutory Reports Workspace.

Reporting » Reports » BPM Statutory Reporting » Norway Statutory » Norway Statutory Reports

Prompt	Description	Required?
Company No.	Only entries belonging to the selected company numbers are included.	Yes
Year-Period	Only include entries within the specified Year-Period range	Yes
Chart of Accounts Type	Choose to only include Global or Local accounts.	Yes
Header Comment	Add comments to the exported XML file.	No

Norwegian SAFT Report Action

Action	Description
Generate Report	This action generates a background task that will perform the data export based on the entered selection criteria.

Norwegian SAFT Report Details

Below are the field descriptions for the Norwegian Standard Audit File-tax (SAF-T) Report.

The XML schema is based on the XSD of the Norwegian_SAF-T_Financial_Schema_v_1.00.xsd, which can be found at www.github.com/skatteetaten/saf-t.

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="yes"?>	
<AuditFile xmlns="urn:StandardAuditFile-Taxation-Financial:NO">	
<Header>	
<AuditFileVersion>	Version of standard audit file being used.
<AuditFileCountry>	Two-letter country code according to ISO 3166-1 alpha 2 standard.
<AuditFileDateCreated>	Date of production of the audit file.
<SoftwareCompanyName>	Name of the software company whose product created the audit file.
<SoftwareID>	Name of the software that generated the audit file.
<SoftwareVersion>	Version of the software that generated the audit file.
<Company>	
<RegistrationNumber>	Organization number from the relevant government authority.
<Name>	The name of the company.
<Address>	
<StreetName>	Street name where the company is located
<Number>	House or building number of the company

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<City>	Name of the city/post district
<PostalCode>	Postal code for the relevant city/post district
<Region>	Country specific code to indicate regions / provinces within the tax authority.
<Country>	Two-letter country code according to ISO 3166-1 alpha 2 standard.
</Address>	
<Contact>	
<ContactPerson>	
<FirstName>	Not in use. Full name is inserted in the element for last name.
<LastName>	Full name of the contact person
</ContactPerson>	
<Telephone>	Telephone number of the company
<Fax>	Fax number of the company
<Email>	E-mail address.
</Contact>	
<TaxRegistration>	
<TaxRegistrationNumber>	The company's VAT (MVA) number.
<TaxAuthority>	Identification of the Revenue Body to which this TaxType refers.
<TaxVerificationDate>	The date that the tax registration details were last checked or when the tax registration was completed in the VAT register
</TaxRegistration>	
<BankAccount>	
<IBANNumber>	International Bank Account Number, ISO 13616

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<BankAccountNumber>	The number allocated to the account by the individual's or company's own bank.
<CurrencyCode>	Currency Code for the bank account from ISO 4217.
</BankAccount>	
</Company>	
<DefaultCurrencyCode>	Three letter Currency Code (ISO 4217) of local currency which is the default for the audit file.
<SelectionCriteria>	
<CompanyEntity>	User input. Company number where the data export is based.
<SelectionStartDate>	User input. The start date for the reporting period covered by the SAF-T
<SelectionEndDate>	User input. The end date for the reporting period covered by the SAF-T
</SelectionCriteria>	
<HeaderComment>	Space for any further generic comments on the audit file.
<TaxAccountingBasis>	Type of data in the audit file.
<TaxEntity>	Company / Division / Branch reference
<UserID>	ID of the user that generated the audit file.
</Header>	
<MasterFiles>	
<GeneralLedgerAccounts>	
<Account>	
<AccountID>	General ledger account code/number.
<AccountDescription>	Name of individual general ledger account.
<StandardAccountID>	Standard general ledger account code/number.

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<GroupingCategory>	Category for grouping the accounts, relevant in reconciling financial statements
<GroupingCode>	Subcode for grouping the accounts, relevant in reconciling financial statements
<AccountType>	Type of account. Set standard account in the StandardAccountID element.
<AccountCreationDate>	Date of when the general ledger account was created.
<OpeningDebitBalance>	Debit balance at the start date of the selection period.
<OpeningCreditBalance>	Credit balance at the start date of the selection period.
<ClosingDebitBalance>	Debit balance at the end date of the selection period
<ClosingCreditBalance>	Credit balance at the end date of the selection period
</Account>	
</GeneralLedgerAccounts>	
<Customers>	
<Customer>	
<RegistrationNumber>	Organization number of the customer from the relevant government authority.
<Name>	the name of the customer
<Address>	
<StreetName>	Street name where the company is located
<Number>	House or building number of the company
<City>	Name of the city/post district
<PostalCode>	Postal code for the relevant city/post district
<Region>	Country specific code to indicate regions / provinces within the tax authority.

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<Country>	Two-letter country code according to ISO 3166-1 alpha 2 standard.
</Address>	
<Contact>	
<ContactPerson>	
<FirstName>	Not in use. Full name is inserted in the element for last name.
<LastName>	Full name of the contact person
</ContactPerson>	
<Telephone>	Telephone number of the company customer
<Fax>	Fax number of the company customer
<Email>	E-mail address of the company customer
</Contact>	
<TaxRegistration>	
<TaxRegistrationNumber>	The company's VAT (MVA) number.
<TaxAuthority>	Identification of the Revenue Body to which this TaxType refers.
<TaxVerificationDate>	The date that the tax registration details were last checked or when the tax registration was completed in the VAT register
</TaxRegistration>	
<BankAccount>	
<IBANNumber>	International Bank Account Number, ISO 13616
<BankAccountNumber>	The number allocated to the account by the individual's or company's own bank.
<BIC>	Bank Identifier Code.
<CurrencyCode>	Currency Code for the Bank Account from ISO 4217.

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<GeneralLedgerAccountID>	Link to a General Ledger account.
</BankAccount>	
<CustomerID>	Unique account code/number for the customer.
<AccountID>	General ledger account code/number for this customer.
<OpeningDebitBalance>	Debit balance at the start date of the selection period.
<OpeningCreditBalance>	Credit balance at the start date of the selection period.
<ClosingDebitBalance>	Debit balance at the end date of the selection period
<ClosingCreditBalance>	Credit balance at the end date of the selection period
<PartyInfo>	
<PaymentTerms>	
<Days>	Days of respite before due date from invoice date.
<CashDiscountDays>	Number of days from the invoice date the cash discount can be deducted.
<CashDiscountRate>	Rate for calculating cash discount.
</PaymentTerms>	
<CurrencyCode>	Three-letter currency code according to ISO 4217 standard.
</PartyInfo>	
</Customer>	
</Customers>	
<Suppliers>	
<Supplier>	

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<RegistrationNumber>	Organization number of the supplier/vendor from the relevant government authority.
<Name>	The name of the supplier/vendor
<Address>	
<StreetName>	Street name where the company is located
<Number>	House or building number of the company
<City>	Name of the city/post district
<PostalCode>	Postal code for the relevant city/post district
<Country>	Two-letter country code according to ISO 3166-1 alpha 2 standard.
</Address>	
<Contact>	
<ContactPerson>	
<FirstName>	Not in use. Full name is inserted in the element for last name.
<LastName>	Full name of the contact person
</ContactPerson>	
<Telephone>	Telephone number of the company supplier/vendor
<Fax>	Fax number of the company supplier/vendor
<Email>	E-mail address of the company supplier/vendor
</Contact>	
<TaxRegistration>	
<TaxRegistrationNumber>	The company's VAT (MVA) number.
<TaxAuthority>	Identification of the Revenue Body to which this TaxType refers.
</TaxRegistration>	The date that the tax registration details referred to above were last checked or when

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
	the tax registration was completed in the VAT register
<BankAccount>	
<IBANNumber>	International Bank Account Number, ISO 13616
<BIC>	Bank Identifier Code.
<BankAccountNumber>	The number allocated to the account by the individual's or company's own bank.
<CurrencyCode>	Currency Code for the Bank Account from ISO 4217.
<GeneralLedgerAccountID>	Link to a General Ledger account.
</BankAccount>	
<SupplierID>	Unique account code/number for the supplier/vendor
<OpeningDebitBalance>	Debit balance at the start date of the selection period.
<OpeningCreditBalance>	Credit balance at the start date of the selection period.
<ClosingDebitBalance>	Debit balance at the end date of the selection period
<ClosingCreditBalance>	Credit balance at the end date of the selection period
<PartyInfo>	
<PaymentTerms>	
<Days>	Days of respite before due date from invoice date.
<CashDiscountDays>	Number of days from the invoice date the cash discount can be deducted.
<CashDiscountRate>	Rate for calculating cash discount.
</PaymentTerms>	

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<CurrencyCode>	Three-letter currency code according to ISO 4217 standard.
</PartyInfo>	
</Supplier>	
</Suppliers>	
<TaxTable>	
<TaxTableEntry>	
<TaxType>	Tax type for look-up in tables. "MVA" is the only valid value.
<Description>	Description of the Tax Type. "Merverdiavgift" is the only valid value.
<TaxCodeDetails>	
<TaxCode>	Tax Code for lookup in tables.
<EffectiveDate>	Representing the starting date for this entry.
<ExpirationDate>	Representing the ending date for this entry.
<Description>	Description of the Tax Code.
<TaxPercentage>	Tax percentage.
<Country>	Two-letter country code
<StandardTaxCode>	Standard Tax Code.
<BaseRate>	Base rates used for the tax code. Standard is 100 (the whole amount is tax deductible).
</TaxCodeDetails>	
</TaxTableEntry>	
</TaxTable>	
<AnalysisTypeTable>	
<AnalysisTypeTableEntry>	

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<AnalysisType>	Analysis type identifier/code for the dimension type
<AnalysisTypeDescription>	Description of the dimension type.
<AnalysisID>	Analysis ID of the specific dimension entity.
<AnalysisIDDescription>	Description of the specific dimension entity.
<StartDate>	Start date.
<EndDate>	End date.
<Analysis>	
<AnalysisType>	Analysis type identifier/code for the dimension type
<AnalysisID>	Analysis ID of the specific dimension
</Analysis>	
</AnalysisTypeTableEntry>	
</AnalysisTypeTable>	
</MasterFiles>	
<GeneralLedgerEntries>	
<NumberOfEntries>	Number of entries. This is the total number of Transaction entries.
<TotalDebit>	The total of all debit amounts in the header's default currency.
<TotalCredit>	The total of all credit amounts in the header's default currency.
<Journal>	
<JournalID>	Source GL journal identifier, or invoices and payments in single ledger systems. The only valid value is "A"
<Description>	Description of the Journal
<Type>	Grouping mechanism for journals. The only valid value is "A"

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<Transaction>	
<TransactionID>	The number/ID of the accounting document/voucher.
<Period>	Accounting Period.
<PeriodYear>	The year of the Accounting Period.
<TransactionDate>	The date of the accounting document/voucher.
<SourceID>	Details of person or application that entered the transaction.
<TransactionType>	Type of journaltransaction: normal, (automated) periodically, etc.
<Description>	Description of Journal Transaction.
<BatchID>	Systems generated ID for batch.
<SystemEntryDate>	The date when the transaction was entered into the system.
<GLPostingDate>	The date when the transaction was updated to the database.
<CustomerID>	Not in use(?) currently contains the customer number of the entry.
<SupplierID>	Not in use(?) currently contains the vendor number of the entry.
<SystemID>	Unique ID/number created by the system for the accounting document/voucher.
<Line>	
<RecordID>	Identifier to trace entry to journal line or posting reference.
<AccountID>	General ledger account code/number.
<Analysis>	
<AnalysisType>	Analysis type identifier/code for the dimension type
<AnalysisID>	Analysis ID of the specific dimension.

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<AnalysisAmount>	
<Amount>	Amount in the header's default currency
<CurrencyCode>	Three-letter currency code according to ISO 4217 standard.
<CurrencyAmount>	Amount in foreign currency.
<ExchangeRate>	Derived from amount divided by currency amount.
</AnalysisAmount>	
</Analysis>	
<SourceDocumentID>	Source document number to which line relates.
<CustomerID>	Unique account code/number for the customer.
<SupplierID>	Unique account code/number for the supplier/vendor.
<Description>	Description of the Journal Line.
<DebitAmount>	
<Amount>	Debit (or Credit) amount information for transaction.
<CurrencyCode>	Three-letter currency code according to ISO 4217 standard.
<CurrencyAmount>	Amount in foreign currency.
</DebitAmount>	
<TaxInformation>	
<TaxType>	Tax type for look-up in tables.
<TaxCode>	Tax Code for lookup in tables.
<TaxPercentage>	Tax percentage.
<TaxBase>	The base on which the tax is calculated.
<TaxAmount>	

Tags (attributes indented)	Description
<Amount>	Amount in the header's default currency.
<CurrencyCode>	Three-letter currency code according to ISO 4217 standard.
<CurrencyAmount>	Amount in foreign currency.
</TaxAmount>	
</TaxInformation>	
<ReferenceNumber>	The reference number, such as invoice or credit note number.
<SystemEntryTime>	The time when the transaction was entered into the system
</Line>	
</Transaction>	
</Journal>	
</GeneralLedgerEntries>	
</AuditFile>	

UK Reports

UK Making Tax Digital (MTD) Tax Submission Report

As of April 1, 2019, the UK HM Revenue and Customs (HMRC) tax authorities implemented the Making Tax Digital (MTD) process to use for various tax-related information, including submission of VAT returns. To support this requirement, the UK Tax Submissions workspace enables companies to retrieve VAT obligations and then submit the necessary VAT obligations (HMRC VAT 100 form) to HMRC.

Requirements and Compliance

Below is a summary of HMRC requirements. Note that Deltek is compliant on mandatory items.

HMRC Requirement	Constraint	Deltek Compliance
Retrieve VAT obligations	Mandatory	Compliant
Submit VAT return for period	Mandatory	Compliant
View VAT return	Optional	Optional requirements are not supported at this time.
Retrieve VAT liabilities	Optional	Optional requirements are not supported at this time.

HMRC Requirement	Constraint	Deltek Compliance
Retrieve VAT payments	Optional	Optional requirements are not supported at this time.

The VAT submission consists of three parts:

1. **Authentication with the HMRC API** — This is done using the OAuth 2.0 protocol. This requires the user to login with their personal / company credentials to the HMRC website and give Maconomy access to the required APIs.

Maconomy enables this requirement through the UK Tax Submission functionality discussed in this document.

2. **Request VAT Obligations** — You must request VAT obligations from HMRC for the given company for a given time period (within 1 calendar year). These obligations contain a period key, start date, end date and last submission date. The obligations will typically be monthly or quarterly depending on the size of the company.

Maconomy enables this requirement through the UK Tax Submission functionality discussed in this document.

3. **Submit a Given VAT Obligation** — This requires to calculate the financial data for the period to obtain the necessary numbers. The data can then be submitted to the API and also kept in Maconomy to view the history. Maconomy meets this requirement with updated functionality to file the 9 Box VAT 100 form (run behind the scenes) with HMRC. Users are able to view a summary of that filing in the UK Tax Submission workspace.

Setup

Notes:

Workspace Client access – The UK Tax Submissions tab is in the UK Statutory workspace. This workspace is in the Workspace Client under Reporting → Reports → BPM Statutory Reporting → UK Statutory.

To enable this feature:

1. This feature is enabled for all Maconomy Essentials customers on version 2.4.3 and higher.
2. VAT data is calculated using tax settlements, by default. If you do not perform tax settlement in Maconomy you will need to calculate VAT date using entry dates instead.
 - a. In the Workspace Client, go to **Settings » System Setup » Parameters and Numbers » System Parameters**.
 - b. Find the system parameter **Use Entry Dates for UK Tax Submission (Making Tax Digital)**.
 - c. On the System Parameter sub-tab, select the **Use Entry Dates for UK Tax Submission (Making Tax Digital)** check box.

Testing

If you would like to test the UK MTD functionality in your Non-Production environment/s please register as a Beta site with HMRC:

<https://developer.service.hmrc.gov.uk>

This allows you access to a Test environment within HMRC.

Note: Deltek is unable to support our Customers in testing with HMRC. You must contact HMRC for assistance. Additionally, for any Developer Site issues, please contact HMRC Support.

Prerequisites

This feature has a data prerequisite using the Popup Fields. The popup TaxPopup1 is used to distinguish transactions about goods from other kinds of transactions. This popup should already be assigned to GL Tax Codes and Tax Codes. For the UK MTD functionality to work, please ensure that in TaxPopup1 the Boolean1 field for Goods is checked and for Non Goods is unchecked. This setup ensures that Boxes 8-9 of the VAT 100 form are populated appropriately. This setup is required because Maconomy does not otherwise delineate between goods and services on the GL and Tax Codes.

1. Open the Workspace Client.
2. Go to **Setup » System Setup » Parameters and Numbers » Popup Fields**, and find the Popup **Tax Popup 1** and open the record.
3. If needed, add the Boolean 1 column to the table. Right-click on that table and select **Customize columns**.
4. For the line related to **Goods**, select the Boolean 1 checkbox.
5. For the line not related to Goods, ensure the Boolean 1 checkbox is unchecked.
6. Set up country codes for each country that will be included in the report.
 - Go to **Setup » System Setup » Regional Settings » Countries Tab**.
 - Select a country.
 - In the **Country Code** field, enter the country code and click **Save**.
 - Repeat these steps for each country.

Procedures

Register Maconomy on the HMRC website to receive an access token to VAT information. The access token is valid for four hours and can be refreshed after an access token has expired. The tokens last for 18 months so you will only need to repeat the authentication process every 18 months.

HMRC API Authentication

1. In Maconomy, go to **Reports » BPM Statutory Reporting » UK Statutory » UK Tax Submissions**.
2. In the **VAT Submission** sub-tab, click on an existing record or create a new record, then click the **HMRC Login** link.
3. Enter your personal or company login credentials, and then click **Sign In**.
4. Click **Grant Authority**.
5. Click **Copy** to copy the code on the screen.

Note: The code expires in about 10 minutes. If expired, see steps below.
6. On the **VAT Submission** sub-tab, paste the code in the **Code** field.
7. Click **Get Authentication Token**. The **Authenticated** field in the dialog updates to show **Yes..**

Note: You can [refresh](#) an expired token as needed.

Refresh an Expired Authorization Token

If the authorization token you applied in the HMRC section expires, you can refresh it.

1. In the UK Tax Submissions workspace, click the **Refresh authentication token** action as needed to refresh your token.

The workspace search window shows the token is refreshed, and will show a refresh code from HMRC to facilitate tracking.

Request and Submit VAT Obligations

To request and submit VAT obligations for the selected company for a specific time period:

1. In the Selection Criteria island, enter the **Tax Reporting Unit**, **From Date**, and **To Date** to define the selection criteria.

Note: The Tax Reporting Unit field is only used if you are using the Tax Settlement feature. If not, leave blank.

2. Click **Get VAT Obligations**. The VAT Submission Entry tab populates with VAT information.

Note: You are not able to obtain or view any VAT obligations in the table dialog unless you follow steps 2-7 in the HMRC section above and received HMRC authentication. Otherwise, you will need to complete steps 2-7 and get an authorization code before continuing.

3. Select a line in the table for which you would like to retrieve data (the obligation you wish to complete) and click **Get VAT Data**. This action connects to the BPM system and runs the VAT query.

Note: Information populates in the line relating to the submission you are about to send to HMRC. If you believe that the information is incorrect, you may make any necessary corrections in Maconomy via the adjustment of client or vendor invoices, and click **Get VAT Data** to run this action again.

Note that if you are using the Tax Settlement features and you do not fill in the **Tax Reporting Unit** field from step 2, an error occurs.

4. Click **Submit VAT Obligation** to submit the selected obligation.

Note: A given obligation can only be submitted once, trying to submit it again will return an error from HMRC. When an obligation has been submitted, it will be marked as "Finalized" in the table.

Retrieve Previously Submitted VAT Obligations

1. Click **Get VAT Return** to retrieve an already submitted VAT return. This should update the line to the values that were originally submitted.
2. Select a line in the table for which you would like to retrieve an already submitted VAT return. Click **Get VAT Return**. This should update the line to the values that were originally submitted.

UK Tax Submission Fields / Descriptions

Single Dialog » Integrations » UK Tax Submissions » VAT Submission

VAT Submission Tab

Company Information Island

Field	Description
Company Number	This field displays the company number
Company Tax No.	This field displays the tax number of the company

VAT Submission Island

Field	Description
HMRC Login	Click this link to begin the authentication process with the API. This process grants the code for an access token and refresh token
Code	Enter the code for the API login. This code is used to retrieve the access token
Authenticated	This field indicates whether authentication has been performed for the current record

Selection Criteria Island

Field	Description
From Date	Select the date to retrieve VAT obligations that occurred on and after this date
To Date	Select the date to retrieve VAT obligations that occurred up to and on this date
Tax Reporting Unit	Select the tax reporting unit

VAT Submission Actions

Action	Description
Get Authentication Token	Click to receive an access token
Refresh Authentication Token	Click to refresh the access token
Get VAT Obligations	Click to populate the VAT Submission Entry table with the obligation lines.

VAT Submission Entry Sub-Tab

Single Dialog » Integrations » UK Tax Submissions » VAT Submission » VAT Submission Entry

Field	Description
Company Number	The number for the company
Start Date	The start date for the given VAT obligation
End Date	The end date for the given VAT obligation
Due Date	This is the due date for the given VAT obligation
Finalized	This field indicates whether the given VAT obligation has been submitted
VAT Due Sales	The tax amount for tax payable
VAT Due Acquisitions	The tax amount for EU acquisitions
Total VAT Due	The sum of VAT Due Sales and VAT Due Acquisitions
VAT Reclaimed Current Period	The tax amount for tax receivable
Net VAT Due	The tax receivable less tax payable
Total Value Sales Excluding VAT	The basis amount for tax payable
Total Value Purchases Excluding VAT	The basis amount for tax receivable
Total Value Goods Supplied Excluding VAT	The basis amount for tax payable for which there is referenced a customer having a non-empty tax number and from an EU country other than the company itself (UK), and for which the tax code states that this is Goods as opposed to Services
Total Acquisitions Excluding VAT	The basis amount for tax receivable for which there is referenced a vendor having a non-empty tax number and from an EU country other than the company itself (UK), and for which the tax code states that this is Goods as opposed to Services

VAT Submission Entry Actions

Action	Description
Get Vat Data	Click to populate the VAT Submission Entry sub-tab with VAT data that satisfies the selection criteria

Action	Description
Submit VAT Obligation	Click to calculate and submit the VAT numbers for the chosen obligation
Get VAT Return	Click to retrieve a submitted VAT obligation

UK Tax Submission WebI Report

Note on Workspace Client access: The UK Tax Submissions Report tab is in the UK Statutory workspace. This workspace is in the Workspace Client under **Reporting » Reports » BPM Statutory Reporting » UK Statutory**.

The UK Making Tax Digital (MTD) Tax Submission data export lets you automatically submit tax data following the new MTD requirements in the United Kingdom (UK). This WebI report makes it possible to report on the history of these submissions and to offer transparency concerning the data that is behind the submitted figures.

The Tax Submissions WebI report provides an overview of the submissions completed using the UK Tax Submissions data export in Maconomy. It shows the figures and entries included in the submitted data. UK Tax Submissions WebI Report Details

The WebI report consists of two report tabs:

- Submission History: Lists the submissions that meet the selection criteria.
- Tax Details: Lists the individual entries behind the submitted figures.

The information on each tab is grouped by:

- Reporting Unit (Reporting Unit Name)
- Company (Number and Name)

Submission History Tab

The Submission History tab contains a table of submissions, listed by Submission Date, in descending order.

Submission History											
United Kingdom ← Section on Tax Reporting Unit Name											
10 Trifolium Corp. ← Section on Company											
Date Submitted	Tax Payable (Tax Due Sales) (Box 1)	EU Acquisition (Tax Due Acquisitions) (Box 2)	Total Tax Due (Box 3)	Tax Receivable (Tax Reclaimed) (Box 4)	Net Tax Due (Box 5)	Tax Basis, Payable (Value of Sales, Ex. Tax) (Box 6)	Tax Basis, Receivable (Value of Purchases, Ex. Tax) (Box 7)	Tax Basis of Goods (Value of goods Supplied, Ex. Tax)	Foreign Customers (Acquisitions, Ex. Tax)	Foreign Vendors (Acquisitions, Ex. Tax)	Finalized
3/1/19	500.00	100.00	600.00	300.00	300.00	2,000.00	1,200.00	300.00	300.00	400.00	Yes
2/1/19	2,000.00	450.00	2,450.00	1,000.00	1,450.00	11,765.00	400.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	Yes

Top-Level Header	Header Title (Maconomy Name)	Description
Date Submitted		The date the submission was completed. The table rows are ordered date in descending order

Top-Level Header	Header Title (Maconomy Name)	Description
Tax Payable	(Tax Due Sales)	The tax amount of tax payable. This corresponds to the tax submission's Box 1.
EU Acquisition	(Tax Due Acquisitions)	The tax amount of EU Acquisition. This corresponds to the tax submission's Box 2.
Total Tax Due		The sum of Tax Payable and EU Acquisition. This corresponds to the tax submission's Box 3.
Tax Receivable	(Tax Reclaimed)	The sum of the tax receivable. This corresponds to the tax submission's Box 4.
Net Tax Due		The difference between the Total Tax Due and the Tax Receivable (Total Tax Due - Tax Receivable). This corresponds to the tax submission's Box 5
Tax Basis, Payable	(Value of Sales, Ex. Tax)	The tax basis amount for tax payable. This corresponds to the tax submission's Box 6.
Tax Basis, Receivable	(Value of Purchases, Ex. Tax)	The tax basis amount for tax receivable. This corresponds to the tax submission's Box 7.
Tax Basis of Goods, Foreign Customers	(Value of Goods Supplied, Ex. Tax)	The tax basis amount for tax payable, for which customers have a tax number and are non-UK EU customers, and where the tax amount relates to a Goods transaction. The latter is defined by whether the Tax Popup 1 of the tax entry, is true (this is derived historically from the tax code).
Tax Basis of Goods, Foreign Vendors	(Value of Acquisitions, Ex. Tax)	The tax basis amount for the tax receivable, for which vendors have a tax number and are non-UK EU vendors, and where the tax amount relates to a Goods transaction. The latter is defined by whether the Tax Popup 1 of the tax entry, is true (this is derived historically from the tax code).
Finalized		States whether the submission was finalized.

Tax Details Tab

The Tax Details tab consists of three tables that include the tax entries that made up the submissions for each of the three tax settlement types: Tax Payable, EU Acquisitions, and Tax Receivable.

Things to consider:

- If additional tax entries were created after a submission, and within the selection criteria of the report, these entries are included in the report, as well. Hence, the entries may not always sum up to the values stated on the submissions.

- Some columns include a second header that states the name of the UK Tax Submission field, similar to the Submission History report tab. However, if tax entries were posted into the same period, after submission, the Tax Details report tab will show that entry, but the entry will not be included in the summation on the Submission History report tab.
- If additional tax entries were posted without corresponding tax submissions, the Tax Details report tab may include more entries than what is stated in the tax submissions, on the Tax Submission History report tab.

Top-Level Header	Header Title	Description
Customer	No.	The number of the customer associated Tax Payable entries.
	Name	The name of customers, respectively.
	Country	The country to which customers belong, respectively.
	Invoice No.	The number of the invoice created.
	Invoice Date	The date to which the invoice is created.
Vendor	No.	The number of the vendor associated Tax EU Acquisition and Tax Receivable entries.
	Name	The name of vendors, respectively.
	Country	The country to which the vendors belong, respectively.
	Invoice No.	The number of the invoice created.
	Invoice Date	The date to which the invoice is created.
Transaction No.		The transaction number of the tax entry.
Journal No.		The journal number of the tax entry.
Tax	Code	The name of the tax code on the tax entry.
	Rate	The rate of the tax code on the tax entry.
	Type	The type of the tax code on the tax entry.
	Date	The tax date on the tax entry.
Tax Code		The name of the tax code on the tax entry.
Tax Rate		The rate of the tax code on the tax entry.
Tax Type		The type of the tax code on the tax entry.
Tax Date		The tax date on the tax entry.

Top-Level Header	Header Title	Description
Entry Date		The entry date on the tax entry.
Tax Basis	(Value of Sales, Ex. Tax) (Value of Purchases, Ex. Tax)	The basis amount of the tax entry.
Tax Amount	(Tax Due Sales) (Tax Due Acquisitions) (Tax Reclaimed)	Tax amount of the tax entry.
Total		The total amount of sales plus taxes.
Tax Basis Goods, Foreign EU Customers Tax Basis Goods, Foreign EU Vendors	(Value of Goods Supplied, Ex. Tax) (Acquisitions, Ex. Tax)	The basis amount for tax payable related to customers that have a tax number, are settled in an EU country different from the companies country, and for which the tax code states that it is a goods transaction. The basis amount for tax receivable related to vendors that have a tax number, are settled in an EU country different from the companies country, and for which the tax code states that it is a goods transaction.

Prompts

Prompt Title	Expression	Mandatory
Company Tax No.	Only include tax submissions and tax entries for which the company has the tax number(s) answered in the prompt.	Yes
Tax Reporting Unit:	Only include tax submissions and tax entries for which the tax reporting unit name is the answered name(s) of the prompt.	Yes
Company No:	Only include tax submissions and tax entries for which the company has the number(s) answered in the prompt.	No
From Year-Month:	Only include tax submissions having a submission date equal to or after the answered Year-Month. Only include tax entries belonging to a settlement starting with the answered Year-Month.	No
To Year-Month:	Only include tax submissions having a submission date equal to or before the answered Year-Month. Only include tax entries belonging to a settlement ending with the answered Year-Month.	No

Prompt Title	Expression	Mandatory
From Entry Date:	Only include tax entries with an entry date equal to or later than the answered Entry Date of the prompt. Note: This prompt does not influence the filtering of tax submissions shown in the Tax Submissions report tab.	No
To Entry Date:	Only include tax entries with an entry date equal to or before the answered Entry Date of the prompt. Note: This prompt does not influence the filtering of tax submissions shown in the Tax Submissions report tab.	No

UK Payment Reporting Statistics

The UK Payment Performance Statistics BPM report is a WEBI report used to report vendor payment information to the UK government. You can generate the report in a PDF, Excel, or CSV format that can be used as a reference to manually populate the fields needed to publish the report with the UK government's [dedicated portal](#).

Note on Workspace Client access: The UK Payment Reporting Statistics report tab is in the UK Statutory workspace. This workspace is in the Workspace Client under **Reporting » Reports » BPM Statutory Reporting » UK Statutory**.

Payment Statistics Tab

Column	Description
Company Name	Company Name
Company Number	Company No.
No. of Payments	Total number of payments in specific period
Payment Days Average	Average number of days in which payment is made.
Payment Days Shortest	The shortest amount of days in which payment is made.
Payment Days Longest	The longest amount of time in which payment is made.
% Invoices paid 0 - 30 days	% of payments made in 0 - 30 days
% Invoices paid 31 - 60 days	% of payments made in 31 - 60 days
% Invoices paid 61+ days	% of payments made in 61 or more days

% Invoices not paid within agreed terms	% of payments paid after the due date
Outside Terms	% of payments that were made outside the due date.

The Payment Statistics tab displays each of the required statistics you must submit to the UK government in the Webl format.

Prompts

Column	Description	Mandatory
Charges have been made for remaining vendor list	Answerable by Y (yes) or N (no).	Yes
E-Invoicing offered	Answerable by Y (yes) or N (no).	Yes
Payment terms have changed	Answerable by Y (yes) or N (no).	Yes
Policy covers charges	Answerable by Y (yes) or N (no).	Yes
Supply-chain financing offered	Answerable by Y (yes) or N (no).	Yes
Vendor Notified	Answerable by Y (yes) or N (no).	Yes
From	Select or enter the date to only include payments with dates equal to or after the answer to this prompt.	Yes
To	Select or enter the date to only include payments with dates equal to or before the answer to this prompt.	Yes
Company No.	Only include accounts that match the company numbers entered or selected for this prompt.	Yes

Payment Details Tab

The Payment Details tab displays the Maconomy fields and calculated fields required to calculate each statistic. Transactions are grouped by Company.

Column	Description
Transaction No.	Transaction number of the payment
Currency	Currency of the company
Entry Type	Entry type of payment (vendor invoice)
Vendor No.	Vendor number
Name	Vendor name

Column	Description
Payment No.	Vendor payment number
Invoice No.	Invoice number
Date Invoice	Invoice date
Entry	Invoice entry date
Due	Invoice due date
Reconciliation	Invoice reconciliation date
Payment Days	Calculation of number of days to pay invoice
Payment Terms	Terms for payment
Payments 0-30 Days	Calculation of total invoices paid within 0-30 Days
Payments 31-60 Days	Calculation of total invoices paid within 31-60 Days
Payments 61+ Days	Calculation of total invoices paid 61 days or more
No. of Payments Outside Terms	Calculation of payments made outside payment terms

Prompts

Prompt Title	Expression	Mandatory
From:	Only include payments (reconciliations) with a Reconciliation date equal to or after the From Date.	Yes
To:	Only include payments (reconciliations) with a Reconciliation date equal to or before the To Date.	Yes
Company No:	Only include payments on the company/companies answered to this prompt.	Yes
Payment terms have changed	Choose whether to remember the last value selected.	Yes
Vendor Notified	Choose whether to remember the last value selected.	Yes
E-Invoicing offered	Choose whether to remember the last value selected.	Yes
Supply-chain financing offered	Choose whether to remember the last value selected.	Yes

Prompt Title	Expression	Mandatory
Policy covers charges	Choose whether to remember the last value selected.	Yes
Charges have been made for remaining vendor list	Choose whether to remember the last value selected.	Yes

Invoicing Plan Report

The Invoicing Plan report shows any current Invoicing Plan lines. The Invoicing Plan details are shown Per Customer.

Column	Description
Job No.	This column displays the identification number of the Job.
Job Name	This column displays the name of the Job.
Total Fees	This column displays the total value of all Invoice Plan lines for the Job
Billed	This column displays the total value of Invoice plan lines that have been transferred to invoicing
Overdue	This column displays the total value of Invoice plan lines that have not been transferred and are dated before the current date
0-30 Days	This column displays the total value of Invoice plan lines that have not been transferred and are dated before the current date but up to 30 days prior
30+ Days	This column displays the total value of Invoice plan lines that have not been transferred and are dated before the current date but more than 30 days prior

MIMO Report

The Money-in Money-out report is a document used to ensure that vendors for an event are only paid once we have received funds from the client for that event.

MIMO Transactions

The MIMO Transactions report shows Money In and Money Out for a single Job.

Money In:

Column	Description
Date	This column displays the entry date of the transaction

Column	Description
Invoice No.	This column displays the Customer Invoice Number.
Invoice Name	The internal number of the Customer Invoice. Entered manually in the system.
Customer No.	This column displays the identification number of the Customer.
Customer Name	This column displays the Customer Name
Description	This column displays the description of the transaction e.g. Client Invoice
Amt ex VAT	This column displays the Net amount of the Invoice
VAT	This column displays the total Tax amount of the Invoice
Total	This column displays the Gross amount of the Invoice
Paid	This column displays the Gross amount of the invoice which has been paid
Date Paid	This column displays the Payment Date of the latest applied payment against this invoice.

Money Out:

Column	Description
Date	This column displays the entry date of the transaction
Invoice No.	This column displays the Vendor Invoice (InvoiceName field)
Transaction No.	This column displays the identification number of the vendor invoice.
Vendor No.	This column displays the identification number of the Vendor.
Vendor Name	This column displays the Vendor Name
Description	This column displays the description of the transaction e.g. Vendor Invoice
Amt ex VAT	This column displays the Net amount of the Invoice
VAT	This column displays the total Tax amount of the Invoice
Total	This column displays the Gross amount of the Invoice
Paid	This column displays the Gross amount of the invoice which has been paid

Column	Description
Date Paid	This column displays the Payment Date of the latest applied payment against this invoice.

MIMO Summary

The MIMO Summary report shows Money In and Money Out for multiple Jobs at a summary level.

Column	Description
Job No.	This column displays the identification number of the Job.
Job Name	This column displays the name of the Job.
Customer Invoices	This column displays the gross amount of total invoices raised to the Customer.
Receipts	This column displays the gross amount of total payments received from the Customer.
Vendor Invoices	This column displays the gross amount of total invoices received from Vendors and posted to this Job.
Payments	This column displays the gross amount of total payments made to Vendors and associated with Invoices posted to this Job.
Net Invoice Position	The difference between the Customer Invoices and Vendor Invoices columns
Net Cash Position	The difference between the Receipts and Payments columns

Payment Run Register

This report has the same information and formatting as the standard report Check Run Register.

UK Payment Performance Statistics Report

The UK Payment Performance Statistics BPM report is a WEBI report used to report vendor payment information to the UK government. You can generate the report in a PDF, Excel, or CSV format that can be used as a reference to manually populate the fields needed to publish the report with the UK government's [dedicated portal](#).

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