

Deltek

# Deltek Costpoint®

8.0.X/8.1.X

Year-End Guide

**December 1, 2022**

---

While Deltek has attempted to verify that the information in this document is accurate and complete, some typographical or technical errors may exist. The recipient of this document is solely responsible for all decisions relating to or use of the information provided herein.

The information contained in this publication is effective as of the publication date below and is subject to change without notice.

This publication contains proprietary information that is protected by copyright. All rights are reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, or translated into another language, without the prior written consent of Deltek, Inc.

This edition published December 2022.

© Deltek, Inc.

Deltek's software is also protected by copyright law and constitutes valuable confidential and proprietary information of Deltek, Inc. and its licensors. The Deltek software, and all related documentation, is provided for use only in accordance with the terms of the license agreement. Unauthorized reproduction or distribution of the program or any portion thereof could result in severe civil or criminal penalties.

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

---

# Contents

- Overview ..... 1
  - Adding Custom Notes to This Guide ..... 1
  - Delttek Support Center ..... 1
- Chapter 1: What’s New ..... 2
  - 1099 Changes ..... 2
  - W-2 Form Changes ..... 2
  - W-2 Box 12 Codes ..... 2
  - USERRA Codes ..... 2
  - EFW2 Filing (Electronic Filing of W-2 Forms) ..... 2
  - State Electronic Filing ..... 2
  - Federal Regulatory Updates ..... 3
  - Product Changes ..... 3
- Chapter 2: Ordering Forms ..... 4
- Chapter 3: Accounts Payable Processing ..... 5
  - 1099 Tracking and Posting Checklist ..... 5
  - 1099 Form Changes ..... 5
  - Manage Vendors Screen ..... 6
  - 1099s Section of Manage Vendors ..... 8
  - Accounts Payable: Manage Accounts Payable Vouchers ..... 9
  - Accounts Payable Utilities: Manage Vendor History ..... 9
  - 1099-MISC Processing ..... 10
    - Create 1099 Information ..... 10
  - Print 1099 Edit Report ..... 12
    - Tips for Printing the 1099 Edit Report ..... 12
    - Sample 1099 Edit Report ..... 13
  - Edit 1099 Information ..... 13
  - Check Detail Subtask of Edit 1099 Information ..... 14
  - 1099 Magnetic Media Changes ..... 14
  - Print/Create 1099s and Magnetic Media ..... 15
    - Create Magnetic Media ..... 17
      - Screen Contents ..... 17
  - Sample 2022 IRS 1099 Form ..... 19
- Chapter 4: Closing the Leave Year ..... 20

---

Closing the Leave Year Checklist .....	20
Accessing the Leave Application.....	20
Before You Close the Leave Year.....	21
Reconcile Leave Balances .....	22
Close Leave Year .....	23
After You Close the Leave Year .....	24
Timing Considerations: Example.....	24
Chapter 5: Payroll Processing .....	26
Closing the Payroll Year Checklist .....	26
Accessing Tax Reporting.....	26
Before You Close the Payroll Year.....	27
Close Payroll Year.....	28
After You Close the Payroll Year.....	29
W-2 Processing .....	30
Before You Create W-2s.....	30
Manage Local Taxes .....	30
Manage Deductions Screen .....	32
Recompute Taxable Wages .....	33
Create W-2 Table .....	34
Guidelines for Creating W-2 Tables.....	34
Guidelines for Creating W-2c Tables.....	34
Possible Error Message.....	36
Manage W-2s .....	36
Information Sources.....	36
Manage W-2s: Box 12 .....	37
Manage W-2s: State and Local .....	37
Manage W-2Cs.....	38
New This Year .....	38
W-2c Electronic Filing Support .....	38
Print W-2s or W-2cs .....	39
Print W-2 Summary Report .....	40
Sample W-2 Summary Report.....	41
Manage Tax File Data .....	42
Create Federal W-2 File .....	43
Create State W-2 File .....	43
Puerto Rico .....	44

---

Common Roadblocks/Reconciliation Issues .....	44
Dollar amounts on the Earnings Report (or Tax Report) are not balancing with W-2s. ....	44
I have adjustments that I have to make for such things as Relocation Expenses (non-cash fringe), but I won't get the information until the 2 <sup>nd</sup> week of January .....	45
What can I do if I have under- or over-withheld an employee's Social Security, Medicare, or withholding and I have already started the payroll for the next year? .....	45
Troubleshooting Tips .....	45
Taxable wages on W-2 are incorrect for an employee. ....	45
The Retirement Plan Covered checkbox is cleared on W-2 and needs to be selected. ....	45
I've done my last payroll of the year, ran my Reconciliation Soc. Sec. and Medicare Report, and found an employee who owes taxes. My employer decides he will pay the taxes for the employee. (The tax the employer pays now becomes taxable wages to the employee.).....	45
The same scenario as above occurs, however the employer does not want to pay the taxes. <b>(Deltek does not recommend this solution.)</b> .....	46
A deduction for an employee is not showing up in Box 12. ....	46
W-2 information is not aligning correctly on the form. ....	46
W-2 Format.....	47
Chapter 6: Closing the General Ledger .....	54
Configure General Ledger Settings.....	54
Update General Ledger Beginning Balances .....	54
Manage Non-Project Beginning Balances.....	55
Chapter 7: 'Closing'/Preparing the Projects Side.....	56
Update Prior Year History.....	56
Copy Pools .....	57
Cost Pools .....	58
Build Rate Application Table .....	59
Manage Burden Cost Ceilings.....	59
Manage Burden Fee Overrides .....	60
Chapter 8: Closing the Year with Planning .....	61
Complete the Costpoint Projects Year-End Processes.....	61
Update Prior Year History .....	61
Review Fiscal Year Setup for Closing Rate Type .....	63
Planning » Administration » Administration Controls » Fiscal Year Setup .....	63
Copy Pools.....	63
Enter New Calendar Year-End Dates .....	64
Complete Org Initialization Setup.....	65
Create Org Budgets for the New year .....	67
Appendix A: Sample IRS 1099 Forms .....	68

---

---

Appendix B: Sample IRS W-2 Form .....	69
Appendix C: Sample IRS W-2c Form .....	70

## Overview

This guide presents year-end processing guidelines for Deltek Costpoint.

**Note:** See the *Deltek Costpoint Frequently Asked Questions* document for related information.

## Adding Custom Notes to This Guide

If you would like to add custom notes to this guide that are specific to your company, Adobe® Reader® X provides this ability. If you do not already use Adobe Reader X, you can download it [here](#) free from Adobe.

### To add a custom note using Adobe Reader X:

1. On the Reader toolbar, click **Comment** at the far right.
2. In the **Annotations** pane that displays, click  **Sticky Note**. The cursor changes to match the button.
3. Position the cursor at the location in the guide where you want the note to appear, and click. A note icon is inserted at the location and a text box pops up.
4. Enter your information in the text box.
5. Continue adding notes as needed.
6. Save the document.

**Note:** Deltek recommends that you save the document to a slightly different filename to keep the original from being overwritten.

When reading the document, cursor over a note icon to see the information. Double-click a note icon to edit the information.

## Deltek Support Center

To expedite our responses to your questions at year end, we encourage you to use the Deltek Support Center, <https://deltek.custhelp.com>, where you can enter incidents on the Ask Support page or start a live chat with one of our analysts.

Click the link below to view Year-End Resources, located on the Support Center home page. This site will be updated continuously through February and will contain information such as Year-End Bulletins, FAQs, links to the product releases, additional services that are offered for year-end, and up-to-date tax changes.

You need a valid Deltek Support Center login to access this site:

<https://deltek.custhelp.com/app/YearEnd>

Alternatively, you can contact Deltek Customer Care by calling 1.877.457.7765.

## Chapter 1: What's New

### 1099 Changes

There are no changes to 1099 Forms for 2022.

### W-2 Form Changes

There are no changes to the W-2 Form for 2022.

### W-2 Box 12 Codes

There are no Box 12 additions for 2022.

### USERRA Codes

The following USERRA codes have been added to the **Edit W-2 Information/Box 12 Lookup** field:

- D 19: USERRA 2022 make up elective deferrals to a section 401(k) cash or deferred arrangement.
- E 19: USERRA 2022 make up elective deferrals to a section 403(b) salary reduction agreement.
- F 19: USERRA 2022 make up elective deferrals to a section 408(k)(6) salary reduction agreement.
- G 19: USERRA 2022 make up elective deferrals and employer contributions (including nonelective deferrals) to a section 457(b) deferred comp plan.
- H 19: USERRA 2022 make up elective deferrals under a section 501(c)(18)(D) tax-exempt organization plan.
- S 19: USERRA 2022 make up employee salary reduction contributions under a section 408(p) SIMPLE.
- Y 19: USERRA 2022 make up deferrals under section 409A nonqualified deferred compensation plan.
- AA 19: USERRA 2022 make up designated Roth contributions to a section 401(k) plan.
- BB 19: USERRA 2022 make up designated Roth contributions under a section 403(b) salary reduction agreement.
- EE 19: USERRA 2022 make up designated Roth contributions under a section 457(b) plan.

### EFW2 Filing (Electronic Filing of W-2 Forms)

There are no record layout changes for Tax Year 2022. Costpoint now supports electronic filing for W-2 and W-2C.

### State Electronic Filing

Electronic filing updates were added for Oregon.

**Note:** Most states have not yet updated their W-2 electronic filing specifications for Tax Year 2022 at time of printing.

## Federal Regulatory Updates

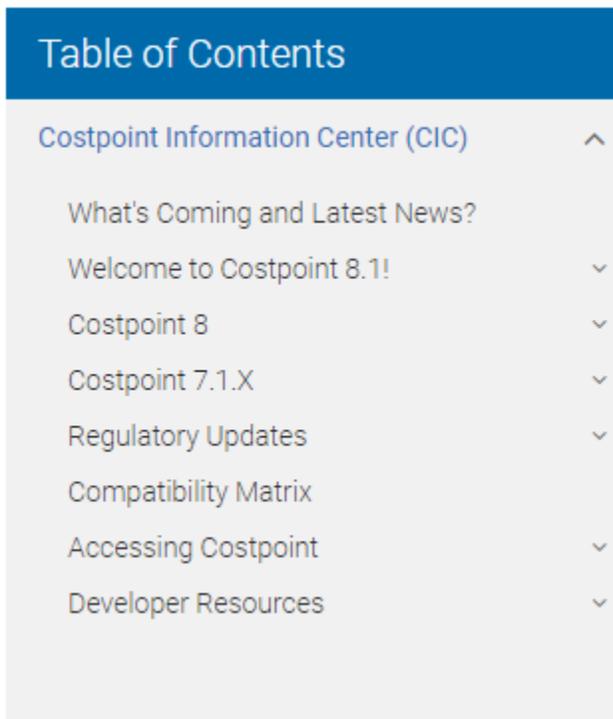
Please see the *Release Notes* for a full recap of all changes.

## Product Changes

Please see the *Release Notes* for a full recap of all changes.

## Costpoint Information Center

<https://help.deltek.com/Product/Costpoint/Documentation/Updates.html>



The image shows a screenshot of a web application's navigation menu. At the top is a blue header with the text "Table of Contents" in white. Below this is a list of menu items, each with a small chevron icon to its right. The first item, "Costpoint Information Center (CIC)", has an upward-pointing chevron, indicating it is expanded. The other items have downward-pointing chevrons. The items are: "What's Coming and Latest News?", "Welcome to Costpoint 8.1!", "Costpoint 8", "Costpoint 7.1.X", "Regulatory Updates", "Compatibility Matrix", "Accessing Costpoint", and "Developer Resources".

Table of Contents	
Costpoint Information Center (CIC)	^
What's Coming and Latest News?	
Welcome to Costpoint 8.1!	v
Costpoint 8	v
Costpoint 7.1.X	v
Regulatory Updates	v
Compatibility Matrix	
Accessing Costpoint	v
Developer Resources	v

## Chapter 2: Ordering Forms

For information about vendors that work with Deltek, complete the following steps to view the vendor page on the Deltek website:

1. Go to <http://www.deltek.com>.
2. Click **Partners**.
3. Select **Search the Marketplace**. Search for "Forms." And then, click **Forms Fulfillment Center**.

## Chapter 3: Accounts Payable Processing

### 1099 Tracking and Posting Checklist

Use the following checklist as you complete your year-end steps for 1099 tracking and posting.

Step	Action	Done?
1.	During vendor setup, designate vendors as <b>1099 Reportable</b> on the Vendor Info screen.	
2.	Enter vouchers (voucher lines or expense lines flagged as 1099 with 1099 type).	
3.	Post vouchers.	
4.	Print checks and post cash disbursements.	
5.	In <b>December 2022</b> : Install the Costpoint Calendar Year-End (CYE) Regulatory Update.	
6.	Order 1099-MISC/1099-NEC forms.	
7.	Create 1099 information for calendar year 2022.	
8.	Print the 1099 Edit Report.	
9.	Review the 1099 Edit Report to check the vendors' Tax ID/Social Security numbers.	
10.	Make necessary corrections in Costpoint, on the Manage Vendor History screen.	
11.	Create 1099 information.	
12.	Print the 1099 Edit Report again to check your corrections.	
13.	Optional: Print 1099s on blank paper to review vendor addresses and alignment.	
14.	Print 1099s.	
15.	Create the Magnetic Media File (to be transmitted electronically), if required for your company.	

### 1099 Form Changes

- No form changes for 1099 MISC or 1099 MISC Self-Mailer.
- No form changes for 1099 NEC and 1099 NEC Self-Mailer.

## Manage Vendors Screen

To define the 1099-MISC type, go to the Manage Vendors screen and complete the **1099's** section.

The screenshot displays the 'Manage Vendors' interface. The 'Identification' tab is active, showing fields for Vendor ID (1099NON), Name (1099 NON EMPLOYEE), and Location. Below this, the 'Header' section includes 'Long Name' (1099 NON EMPLOYEE), 'Vendor Group', and 'Vendor Status' (Active). The '1099's' section is expanded, showing 'Print 1099-MISC Form' checked, 'Type' set to 'NONEMP', 'Tax ID' as '52-0223375', and '1099 Name' as '1099 NON EMPLOYEE'. The 'Addresses' section at the bottom contains a table with one entry:

Address Code*	Address Line 1	Address Line 2	Address Line 3	City	State/Province	Postal Code	Country	Ship ID	Ship ID Description	Payment Address*	Order Address*	Phone Number	Fax Number	Other Number	Email Address	Congressional District Code	Sales/Use Tax Code	Sales/Use Tax Description
BILLING	ADDRESS LINE #1	ADDRESS LINE #2	ADDRESS LINE #3	MCCLEAN	VA	22209	USA			Default	Default						VA	VIRGINIA (NON-EXEMPT)

The 1099-MISC type selected on the Manage Vendors screen defaults on every voucher line for that vendor.

You can edit the 1099-MISC type:

- At the voucher line level on the Manage A/P Vouchers and Manage PO Vouchers screens
- On the Manage Vendor History screen
- On the Edit 1099 Information Screen

If you select the **Print 1099-MISC Form** checkbox, then the **1099** checkbox on the Manage A/P Vouchers and Manage PO Vouchers screens defaults to selected on each expense line.

The **Vendor 1099 Name** prints on the 1099 and appears in the file created by the Print/Create 1099s and Magnetic Media screen.

The Payer Address Lines and Recipient Address Lines print in all uppercase letters.

Costpoint totals each 1099-MISC type for the selected calendar year and places totals in the appropriate box on the 1099-MISC form (when printed).

The 1099-MISC report totals the 1099-MISC types by vendor.

The 1099-MISC types supported in Costpoint and their limits are summarized in the following table.

1099 Box Number	Description	Limit Amount	Costpoint Code
Box 1	Rents	\$600 or more	RENT
Box 2	Royalties	\$10 or more	ROYAL
Box 3	Other Income	\$600 or more	OTHER

1099 Box Number	Description	Limit Amount	Costpoint Code
Box 4	Federal Income Tax Withheld	All amounts	FED
Box 5	Fishing Boat Proceeds	All amounts	FISH
Box 6	Medical and health care payments	\$600 or more	MED
Box 7*	Payer made direct sales of \$5,000 or more of consumer products to a buyer (recipient)	\$600 or more \$5,000 or more	SALE
Box 8	Substitute Payments in lieu of dividends or interest	\$10 or more	DIVD
Box 9	Crop Insurance proceeds	\$600 or more	CROP
Box 10	Gross proceeds paid to an attorney	\$600 or more	GATT
Box 11	Fish Purchased for Resale – Currently Not Supported by Costpoint		
Box 12	Section 409A Deferrals – Currently Not Supported by Costpoint		

\* If amounts recorded exceed \$4,999.99, Costpoint prints an **X** in the box.

The 1099-NEC type supported in Costpoint and their limits are summarized in the following table.

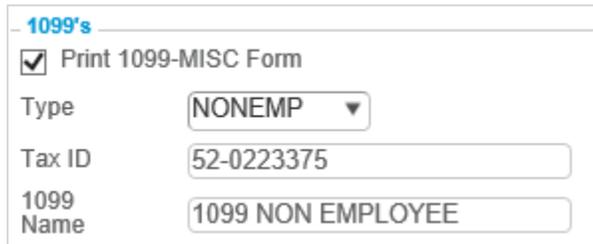
1099 Box Number	Description	Limit Amount	Costpoint Code
Box 1	Nonemployee Compensation	\$600 or more	NONEMP
Box 2*	Payer made direct sales of \$5,000 or more of consumer products to a buyer (recipient)	\$5,000 or more	SALE
Box 4	Federal Income Tax Withheld	All amounts	FED
Boxes 5,6, & 7	State Info – Currently Not Supported by Costpoint		

\* If amounts recorded exceed \$4,999.99, Costpoint prints an **X** in the box.

## 1099s Section of Manage Vendors

### To maintain 1099 information:

1. In the **Vendor 1099 Name** field, enter the Vendor's Tax ID name, if it is different from the Sole Proprietor, in the **Long Name** field on the Manage Vendors screen.



1099's

Print 1099-MISC Form

Type: NONEMP

Tax ID: 52-0223375

1099 Name: 1099 NON EMPLOYEE

2. Select the **Print 1099-MISC Form** checkbox to track, create, and print 1099-MISC information for this vendor. If you do not select this checkbox, a 1099 will not print for this vendor.

Selecting this checkbox affects the creation and printing of 1099s for this vendor and serves as a default for the **1099** column and **1099-MISC Type** column on the voucher line on the Manage A/P Vouchers and Manage PO Vouchers screen.

3. Select the type of 1099 payments made to this vendor. This selection determines the type of 1099-MISC income that is the default for this vendor. The **Type** drop-down list includes some 1099 types that **do not print** on the 1099-MISC form:

- **A:** Acquisition/Abandonment
- **B:** Broker and Barter
- **DIV:** Dividends and Proceeds
- **G:** Certain Government Payments
- **INT:** Interest Income
- **OID:** Original Issue Discount
- **PATR:** Taxable Distribution from Coop
- **R:** Retirement Distributions

You can flag the line with any of the 1099 types listed, but Costpoint does not support these 1099 types on a printed form.

## Accounts Payable: Manage Accounts Payable Vouchers

The screenshot displays the 'Manage Accounts Payable Vouchers' interface. Key fields include Voucher 823, Fiscal Year 2039, and Vendor 1099NON. The voucher line table below shows a single line with '1099' selected in the '1099' column and 'NONEMP' in the '1099 Type' column.

1099	1099 Type	Org Abbrev	Proj Abbrev
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NONEMP	STI	

After the vendor has 1099 information in the 1099s section, the voucher lines for the vendor default to selected in the **1099** column and the default 1099 type displays in the **Type** column.

Clear the **1099** column if that particular voucher line is not a 1099 reportable amount.

When you pay the voucher, Costpoint uses the lines designated as 1099 reportable in calculating the 1099 payments for this vendor.

Costpoint uses the **check date** when calculating 1099 amounts, which are based on the calendar year (January 1 through December 31). If you posted a 1099 amount for a vendor in December 2022, but **paid** the vendor in January 2023 (and the check is dated 2023), the 1099 amount is reported in the calendar year 2023.

## Accounts Payable Utilities: Manage Vendor History

The screenshot displays the 'Maintain Vendor History' interface. Key fields include Voucher No 24144, Fiscal Year 2039, and Vendor 1099NON. The voucher line table below shows a single line with '1099' selected in the '1099' column and 'NONEMP' in the '1099 Type' column.

1099	1099 Type	Org Abbrev	Proj Abbrev
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NONEMP	STI	

Posted voucher information displays on the Manage Vendor History screen.

You can edit the **1099** checkbox and the **1099 Type** column on this screen if you selected the **Print 1099-MISC Form** checkbox on the Manage Vendors screen.

You cannot edit voucher 1099 information on this screen if you have not set up the vendor to be a 1099 vendor on the Manage Vendor screen.

If you need to update the total 1099 amount for a vendor after making changes or corrections on this screen, go to the Create 1099 Information screen and run it again for that vendor.

Costpoint calculates the 1099 amounts by calendar year, based on the check date (month, day, and year) and the check amount.

## 1099-MISC Processing

### Create 1099 Information

The Create 1099 Information screen calculates 1099 information used to print 1099-MISC income amounts. When you use this screen, the process creates 1099 information for all vendors designated as 1099 vendors, regardless of how much 1099 income has been paid to them.

To create 1099 information, Costpoint must access check data for vouchers that contain 1099 amounts. Before you create and print 1099s for these vendors, you must record the checks against the vouchers and post the checks.

Costpoint uses the following process to calculate 1099 income:

- **Vendor Check History Table:** Identifies all pay vendors in the range that had payments in the current year. Eliminates non-1099 vendors. Identifies which checks were paid to these pay vendors in current and prior years, then totals the amounts of these checks by voucher.
- **Voucher Line Account History:** Costpoint totals the 1099 amount of each voucher by 1099 Type.
- **Cash Organizations:** After the voucher line 1099 amounts are totaled, the process identifies the cash organizations from which the 1099 vendors were paid and uses these cash organizations to map the pay vendors back to the proper Taxable Entity.
- **Calculate 1099 Amount:** The following examples illustrate 1099 amount calculations.

**If you have more than one Taxable Entity set up, you must complete the following steps:**

1. Map organizations to specific Taxable Entities via the Manage Organization Elements screen.
2. Enter information about your Taxable Entity on the Configure Company Information screen.

Example A

Description	Amount
Voucher: 1099 Amount	\$ 100.00 (a)
Non-Taxable Amount	80.00
Total	180.00
Total Prior Year Payments	\$ 70.00 (b)
Total Current Year Payments	110.00
Total	180.00
Voucher: 1099 Amount	\$ 100.00 (a)
Total Prior Year Payments	70.00 (b)
Current Year 1099 Amount	30.00

Reportable 1099 amount = Total Current Year Payments or (1099 Income (a) - Total Prior Year Payments (b))

Total Current Year Payments = \$110.00

(1099 Income (a) - Total Prior Year Payments (b)) = (\$100) - \$70 = \$30

Since \$30 is less than \$110, Costpoint uses \$30 as the 1099 income. After prior year payments, only \$30 of 1099 income remained to be paid off in the current year. The other portion of current year payments was made on non-1099 amounts.

Example B

Description	Amount
Voucher: 1099 Amount	\$ 100.00 (a)
Non-Taxable Amount	80.00
Total	180.00
Total Prior Year Payments	\$ 20.00 (b)
Total Current Year Payments	60.00 (c)
Total	80.00
Voucher: 1099 Amount	\$ 100.00 (a)
Total Prior Year Payments	20.00 (b)
Current Year 1099 Amount	60.00 (c)
Remainder for future year 1099	20.00

Reportable 1099 Amount = Total Current Year Payments (c) or (1099 Amount (a) - Total Prior Year Payments (b))

Total Current Year Payments (c) = \$60

(1099 Amount (a) - Total Prior Year Payments (b)) = (\$100 - \$20) = \$80

Since \$60 is less than \$80, Costpoint uses \$60 as the 1099 Amount. While the voucher included \$80 of 1099 income after prior year payments, the vendor only received \$60 of that in the current year. The vendor can only be taxed on 1099 income actually received in a calendar year.

## Print 1099 Edit Report

Use the 1099 Edit Report to review your 1099 information for discrepancies before printing 1099s. To run this report, you must have already created 1099 Information using the Create 1099 Information screen.

This report prints the pay vendor’s ID, the vendor’s 1099 name and tax ID, the 1099 Type and amount, and the Company/taxable entity’s ID and tax ID. The address codes and addresses for vendors do not print on this report.

Select the **Include Vendors where payments are below the reportable amount** checkbox to include vendors with payment amounts below the reportable amount. Leave the checkbox cleared to exclude them.

- If you sort the report by Taxable Entity, the total amount of 1099 income prints as a subtotal for each company. The total number of records for each Taxable Entity also prints on the report.
- If you sort the report by pay vendor, a grand total of all 1099 income prints on the report as well as the number of 1099 records.

**Note:** For the **Range Option** in the **Select Pay Vendor** group box, you can use the **Lookup** in the **From** and **To** fields to select a Pay Vendor ID. Your choices are limited to those pay vendors flagged for 1099 creation on the 1099 section of the Manage Vendors screen.

## Tips for Printing the 1099 Edit Report

### To save your sort options and selection criteria for this report (with or without printing):

1. Enter an alphanumeric identifying parameter ID and a short description for this set of print parameters.
2. After making your selections, click the **Save** icon in the toolbar or click **File » Save**.
3. Click **Close**.

Later, you can use Find or Query from this screen to access the print parameters you created and run the same report without having to enter all the information again.

## Sample 1099 Edit Report

Year End Company				
1099 Edit Report				
Calendar Year: 2039				
Pay Vendor	Vendor 1099 Name	Tax ID	1099 Type	1099 Amount
Taxable Entity: 1 / ACME PRODUCTION				
Tax ID: 313441341				
1099NON	1099 NON EMPLOYEE	52-0223375	NONEMP	35,000.00
Total Amount for 1099NON:				35,000.00
Total 1099 Amount:				35,000.00
Total Taxable Amount:				35,000.00
Total Number of Vendors: 1				

## Edit 1099 Information

Browse Applications > Accounting > Accounts Payable > Year-End Processing > Edit 1099 Information

1 of 1 Existing Table Query

Identification

Taxable Entity: 1 ACME PRODUCTION

Calendar Year: 2039 Tax ID: 313441341

Total 1099 Amount: 35,000.00 Total Taxable Amount: 35,000.00

Edit 1099 Information Detail

Pay Vendor *	Cash Organization *	1099 Type *	Tax ID	Address Code	Print Address	Foreign Adc	1099 Amount *	Notes	Pay Vendor Long Name	1099 Name
1099NON	1	NONEMP	52-0223375	BILLING	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	D	35,000.00		1099 NON EMPLOYEE	1099 NON EMPLOYEE

[Check Detail](#)

Use the Edit 1099 Information screen to view, edit, and add 1099 income information for pay vendors, by taxable entity. To use this screen, run Query or Find to select a taxable entity and calendar year.

You can edit the 1099 amount and address code or delete lines of information for existing vendors if you have already run the Create 1099 Information screen. However, if you run the Create 1099 Information screen again, you will lose any edits that you have made.

The difference between the **Total 1099 Amount** and the **Total Taxable Amount** is any payment that is less than the Reportable Amount. The 1099 does not print any amounts that are below the reportable amount. For example, if a 1099-MISC for GATT totals to \$500.00, it does not print because it is less than the limit of \$600.00; it is included in the **Total 1099 Amount** but is not included in the **Total Taxable Amount**.

Click the **Check Detail** button to display the Check Detail subtask (see page 143). Use the Check Detail subtask to view payment data for each pay vendor to help you reconcile discrepancies in 1099 income.

After you use the Create 1099 Information application to create 1099s, you can use the Edit 1099 Information screen to add a 1099 line and/or delete an existing line.

### To add a 1099 line:

1. Go to the word **Line**.
2. Click **New Record** or press CTRL+N.
3. Enter the required information on the line and save. After the line is saved, you cannot edit the new line you just created, but you can delete it.

**To delete an existing line:**

1. Highlight an existing line.
2. Click the toolbar function **LINE**.
3. Click **Delete Record**.

If you make edits to this screen, you will lose them if you execute the Create 1099 Information application again.

## Check Detail Subtask of Edit 1099 Information

[Identification](#) > Check Detail

Total Paid Amount 70,650.00

---

**Vendor Check Detail**

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Check Number	Check Date	Paid Amount	Voucher Number	
	368	02/18/2039	5,000.00	24145	▲
	369	09/04/2039	15,000.00	24144	▼

To display the Check Detail subtask, highlight a row on the Edit 1099 Information screen and click the **Check Detail** button.

Use this subtask to view data for each pay vendor. The information displayed on this subtask comes from the Vendor Check History, Vendor Check History Voucher Detail, and Voucher Header History tables. All fields on this screen are non-editable.

If you are using this subtask from a new line, you must enter the pay vendor and cash organization before Costpoint can access any information.

The Check Detail subtask's **Total Paid Amount** field reflects checks that have been issued to this vendor; however, it does not reflect any checks that have been voided. **Voided** checks are not included in the 1099 amount on the main screen.

## 1099 Magnetic Media Changes

- Changes made to record A, B, and C. See [Publication 1220](#).
  - Allow NONEMP (1), FED (4), and SALES (reflected on the Copy B record with a 1 in column 547) types for NEC.
- Copy A change:
  - Nothing visual. Columns added for Type H and J codes. Not used in Costpoint, so there will always be spaces. Columns 44 and 45. See page 52.
- Copy B changes:
  - Add new columns (247–270) for Type H and J amounts. Not used in Costpoint; always zero. See page 77.
  - Columns 271– 286 blank.
  - Remaining columns start in 287. See page 78.
  - Sales indicator is in column 547. See page 112 for MISC. See page 113 for NEC.

- Copy C changes:
  - Add new columns (304–399) for Type H and J amounts. Not used in Costpoint; always zero.
  - Columns 340–499 blank

## Print/Create 1099s and Magnetic Media

- Options | Print Format
- New NEC Copy to Print option

This is necessary as Copy A does not have enough room for two address lines for the Recipient. CP currently prints two lines.

- Copy A: Only first address line prints
- Other Copies: Two address lines print

The screenshot shows the 'Identification' window with the following details:

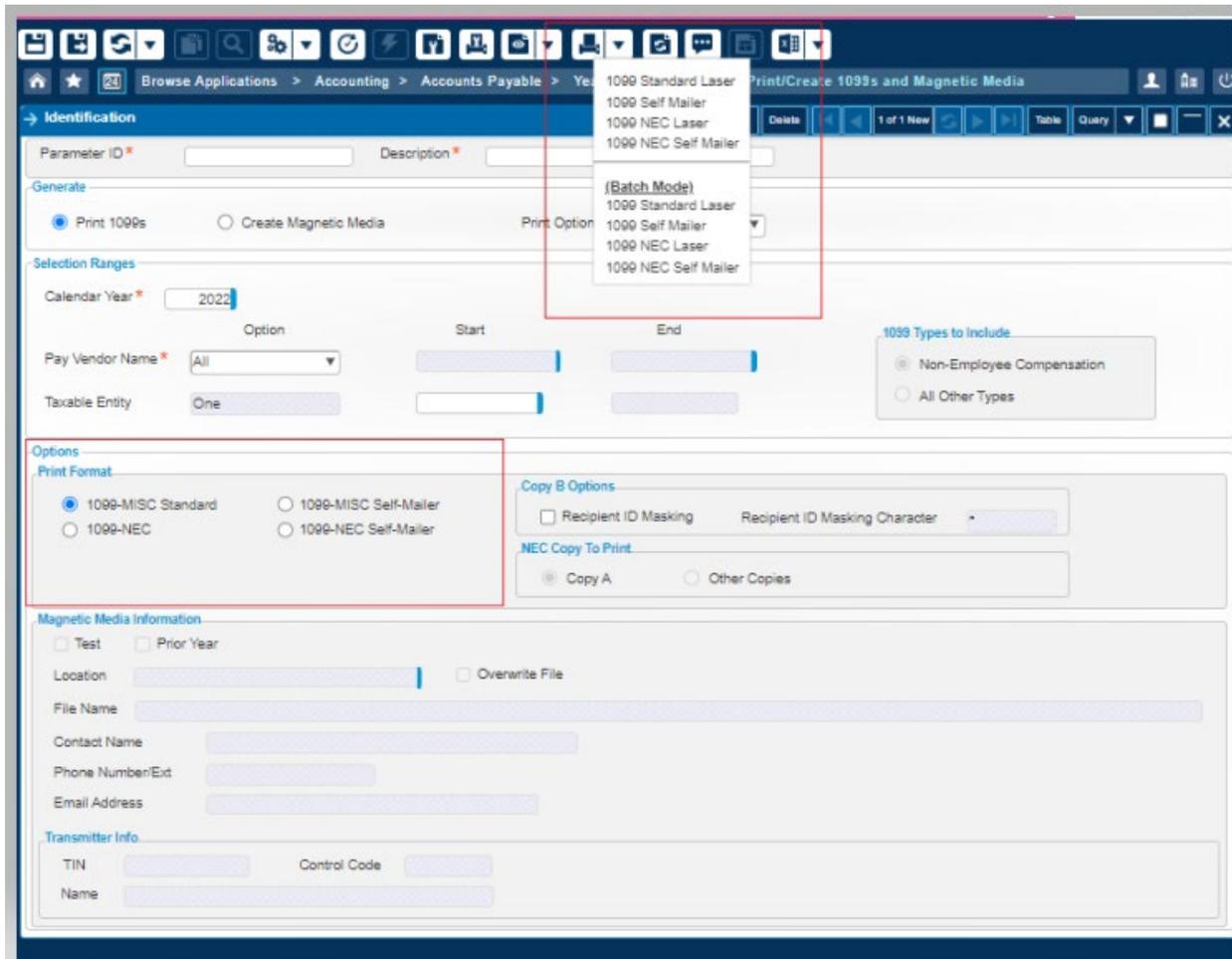
- Generate:**  Print 1099s,  Create Magnetic Media. Print Option: [-None-]
- Selection Ranges:** Calendar Year: 2021. Pay Vendor Name: All. Taxable Entity: One. 1099 Types to Include:  Non-Employee Compensation,  All Other Types.
- Options:**
  - Print Format:**  1099-MISC Standard,  1099-MISC Self-Mailer,  1099-NEC,  1099-NEC Self-Mailer.
  - Copy B Options:**  Recipient ID Masking. Recipient ID Masking Character: \*
  - NEC Copy To Print:**  Copy A,  Other Copies.
- Magnetic Media Information:**  Test,  Prior Year,  Override File. Fields for Location, File Name, Contact Name, Phone Number/Ext, and Email Address.
- Transmitter Info:** TIN, Control Code, Name.

Use this screen to print 1099s or create a file of 1099-MISC and 1099-NEC information. See the table on page 8 for a summary of the boxes, descriptions, limit amounts, and Costpoint codes.

**Note:** Costpoint supports the masking of the vendor Tax ID when printing. This should only be used when printing the Copy B of the 1099.

You can create 1099 information for past or future years. Costpoint prints them using the current year’s 1099-MISC/NEC format.

You must print by Non-Employee Compensation or All Other Types, not both. Please note your selection in the Print Format Box. This should align with the print drop-down selection when you go to print.



The Print 1099s program prints 1099-MISC/NEC information on pre-printed, official IRS forms for laser printers. Self-Mailers are available if you select **Laser** as the printer.

Costpoint supports printing standard 1099-MISC/NEC forms and 1099-MISC/NEC Self-Mailers.

After printing 1099s, Costpoint displays the number of 1099s printed and the total amounts for each type of 1099-MISC/NEC income. If you miss the message, print 1099s to a file, with the same parameters. At the end of the run, note the final count and amount, and then delete the file.

**Note:** To ensure that your 1099 information is correct, print 1099s on blank paper before printing them on the forms and before you create the file. After you create the file, you will not be able to correct any errors without recreating the entire file.

## Create Magnetic Media

You can only create a file for electronic filing for one taxable entity at a time. You must use a separate file name for each taxable entity or you will have to copy the file to a different directory before creating the next electronic file. The electronic file must be printed by Non-Employee Compensation or All Other Types, not both. As such, electronic file submissions for Non-Employee Compensation (1099-NEC) and All Other Types (1099-MISC) will be submitted to the IRS separately.

### Screen Contents

#### Magnetic Media Information Group Box

This group box contains data fields that hold information that you can include in the file to transmit electronically. Select the **Create Magnetic Media** option to enable this group box.

- **Prior Year:** Select this checkbox if the year you specified in **Calendar Year** is a prior calendar year filing. If you select this setting, a **P** is inserted in Field Position 6 of the **T** record. By default, this checkbox is cleared and is enabled, if creating the file to send electronically.
- **Test:** Select this checkbox if you want to send a test file to the IRS. To show that the file is a test file, Costpoint marks it with a test indicator **T** in the Field Position 28 of the **T** record. A test file is sent to the IRS if this is your company's first Tax Year (TY) to file 1099 information.
- **File Name:** Enter the alphanumeric name in this required field; for example: **IRSTAX**.

- **Contact Name:** Enter the name of the person to contact if the IRS/MCC encounters problems with the file or transmission. This alphanumeric field is required. The name that you enter here is inserted in Position 304-343 of the **T** record.
- **Phone Number/Ext:** Enter the telephone number of the person to contact about electronic filings, with area code and extension, in this numeric field. This field is required. You do not need to enter hyphens. For example, you could enter 304.263.8700 extension 5234 as 30426387005234. The phone number is inserted into Position 344-358 of the **T** record.
- **Email Address:** Enter the email address of the person the IRS should contact if there are any questions.

### Transmitter Info Group Box

This group box contains IRS Transmitter information that will be included in the file.

- **TIN:** Enter the transmitter's nine-digit Tax Identification Number; this may be an EIN or SSN. If you leave this field blank, the TIN for the Company ID selected on this screen will be used. This is not a required field. This number is inserted into Position 7–15 of the **T** record.
- **Control Code:** Enter the five-character alphanumeric Transmitter Control Code (TCC) assigned by the IRS/MCC. You must obtain a TCC to file data within this program. This code is issued after you file the application for Filing Information Returns Magnetically/Electronically (IRS FORM 4419). This is a required field.
- **Name:** If the Transmitter Name is different from the Company Name, enter the Transmitter Name here. If the Transmitter Name is the same as the Company Name, then you can leave this field blank. The Transmitter Name is inserted as the Company Name in Position 30-69 in the **T** record. This is not a required field.

### Print Format Group Box

- **1099-MISC Standard:** This setting is enabled for both laser and impact printers for printing of the 1099-MISC format.
- **1099-NEC Standard:** This setting is enabled for both laser and impact printers for printing of the 1099-NEC format.
- **1099-MISC Self-Mailers:** This selection is available for laser printers for printing of the 1099-MISC format. See Chapter 2: Ordering Forms for instructions on how to order forms, including Self-Mailers.
- **1099-NEC Self-Mailers:** This selection is available for laser printers for printing of the 1099-NEC format. See Chapter 2: Ordering Forms for instructions on how to order forms, including Self-Mailers.

### Selection Ranges

- **Calendar Year:** Use the drop-down list to select the calendar year for which you are reporting to the IRS.
- **Pay Vendor Name:** Enter the range of pay vendors by specifying the range of vendor IDs.
- **Taxable Entity:** Specify the taxable entity for which the 1099s will be printed/created. Please contact Deltek Customer Care if you need to print 1099s for a prior calendar year.
- **1099 Types to Include:** Specify if this is for Non-Employee Compensation or All Other Types.

## **Sample 2022 IRS 1099 Form**

See Appendix A for a sample of the 2022 IRS 1099 form and links to the IRS website.

## Chapter 4: Closing the Leave Year

### Closing the Leave Year Checklist

Use the following checklist as you close the leave year.

**Warning:** The Close Leave Year Process cannot be reversed. Leave Years cannot be reopened if steps are not followed.

Step	Action	Done?
1.	Make sure that the Leave Period Schedule for the new year has been added for all leave cycles.	
2.	Make sure that timesheets with dates equal to or less than the last leave period date for the year have been entered and posted to labor. (Do NOT post timesheets with dates after the last leave period end date.)	
3.	Make sure that Leave Accruals for the last leave period of the year have been processed and posted to the General Ledger.	
4.	Print the <b>current</b> leave year's Leave Accrual Report (keep the header page) and review for accuracy.	
5.	Use the Reconcile Leave Balances Utility to have Costpoint create a journal entry that trues up leave liability.	
6.	Verify that Leave Year Ceilings established on the Manage Leave Codes screen are accurate.	
7.	Verify that the Calendar Year-End (CYE) Regulatory Update is installed before closing the leave year.	
8.	Close the leave year.	
9.	Print the <b>new</b> leave year's Leave Accrual Report (keep the header page) and review for accuracy.	

### Accessing the Leave Application

To access Leave, click **People » Leave » Leave Processing**.

## Before You Close the Leave Year

Before you close the leave year:

1. Verify that Leave Year Ceilings on the Manage Leave Codes screen are accurate.

Months of Service *	Compute Method *	Unit of Hours	Annual (C) Block Grant Date	One-Time (D) Block Grant Date	Accrual Rate *	Period Balance Ceiling *	Year Balance Ceiling *	Period Accrual Ceiling *	Year Accrual Ceiling *
0 P-Leave Period		0			5.000000	120.00	80.00	999,999,999,999.00	999,999,999,999.00
60 P-Leave Period		0			7.000000	168.00	160.00	999,999,999,999.00	999,999,999,999.00
120 P-Leave Period		0			10.000000	240.00	200.00	999,999,999,999.00	999,999,999,999.00

2. Decide if Costpoint should bring negative balances in the leave year forward into the new leave year. If so, select the **Include Negative Balances in Leave Year Carryover** checkbox on the Manage Leave Codes screen (as seen above).
3. Verify that the Leave Period Schedule for the new leave year has been added for all leave cycles on the Manage Leave Periods screen.

Start Date *	End Date *	Open	Leave Year *

- Please note that a new functionality has been added to this screen. The **Leave Year** field will be disabled if accrued leave has been posted to the period through the Post Leave Accruals process or used leave has been posted to the leave period through the Post Labor process.

**Warning:** There is no workaround for this. Please be aware of timing and posting considerations.

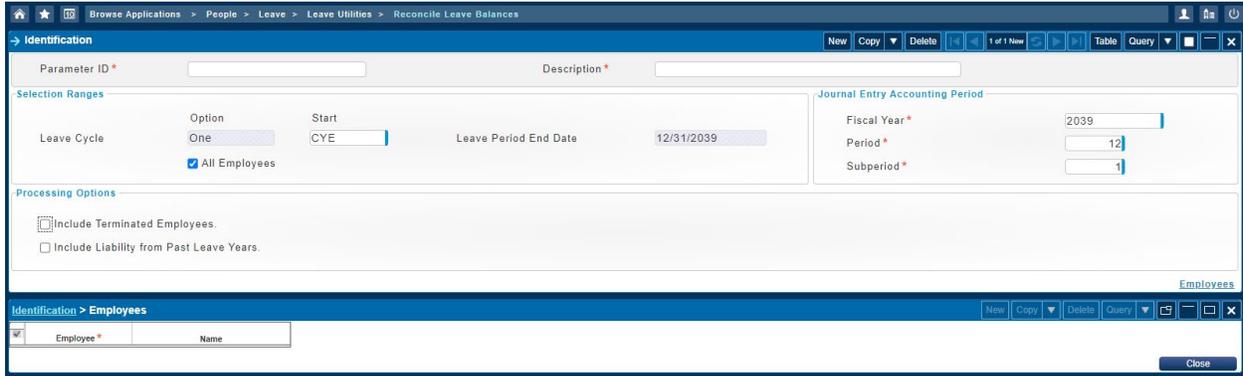
4. Verify that timesheets with dates equal to or less than the last leave period date for the current leave year have been entered and posted to labor.

**Warning:** Do not post Timesheets belonging to the next leave year.

5. Verify that leave accruals for the last leave period of the year have been processed and posted to the General Ledger.
6. Print the Leave Accrual Report for the Current Year (keep header page) and review for accuracy.

## Reconcile Leave Balances

This step is not required for closing the leave year. If you have not used this utility before, please proceed to the next section. If you would like to explore using this utility in the future, please reach out to Customer Care after your Close Leave Year process.



### In Configure Leave Settings if Reconcile Leave Balances is set to Account:

Use the Reconcile Leave Balances to have the system true-up the general ledger leave accrual balances to the leave history balances. Costpoint compares the accrued liability to the General Ledger’s balance and creates a journal entry for the differences it finds. Costpoint does this by multiplying the current year’s ending leave hours by the employee’s current hourly rate found on the Manage Employee Salary Information screen.

### In Configure Leave Settings if Reconcile Leave Balances is set to Employee:

Use the Reconcile Leave Balances to have the system true-up the Leave History balance to the current accrued liability. Costpoint does this by multiplying the current year’s ending leave hours by the employee’s current hourly rate found on the Manage Employee Salary Information screen.

It will then create a journal entry for the difference found between the calculation and balance in Leave History.

For either reconciliation method, you can run this process multiple times throughout the leave year. Since Costpoint reconciles based on the system date (date the process is run) and accounting period associated with it, you should run this process **before** the end of the year.

Please print the report first and review for accuracy. If you agree with the results, please process the reconciliation entry. If you disagree with the results, you may correct your leave liability manually.

**Warning:** Leave Reconciliation is based on the system date and the accounting period that date falls within. If you are reconciling after a system date of 12/31, ensure that you have run the **Update General Ledger Beginning Balance** utility prior to running **Reconcile Leave Balances**.

## Close Leave Year

### To close the leave year:

1. Check the dates in the **Leave Period Data** group box.
  - Make sure that the **Current Start Date** and **Current End Date** are for the last period of your Current Leave Year.
  - Make sure that the **Next Start Date** and **Next End Date** are for the first period in your New Leave Year.
2. Select the **Include Inactive Employees** checkbox if you want employees marked as inactive to appear on the report.
3. Select the **Base beginning balances on new leave year hourly rate** checkbox if you want the beginning balances of your new leave year to be based on the hourly rate that corresponds with your new leave year. If not selected, the system will use the hourly rate associated with your old leave year for the beginning balance in your new leave year.
4. Select **Reconciliation done prior to closing the leave year** if reconciliation has been completed before closing the leave year.
  - a. If reconciliation has been done, Costpoint will use actual amount balances from the employee leave table.
  - b. If reconciliation has not been done, Costpoint uses employee's hourly rate to create the G/L Adjustment.
5. Select the **Fiscal Year**, **Period**, and **Subperiod** to which leave balance adjustments (due to excess over ceiling) will be posted when you run the Close Leave Year process.
6. **Acknowledgement:** You must acknowledge that all timesheets containing leave charges for the current leave year must be posted before closing the leave year. You understand that after closing the current leave year, any unposted timesheets containing leave charges will be posted to the new leave year.

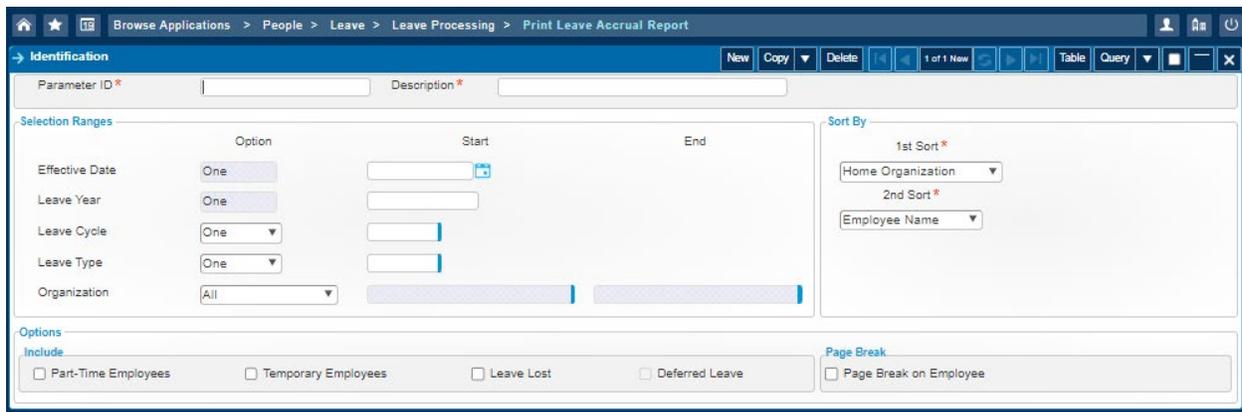
When you execute the Close Leave Year screen, Costpoint:

- Recognizes the Leave Year ceilings.
- Generates the new leave balance for review prior to closing. The Close Leave Year Report shows the leave to be lost.
- Updates the beginning balances on the Manage Leave Beginning Balances screen with a new line for each Leave Type assigned to the employee.

- Closes the last Leave Cycle and opens the New Leave Cycle on the Leave Periods screen.
- **If Reconciliation method is by Account:** Creates and posts an entry to the General Ledger if transfer balance in excess of year ceiling is set up in Manage Leave Types.
- **If Reconciliation method is by Employee:** Creates and posts an entry to the General Ledger if an employee’s yearly balance exceeds the Year Ceiling.

**Warning:** If timesheets contain a timesheet date that falls within a leave period associated with a future leave year, and those timesheets contain used leave, a record with the future leave year will be created in the leave history tables. This will prevent the current leave year to be closed using the Close Leave Year screen. Beginning balances would have to be updated manually for the new leave year. This is not reversible.

## After You Close the Leave Year



### After you close the leave year:

1. Print the Leave Accrual Report for the New Leave Year (keep header page) and review for accuracy.
2. Compare the Prior Leave Year Accrual Report to the New Leave Year Accrual Report. The difference should be Leave Lost due to the Leave Year Ceilings.
3. If the New Leave Year Beginning Balances do not equal the expected balances, make corrections on the Manage Leave Beginning Balances screen.

## Timing Considerations: Example

Please see additional examples listed in KB 109386.

For this example, assume the following:

- Payroll and Leave periods are bi-weekly.
- The last period of the year is December 7 through December 20.
- The first period of the new year is December 21 through January 3.
- You enter timesheets weekly for the bi-weekly payroll cycle.
- The last payroll of the year will include timesheets dated December 7 through December 13 and December 14 through December 20.

- The first payroll of the year will include timesheets dated December 21 through December 27 and December 29 through January 3.
- The fiscal year is January 1 through December 31.

**How will costs be recognized for fiscal year accounting?**

- **Payroll:** For the pay period December 21 through January 3, payroll would normally be posted in the new fiscal year. An estimated accrual may be done based on the accrued salary amount for 14 days. The total accrual will be divided by 14 to get an estimated daily figure and multiplied by 9 to receive the estimated December 21 through 31 accrual amount. A reversing journal entry will be done in the General Ledger Module to record the estimated December 21 through 31 accrual amount in the current fiscal year and the reversing journal entry in the next fiscal year will reduce the payroll posting.
- **Labor Costs:** If using Time & Expense (T&E), your Timesheet Schedule in the T&E database must be adjusted so that December 28 through 31 is an individual cycle. Likewise, the period of January 1 through January 5 must be recognized as an individual cycle. Nothing needs to be done in Costpoint. When uploading timesheets from T&E, or when entering timesheets directly into Costpoint, you need to enter the time for December 28 through 31 separately, using a December 31 date. If you have salaried employees and auto-adjust timesheets, you need to change the percentage for this input as well as prorating the total of 100% across both timesheets.
- **Leave Accruals:** Leave accruals must be computed for the full leave period December 21 through January 3 and should be posted to the new fiscal year in the General Ledger of 2023, which also matches the leave year associated with that leave period. Create a journal entry to move the portion that belongs to the 2021 fiscal year (December 21 through 31) and post it in 2022. Create another journal entry to remove the 2022 portion from the 2023 year and post it to the 2023 fiscal year.

When dealing with **used leave** and **leave years**, keep the following points in mind:

1. The **Timesheet Date** determines the **Leave Period** to which the used leave will post.
2. The **Leave Year** associated with the **Leave Period** determines the leave year to which the used leave will be posted.

**Warning:** If timesheets contain a timesheet date that falls within a leave period associated with a future leave year, and those timesheets contain used leave, a record with the future leave year will be created in the leave history tables. This will prevent the current leave year to be closed using the Close Leave Year screen. Beginning balances would have to be updated manually for the new leave year. This is not reversible.

## Chapter 5: Payroll Processing

### Closing the Payroll Year Checklist

Use the following checklist as you complete your year-end steps for payroll processing.

Step	Action	Done?
1.	Make sure that the Pay Period Schedule for the new year has been added to all Pay Cycles.	
2.	Print the Social Security and Medicare Reconciliation Report from Payroll » Tax Reporting and verify that the correct amount of Social Security and Medicare has been withheld and accrued.	
3.	Make any needed corrections on the last payroll of the year.	
4.	Process (enter) all paychecks to be dated December 31 or earlier and post to the General Ledger.	
5.	Make any adjustments on the current paycheck for taxes owed from the results of the Print Social Security and Medicare Reconciliation Report or other transactions you know must be accounted for at this time.	
6.	Perform the steps for Closing the Payroll Year.	
7.	Verify that any Pay Types that should be reported in Box 11 (Non-qualified Plans Distribution) have been linked in the Payroll Controls » Manage Pay Type Taxability screen.	
8.	Verify that any Deductions that should be reported in Box 12 have been linked with the correct Deduction Type in Payroll » Deductions » Manage Deductions screen.	
9.	Verify that any Deductions which you want to report in Box 14 have been linked in Payroll » Deductions » Manage Deductions/Federal tab.	
10.	Verify that appropriate Deductions are designated as Employer-Sponsored Health Coverage by checking the box on the Manage Deductions screen.	
11.	Verify that the <b>Retirement Plan Covered</b> checkbox is selected on the Employee Payroll Information » Manage Employee Taxes screen for each employee who participates in a qualified pension plan.	

### Accessing Tax Reporting

To access Tax Reporting, click **People » Payroll » Tax Reporting**.

## Before You Close the Payroll Year

### Before you close the payroll year:

1. Print the Social Security and Medicare Reconciliation Report and verify that the correct amount of Social Security and Medicare has been withheld and accrued.
2. Make any adjustment on the current paycheck for taxes owed from the results of the Print Social Security and Medicare Reconciliation Report or other transactions you know that must be accounted for at this time.
3. Enter (process) all paychecks to be dated December 31 or earlier and post to the General Ledger.
4. Add the Pay Period Schedule for the new year to all Pay Cycles.
5. Check the **Ceiling Method** option on the Manage Deductions screen and make changes if needed:

6. Use the **One Time** ceiling method for items such as 401(k) loans that span more than one payroll year. The Close Payroll Year program calculates the unpaid balance of the deduction and replaces the ceiling amount on the Manage Employee Deductions screen with the unpaid balance. If necessary, add the **One Time** ceiling method to the Manage Deduction screen prior to closing the payroll year.

**Note:** If necessary, you can re-open the last pay cycle in the Payroll Year to enter additional payroll records as long as they do not affect **One Time** ceiling method deductions.

## Close Payroll Year

You must use this screen to close the payroll year.

Verify that the Pay Cycle Data is correct for both the Current and Next Lines. Make sure that the **Current Payroll Year** reads **2022** and the **Next Payroll Year** reads **2023**.

- If you run this screen and receive a message saying **No rows found that meet selection criteria**, it means that you have no deductions with a ceiling method of **One Time**. You must still close the payroll year.
- If you do have deduction methods of **One Time** and employees who are actively using them, you will receive a report listing the employee name, deduction code, current limit, total deduction, and new limit. After you review the report for accuracy, you should close your Payroll Year.

## After You Close the Payroll Year

After you close the payroll year:

1. Insert a new line under **Payroll » Federal Taxes » Manage Federal Taxes** with the new Payroll Year information. This will **not** be updated in the CYE Regulatory Update.

The screenshot shows the 'Manage Federal Taxes' interface for the year 2023. The 'Details' section is expanded, showing the following values:

- Social Security:** Wage Limit: 160,200.00; Employer Rate: 6.20%; Employee Rate: 6.20%
- Medicare:** Wage Limit: 999,999,999.99; Employer Rate: 1.45%; Employee Rate: 1.45%; Additional Tax Threshold: 200,000.00; Additional Tax Rate: 0.90%
- FUTA:** Wage Limit: 7,000.00; Employer Rate: 0.60%; Credit Rate: 5.40%
- Adjusting Amounts:** Exemption Amount: 4,700.00; Nonresident Alien Additional Amount: 12,950.00
- Supplemental Wages:** Supplemental Tax Rate (\$1,000,000 and Under): 22.00%; Supplemental Tax Rate (Over \$1,000,000): 37.00%
- 401(K):** Wage Limit: 330,000.00; Deferral Limit: 22,500.00
- Affordable Care Act:** Federal Poverty Level: 13,590.00; Safe Harbor Affordability Rate: 0.0912
- Fixed Number of Exemptions:** Step 2 of W-4 is Checked: 0; Married: 3; Single: 2; Head of Household: 2
- Dependent Credit Amounts:** Qualifying Children under 17: 2,000.00; Other Dependents: 500.00
- W-4 Deductions Worksheet:** Married: 27,700.00; Single: 13,850.00; Head of Household: 20,800.00

You should use the tax information below to process payroll for 2023. This is the most current information available at this time (November 2022).

Field	Enter this:
Social Security Limit	\$160,200
Medicare Limit (no ceiling)	\$9,999,999*
Medicare Additional Tax Threshold	200,000.00
Medicare Additional Tax Rate	0.90%
Federal Exemption Amount	\$4,700
401(k) Deferral Limit	\$22,500
401(k) Catch Up for Age 50 or over	\$7,500
401(k) Wage Limit	\$330,000
FUTA Limit	\$7,000
FUTA Percent	0.6%
Nonresident Alien Additional Amount	\$12,950^

\* All wages subject to Medicare Tax

<sup>^</sup> 2023 amounts not known at time of printing

- In **Payroll » Deductions » Manage Deductions**, update any deductions or contributions that have had an increase/decrease for the next payroll year. You can use the **Employee » Employee Payroll Information » Update Employee Deductions/Contributions** screen to update the changes before the first payroll of the new year for each employee.

2023 State tax information that Deltek receives on or before January 15, 2023 will be shipped with the Costpoint Tax Table Update in the first quarter of 2023. Please reference the Costpoint Information Center for release notes on the CYE Monthly Releases.

## W-2 Processing

### Before You Create W-2s

**Before you create W-2s, complete the following steps:**

- Perform the steps for closing the Payroll year.
- Verify that any Pay Types that should be reported in **Box 11** (Non-qualified Plans Distribution) have been linked on the **Payroll Controls » Manage Pay Type Taxability** screen.
- Verify that any Deductions that should be reported in Box 12 have been linked with the correct **Deduction Type** on the **Payroll » Deductions » Manage Deductions** screen.
- Verify that any Deductions that should be reported in Box 14 have been linked on the **Payroll » Deductions » Manage Deductions » Federal tab** (for informational purposes only; this is not required).
- Verify that appropriate Deductions are designated as Employer-Sponsored Health Coverage by checking the box on the Manage Deductions screen.
- Verify that the **Retirement Plan Covered** checkbox is selected on the **Employee Payroll Setup » Employee Taxes** screen for each employee who participates in a qualified pension plan.

## Manage Local Taxes

- The **Disability Insurance Type** group box is available if you select **State Disability Insurance** from the drop-down list for the **Tax Type** field.
- The **Family Leave Insurance Type** group box is available if you select **Family Leave Insurance** from the drop-down list for the **Tax Type** field.

State-specific notes are summarized in the following table.

State	Field and Description
<p><b>Indiana</b></p>	<p><b>County/School/Political Subdivision Code</b></p> <p>If you are creating State Magnetic Media (an electronic file) for Indiana, you must enter County Codes in Local Taxes for Indiana County Taxes. Report County Codes in the electronic file only. Do not report County Codes on the printed W-2.</p> <p>Costpoint does not provide the Indiana County Codes. For a list of the codes, see: <a href="http://www.IN.gov/dor/taxforms/pdfs/w-2book.pdf">http://www.IN.gov/dor/taxforms/pdfs/w-2book.pdf</a>.</p>
<p><b>Pennsylvania</b></p>	<p><b>County/School/Political Subdivision Code</b></p> <p>Be sure to enter the correct Pennsylvania political subdivision code.</p>
<p><b>Ohio</b></p>	<p><b>County/School/Political Subdivision Code</b></p> <p>If you are creating W-2s for the state of Ohio, you must enter School District Numbers in Local Taxes for Ohio School District Taxes. The four-digit Ohio School District Codes are required for the printed W-2 and the electronic file.</p>
<p><b>New York</b></p>	<p><b>New York W-2 Reporting group box</b></p> <p>This group box is available when you set the <b>State</b> field to <b>NY</b>.</p> <p>If the employee's state is <b>NY</b> the amount in <b>State wages, tips, etc.</b> should equal the federal wages in box 1, <b>Wages, tips and other compensation</b>. Part-year New York State residents should be treated the same as full-time residents and the employee will allocate the part of his or her federal wages that are attributable to services performed in New York State when filing the New York State part-year resident income tax return.</p> <p><b>New York City</b></p> <p>If the employee is a full-year resident of New York City, the amount in <b>Local wages, tips, etc.</b> should be the same as the federal wages reported in Box 1. If the employee is a part-year resident of New York City, then the amount reported in <b>Local wages, tips, etc.</b> should be only the amount of federal wages for the period the employee was a New York City resident.</p> <p><b>Yonkers</b></p> <p>If the employee is a full-year resident of Yonkers, the amount in <b>Local wages, tips, etc.</b> should be the same as the federal wages reported in Box 1. If the employee was a part-year resident of Yonkers, he or she should be treated the same as full-time residents and the employee will allocate the part of their federal wages that are attributable to services performed in New York State when they file their New York State part-year resident income tax return.</p>
<p><b>New Jersey</b></p>	<p>Costpoint has three tax types that are specific to New Jersey:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Supplemental Workforce Fund</li> </ul>

State	Field and Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Unemployment/Health Care</li> <li>▪ Workforce Development Partnership Fund</li> </ul> <p>Verify that the correct <b>Tax Type</b> is selected for New Jersey local taxes.</p>

## Manage Deductions Screen

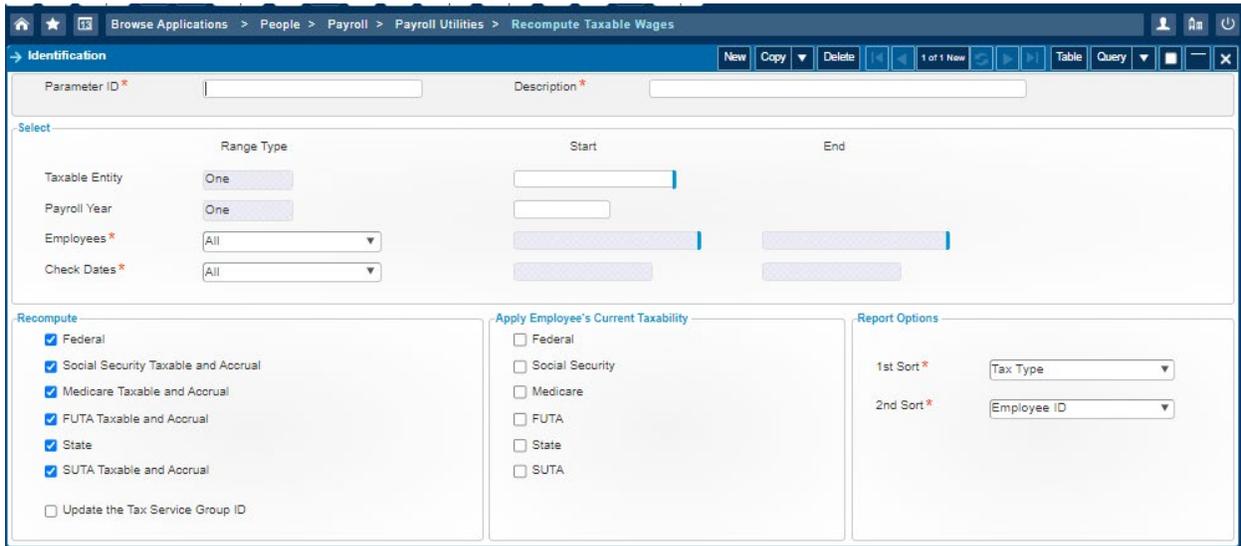
Verify that the correct **Deduction Type** is associated with each deduction code before creating W-2s. The drop-down list for the **Deduction Types** option includes the following settings:

- **Employee HSA Contr (Caf Plan):** Employee HSA Contributions through a Cafeteria Plan. This is a pre-tax deduction and will be reported in Box 12 with a Code W.
- **Employee HSA Contr (Non Caf Plan):** Employee HSA Contribution not through a Cafeteria Plan. This is the post-tax deduction; it will not be included in Box 12.
- **UI/Hlth Care/Workforce Dev:** This option is for employers who track the NJ UI/Hlth Care/Workforce Dev through deductions and report them in Box 14. This Deduction Type must be used if you will be reporting UI/Health Care/Workforce Development information through Box 14 **and** have Costpoint add the NJ SUTA (UI) dollar amount (from the Manage Employee Earnings History records) to Box 14.

If the deduction code will be tracked under the employer-sponsored health plan, then be sure to select this box before creating your W-2s.

## Recompute Taxable Wages

**Warning:** The Recompute Taxable Wages utility recomputes taxable wages in the Employee Earnings Table. This may cause a discrepancy in previously reported wages to government agencies.



Possible reasons for using this screen include the following:

- A Deduction's taxability was set incorrectly. Therefore, taxable wages are wrong.
- A Pay Type's taxability was set incorrectly. Therefore, taxable wages are wrong.
- An Employee was set up with the wrong tax status.

Run this utility **before** creating W-2s.

The results of using this utility are as follows:

- Taxable wages will be recomputed in the Employee Earning table with the current tax status on the Manage Employee Taxes screen. If an employee's status has changed during the year, you may use the date range and employee range logic to specify the appropriate parameters. In this case, run the utility for one employee/date range at a time.
- If a check range is selected that contains records for prior quarters, a correction may need to be made with the government agency.

## Create W-2 Table

### Guidelines for Creating W-2 Tables

- Create W-2s by employee.
- Use the select range options in List Mode for non-contiguous selections.
- W-2s are created by Taxable Entity. The Taxable Entity is determined by the **Taxable Entity** field in Employee Earnings.
- All taxable wage information is taken from the taxable wage data fields in Employee Earnings.

### Example

Use this screen to identify the optional deductions that you want to report in Box 14. For example, you can use this screen for health insurance. Suppose you have one provider with three options:

- Employee A = single
- Employee B = family
- Employee C = single plus one dependent

On your deduction screen you have three separate deduction codes set up. You can link each deduction to Box 14 on the Deduction screen. Here you would enter a description, such as HLTH. No matter which health deduction the employee has, it will be reported on Box 14. You have three lines for this purpose.

### Guidelines for Creating W-2c Tables

- Original W-2 must be in the Manage W-2 table.
- An earnings history adjustment must have been made that changes the information on the original W-2.
  - This change can come in the form of a Z record or updating of a previously posted historical record
- If the validations are true above, selecting the W-2c radio dial in the Create W-2s table will generate a report showing the variances in reported wages to the IRS.

Sample Report Heading:

Create W-2c Table Report												
Taxable Entity ID: 1												
Payroll Year: 2022												
Employee	Previous Federal Wages	Corrected Federal Wages	Previous Federal Withholding	Corrected Federal Withholding	Previous Social Security Wages	Corrected Social Security Wages	Previous Social Security Withholding	Corrected Social Security Withholding	Previous Medicare Wages	Corrected Medicare Wages	Previous Medicare Withholding	Corrected Medicare Withholding
1500	2,520.15	12,520.15			2,520.15	12,520.15			2,520.15	12,520.15		
<b>Report Totals:</b>	2,520.15	12,520.15			2,520.15	12,520.15			2,520.15	12,520.15		
<b>Employees:</b>	1											

### New Jersey Reporting

Specify the **NJ-SDI PP** Number before creating your W-2s. The NJ-SDI PP Number prints on the W-2 only if the **Local Taxes Disability Insurance Type** field is set to **Private Plan**. (NJ does not want to see the plan number if it is a State Plan). The NJ-SDI PP Number prints in Box 15 (State), under the Employer's state ID number.

The settings in the drop-down list for the **UI/HC/WD** reporting option are specific to New Jersey (NJ):

- **Box 14 Deductions:** If this option is selected, Costpoint will not add the NJ SUTA dollar amount to the total amount. Select this option if you want to use the current functionality for Box 14; only amounts associated with a Deduction Code that has a Box 14 line designated on the Federal subtask of the Deduction will be created. The NJ SUTA (UI) amount will not be added to the total amount, even if the Deduction Type is set to UI/Hlth Care/ Workforce Dev.
- **Box 14 Deductions with system adding UI:** Select this option if you want Costpoint to add the NJ SUTA (UI) amount to the Box 14 Deduction amount. Costpoint adds the NJ SUTA dollar amount to the Deduction Code that has the Deduction Type set to UI/Hlth Care/Workforce Dev and that has a Box 14 line designated in the Federal subtask. Costpoint retrieves the NJ SUTA information directly from the Manage Employee Earnings History records.
- **Local Taxes:** Select this option if you track Health Care, Workforce Dev Fund, and Supplemental Workforce Fund through Local Taxes. All three types will be summed together and reported in the boxes where local taxes information should be on the W-2.
- **Local Taxes with system adding UI:** Select this option if you want Costpoint to add the NJ SUTA (UI) dollar amount to the sum of the three Tax Types:
  - Supplemental Workforce Fund
  - Unemployment/Health Care

- Workforce Development Partnership Fund

Costpoint retrieves the NJ SUTA information directly from the Manage Employee Earnings History records. W-2s may be created as many times as necessary; however, any prior edits will be lost at the time of creation.

## Possible Error Message

**No Records Found:** There is no information in the Manage Employee Earnings History screen for the pay cycle and/or payroll year you have entered on this screen.

## Manage W-2s

After you create W-2s, this table contains the information from Employee Earnings that will be on the W-2. You can view and edit the data here. If an employee has more than one withholding state, he or she will receive multiple W-2s. All federal information will be reported on the first W-2, with additional W-2s for each state or locality.

The box numbers on this screen correspond to the box numbers on the W-2 forms.

You can edit W-2s. However, you should make any edits to taxable wages, withholdings, or Box 12 on the Manage Employee Earnings History screen for easier reconciliation of quarterly reports and for audit tracking requirements. If you choose to re-create W-2s, any edits made here will be lost.

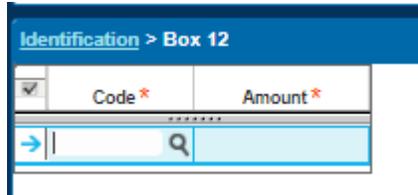
## Information Sources

The sources of the information on the screen are as follows:

- Company information (boxes b–c) is taken from General Ledger» General Ledger Controls» Configure Company Information.
- Employee information (box e) is taken from Basic Employee Information» Manage Employee Information.
- Boxes 1 through 11 come directly from the Employee Earnings table.

- Box 12 is a combination from Employee Earnings, as well as Deduction Type on the Manage Deductions screen.
- State and Local information come from the Employee Earnings table.
- Tax Reporting information also comes from the Employee Earnings table. Thus, the total of the W-2s should reconcile with the combination of the four quarters of tax filings by the company.

## Manage W-2s: Box 12



Box 12 contains dollar amounts to be reported by IRS Codes. The proper reporting of these codes is determined by the deduction type you selected in **Payroll » Deductions » Manage Deductions**.

If you reported **non-taxable moving expenses** as a pay type for an employee, you must complete the following steps for Costpoint to report this as **Code P** in Box 12:

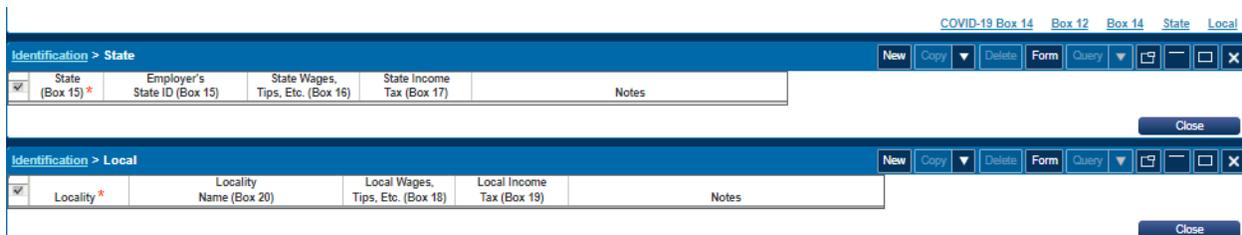
1. Set up a deduction in **Payroll » Deductions » Manage Deductions** and link it to the deduction type of **Non-Taxable Moving Expenses**.
2. Add a **Z** record to **Payroll History » Manage Employee Earnings History** screen with a negative to the pay type and a positive to the deduction.

If the employer made a contribution to a Medical Savings Account that needs to be reported as **Code R** in **Box 12**, link this Deduction/Contribution Code to the deduction type of **Employer Medical Savings Account** in **Payroll » Deductions » Manage Deductions**.

Additional information regarding Box 12 codes can be found in the help menu launched from the Manage W-2s screen at the link here:

[https://help.deltek.com/Product/Costpoint/8.1/GA/PRMW2\\_Box\\_12\\_Subtask.html](https://help.deltek.com/Product/Costpoint/8.1/GA/PRMW2_Box_12_Subtask.html)

## Manage W-2s: State and Local



Taxable wages and withholdings for states and tax localities display on these screens.

State Disability Insurance for the employee's portion displays in Boxes 18, 19, and 20 and should have been processed as a local tax.

## Manage W-2Cs

This screen below can be manually maintained or generated by the Create W-2c process. Query and Find will allow for lookup of the records created via the Create W-2c process.

For manual maintenance, selection of the **Autoload Previously Reported Information** button will perform the function of bringing over the original W-2 information for the employee from the Manage W-2s table. This selection becomes available once the **Payroll Year**, **Employee**, and **Taxable Entity** fields are filled in.

## New This Year

### W-2c Electronic Filing Support

The Taxpayer First Act, which became Public Law 116-25 on July 2019, requires more employers to file W-2s or W-2Cs electronically. Although the IRS has not yet issued formal regulation on the implementation, here is the tentative schedule:

- By midnight on January 31, 2022, employers who file 100 or more W-2s or W-2Cs will have to send W-2s or W-2Cs to SSA electronically.

- By midnight on January 31, 2023, employers who file 10 or more W-2s or W-2Cs will have to send W-2s or W-2Cs to SSA electronically.

When the IRS issues formal guidance on implementing this new law, the above date may change. The IRS has the authority to penalize any employer who does not file electronically if they meet the threshold.

Costpoint has existing capability to generate EFW2. However, to support IRS requirements, Costpoint adds the ability to generate EFW2C to the Create Federal W-2 File screen. W-2 corrections beginning tax year 2021 will also be supported.

**Attention:** For more information, refer to:

- Taxpayer First Act:** <https://www.ssa.gov/employer/taxpayer.html>
- Filing Forms W-2c Electronically (EFW2C) for Tax Year 2021:** <https://www.ssa.gov/employer/EFW2&EFW2C.htm>

## Print W-2s or W-2cs

Printing W-2s on blank paper enables reconciliation with tax filings before you need to submit the W-2s to employees and taxing agencies. Deltek recommends that you print W-2s on blank paper and reconcile them before printing on forms.

Then, print a test run on the form you are using. Five records serve as a good guide to test the alignment. You may have to try a different printer driver for the alignment to be acceptable.

You can test alignment at any time after you receive the CYE Regulatory Update and before you need to print W-2s on the official forms.

### To print W-2s or W-2cs:

- Enter the required fields of data, designated with a red asterisk.
- Select the **Non-Contiguous Range** checkbox to allow the various subtasks at the bottom of the screen to become available for use.
- Use the **Starting Control No** option to enter a starting control number for W-2s.
- Print W-2s on blank paper and review them carefully before printing them on forms.
  - You can sort the W-2s by Employee Name, Social Security Number, Employee ID, Postal Code, State, Home Org, or Locator Code.

- You can print the W-2s for a single state. When printing the state copies of the W-2s, select the primary sort of State.
5. If you need to make any adjustments, follow the recommendations in the “Edit W-2s” section, starting on page 36. Reprint the W-2s on blank paper as many times as needed.
  6. Reconcile your quarterly reports with the W-2 Summary Report.
  7. When finalized, print the W-2s on the forms and deliver to employees by January 31. If your firm has a bulk mailing rate, you can print employee copies by postal code.
  8. Maintain Employer copies of the W-2 forms.
  9. Create the file for Federal filing (using the Create Federal W-2 File screen), if applicable, and file electronically with the Federal Government by February 28.
  10. Create the file for State filing (using the Create State W-2 File screen), if applicable, and file electronically with the appropriate State Government agency. If you are printing W-2s for multiple states, you can print the employer copies by state.

## Print W-2 Summary Report

Use this screen to print the W-2 or W-2c Summary Report, which summarizes the amounts found on each box of the W-2s for the entire company.

Sample W-2 Summary Report

Year End Company W-2 Summary Report Payroll Year: 2039 Taxable Entity ID: ACME PRODUCTION		Page 1 of 2 12/31/39 02:22 PM
Box 1 Federal Taxable Wages		220,685.03
Box 2 Federal Income Tax Withheld		50,303.01
Box 3 - Social Security Wages		150,636.56
Box 4 - Social Security Tax Withheld		278.17
Box 5 - Medicare Wages		225,186.56
Box 6 - Medicare Tax Withheld		80.81
Box 7 - Social Security Tips		0.00
Box 8 - Allocated Tips		0.00
Box 9 - Advance EIC Payment		n/a
Box 10 - Dependent Care Benefit		50.00
Box 11 - Nonqualified Plans		0.00
Box 12 - Code A		0.00
Box 12 - Code B		0.00
Box 12 - Code C		136.99
Box 12 - Code D		1,351.53
Box 12 - Code E		0.00
Box 12 - Code F		0.00
Box 12 - Code G		0.00
Box 12 - Code H		0.00
Box 12 - Code J		0.00
Box 12 - Code K		0.00
Box 12 - Code L		0.00
Box 12 - Code M		0.00
Box 12 - Code N		0.00
Box 12 - Code P		0.00
Box 12 - Code Q		0.00
Box 12 - Code R		0.00
Box 12 - Code S		0.00
Box 12 - Code T		0.00
Box 12 - Code V		0.00
Box 12 - Code W		0.00
Box 12 - Code Y		0.00
Box 12 - Code Z		0.00
Box 12 - Code AA		0.00
Box 12 - Code BB		0.00
Box 12 - Code CC		0.00
Box 12 - Code DD		326.94
Box 12 - Code EE		0.00
Box 12 - Code FF		0.00
Box 14 - Line 1		0.00
Box 14 - Line 2		0.00
Box 14 - Line 3		0.00

Year End Company W-2 Summary Report		Page 2 of 2 12/31/39 02:22 PM
Payroll Year: 2039 Taxable Entity ID: ACME PRODUCTION		
Box 15 - State		CA
Box 16 - State Wages		1,000.00
Box 17 - State Withholding		0.00
Box 15 - State		MD
Box 16 - State Wages		1,114.83
Box 17 - State Withholding		0.00
Box 15 - State		NJ
Box 16 - State Wages		202,120.20
Box 17 - State Withholding		14,032.21
Box 20 - Locality		New Jersey Disability Ins
Box 18 - Locality Wages		370.20
Box 19 - Locality Withholding		0.00
Box 20 - Locality		NJSDI
Box 18 - Locality Wages		31,270.20
Box 19 - Locality Withholding		112.57
Box 20 - Locality		NJ Unemployment Local Tax
Box 18 - Locality Wages		370.20
Box 19 - Locality Withholding		1.42
Box 20 - Locality		NJ Workforce Dev
Box 18 - Locality Wages		201,750.00
Box 19 - Locality Withholding		0.74

## Manage Tax File Data

Browse Applications > People > Payroll > Year-End Processing > Manage Tax File Data

Identification

New Copy Delete 1 of 1 New Table Query

Taxable Entity Code \*

Preparer Code \*

Kind of Employer \*

Contact Information

Contact Name \*

Job Title

Phone Number \*  Extension

Fax

E-mail \*

Idaho

Fed/State Combined 1099 Participant

Filing Cycle

Total 1099s

You must set up the Manage Tax File Data screen in **Payroll » Year End Processing** for each taxable entity in order to create the W-2 file to be transmitted electronically.

## Create Federal W-2 File

The 2022 Calendar Year-End (CYE) Regulatory Update reflects the federal filing requirements as of November 2022. Any future requirements will be incorporated in the Costpoint software and released in early January 2023.

Use this screen to create the Federal file for electronic filing after your W-2s are finalized.

This screen creates the data file **W2REPORT.YY** where **YY** represents the payroll year for which the report is created. You need to rename this data file to the IRS required file name **W2REPORT** (no extension).

The Federal W-2 File Report prints automatically each time that you create the **W2REPORT.YY** file. After running this program and reviewing the printed report, copy the file exactly as named above (**W2REPORT** with no file extension). This is the file that you must send to the Social Security Administration.

Make sure that the file location you select is in a directory to which you have been granted rights. If you receive an error message such as “file not found,” the file might have been created in a directory to which you do not have access.

## Create State W-2 File

The 2022 CYE Regulatory Update reflects the state filing requirements as of November 2022. Some states do not publish their filing changes until mid-November. Any future requirements will be incorporated in the Costpoint software and released in early January 2023.

The Create State W-2 Files screen creates a data file which you may file electronically.

Some states require the state ID to be in a certain format. Please review the manner in which you have entered the state taxing ID in State Taxes to be sure that you will comply.

The State W-2 File Report prints automatically each time that you create the **W2RPTST.YY** file, where **ST** represents the two-character state abbreviation code, and **YY** represents the payroll year for which you are reporting in this screen. You must rename this data file to the file name required by the state, such as **W2REPORT** (no extension). The information included in the file is identical to the printed W-2s.

## Puerto Rico

The RS record file layout for Puerto Rico is not supported on the Create State Mag Media screen.

## Common Roadblocks/Reconciliation Issues

### Dollar amounts on the Earnings Report (or Tax Report) are not balancing with W-2s.

An edit has been made to the Edit W-2 table and has not been recognized on the Manage Employee Earnings History screen. Employee Earnings is the **source** for W-2s and Tax Reporting. Make any adjustments on the Manage Employee Earnings History screen and re-create W-2s.

I have adjustments that I have to make for such things as Relocation Expenses (non-cash fringe), but I won't get the information until the 2<sup>nd</sup> week of January.

You can still create your W-2s and print them to do your reconciliation with your taxes for the information you currently have. Once that is reconciled, you should be able to identify any adjustments made (**Z** records) and not have to start the whole reconciliation process over.

What can I do if I have under- or over-withheld an employee's Social Security, Medicare, or withholding and I have already started the payroll for the next year?

Run the Print Soc Sec and Medicare Reconciliation Report after each payroll. This report identifies any mistakes in taxable wages and withholdings during the year and allows your quarterly reports to be correct during the year, thus avoiding amended returns.

If an employee is under-withheld, take one of the following actions:

- Make an agreement with the employee that you will adjust the record (Z record) and have the employee pay you the dollar amount back as a "loan" in his or her next paycheck. Z records give you an audit trail that a manual adjustment was done in a given year.
- Adjust the withholding by taking out of federal and putting in Social Security/Medicare. **Deltek does not recommend this approach.**
- Have your company pay the taxes for the employee as a "gross-up" benefit.

If an employee is over-withheld, reimburse the employee with a negative "loan" deduction.

## Troubleshooting Tips

Taxable wages on W-2 are incorrect for an employee.

Print the Employee Earnings Report YTD for the employee and review it to see why taxable wages are incorrect and what type of adjustment you need to make. Also, determine if the adjustment involves a journal entry to be made to the General Ledger to recognize expense. In addition, if you do an adjustment record with a check date prior to the fourth quarter, you must re-file your quarterly reports.

The Retirement Plan Covered checkbox is cleared on W-2 and needs to be selected.

The **Retirement Plan Covered** checkbox was not selected in **Employee Payroll Information» Manage Employee Taxes**. You should select that checkbox and re-create W-2s or select the checkbox on the Edit W-2 screen.

I've done my last payroll of the year, ran my Reconciliation Soc. Sec. and Medicare Report, and found an employee who owes taxes. My

employer decides he will pay the taxes for the employee. (The tax the employer pays now becomes taxable wages to the employee.)

Enter a **Z** record on the Manage Employee Earnings History screen, with a check date of December 31, check number of 999999, the dollar amount, and the Social Security and Medicare amounts to withhold, resulting in a net 0.00 check.

Example

An employee owes \$17.20 for Social Security and \$3.40 for Medicare.

- Gross up Calculation:  $100 - 7.65 = 92.35\%$  (6.2% S.S. and 1.45% Med.)
  - $\$20.60 / 92.35\% = \$22.30$  (Gross pay amount)
  - $\$17.20 + \$1.38 = \$ 18.58$  (Social Security)\*
  - $\$ 3.40 + \$0.32 = \$ 3.72$  (Medicare)\*\*
  - Net Pay now = 0.00
- \*  $\$22.30 \times 6.2\% = \$1.38$
- \*\*  $\$22.30 \times 1.45\% = 0.32$

You can use this calculation for “grossing-up” any amounts an employer may be paying for an employee. The tax percentage to subtract from 100 will always be equal to the percentage of taxes to be withheld. You must make a manual journal entry to recognize these transactions.

The same scenario as above occurs, however the employer does not want to pay the taxes. (Deltek does not recommend this solution.)

- If the payroll year is closed, add a Z record to Manage Employee Earnings History screen that moves the amount out of federal withholding and places the amount in Social Security and Medicare withholding. You must make a manual journal entry to recognize this transaction.
- If the payroll year is open, add an X or Y record to Manage Payroll Records that removes the amount from federal withholding and places the amount in Social Security and Medicare withholding. Enter the check number and a date before December 31 and then post the payroll journal.

Any changes made in employee earnings that affect General Ledger also require a journal entry in the General Ledger module, if you are not posting an **X** or **Y** record.

A deduction for an employee is not showing up in Box 12.

Select the deduction in **Payroll » Deductions » Manage Deductions** and link it to the correct Deduction Type and re-create the W-2.

W-2 information is not aligning correctly on the form.

See the Costpoint online help system for printing hints and to verify that your printer set up is correctly. If not, contact Costpoint Technical Customer Care.

## W-2 Format

Box	Name	Description
a.	Employee's Social Security Number	For security reasons, the Social Security number has been moved out of the area that is visible when a window envelope is used to mail the W-2s.
b.	Employer Federal ID Number	This field defaults from the Configure Company Information screen in General Ledger.
c.	Employer's Name, Address, and Zip Code	These fields default from the Configure Company Information screen in General Ledger.
d.	Control Number	This box identifies the individual Form W-2.
e.	Employee's Name	These fields default from the Manage Employee Information screen.
f.	Employee's Address and ZIP Code	These fields default from the Manage Employee Information screen.
1.	Wages, Tips, and Other Compensation	The amount displayed here is the sum of all Federal Taxable amounts from the Manage Employee Earnings History screen. All deferred compensation amounts (Codes D-H in Box 12) and other Federal exempt pay types and/or deductions are subtracted from gross wages to arrive at this amount. Employer contributions to 401(k) are not part of the calculation.
2.	Federal Income Tax Withheld	The amount displayed here is the sum of all Federal Withheld amounts from the Taxes Withheld subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen.
3.	Social Security Wages	The amount displayed here is the sum of all Social Security Taxable amounts from the Manage Employee Earnings History screen. All Social Security exempt pay types and/or deductions are subtracted from gross wages to arrive at this amount.
4.	Social Security Tax Withheld	The amount displayed here is the sum of all Social Security Withheld amounts from the Taxes Withheld subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen.
5.	Medicare Wages and Tips	The amount displayed here is the sum of all Medicare Taxable amounts from the Manage Employee Earnings History screen.
6.	Medicare Tax Withheld	The amount displayed here is the sum of all Medicare Withheld amounts from the Taxes Withheld subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen.

Box	Name	Description	
7.	Social Security Tips	You must enter an amount here, if applicable.	
8.	Allocated Tips	You must enter an amount here, if applicable. This amount is <b>not</b> included in boxes 1, 3, 5, or 7.	
9.		This box is no longer printed on the W-2, since the Advance EIC payment was eliminated for tax years beginning after December 31, 2010.	
10.	Dependent Care Benefits	The amount displayed here is the total amount of withholding, from the Deductions subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen, for the deduction code that you identified as a Dependent Care deduction on the Manage Deductions screen.	
11.	Nonqualified Plans	<p>The amount displayed here is the total amount, from the Pay Types subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen, for the pay type that you associated with this box on the Manage Pay Type Taxability screen. This amount is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Reported in box 1, if it is a distribution made to the employee from a nonqualified deferred compensation or section 457 plan, or</li> <li>▪ Included in box 3 and/or 5 if it is a prior year deferral under a nonqualified or section 457 plan that became taxable for Social Security and Medicare taxes this year because there is no longer a substantial risk of forfeiture of the employee's right to the deferred amount.</li> </ul>	
12a–12d	A	Uncollected Social Security Tax on employee's tips	The amount displayed here is the amount of uncollected Social Security or RRTA tax on tips.
	B	Uncollected Medicare Tax on employee's tips	The amount displayed here is the amount of uncollected Medicare tax on tips.
	C	Excess Life Insurance	The amount displayed here is the cost of group-term life insurance over \$50,000 included in boxes 1, 3—up to the Social Security wage base—and 5.
	D	Section 401(K) Deferred Compensation Plan	The amount displayed here is the amount of elective deferrals to section 401(k) cash or deferred arrangement, and also includes deferrals under a SIMPLE retirement account that is part of a section 401(k) arrangement. The amount shown here is the total amount of withholding from the Deductions subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen, for the deduction code that you identified as 401(k) Deferred Compensation on the Manage Deductions screen.

Box	Name	Description
D 09,11– 19	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals to a section 401(k) cash or deferred arrangement.	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals to a section 401(k) cash or deferred arrangement.
E	Section 403 (B) Salary Reduction Agreement Deferred Compensation Plan	The amount displayed here is the total amount of withholding from the Deduction subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen, for the deduction code that you identified as 403(b) Deferred Compensation on the Manage Deductions screen.
E 09, 11–19	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals to a section 403(b) salary reduction agreement.	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals to a section 403(b) salary reduction agreement.
F	Section 408(K) 6 Salary Reduction SEP	The amount displayed here is the total amount of withholding, from the Deductions subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen, for the deduction code that you identified as 408(k) 6 Deferred Compensation on the Manage Deductions screen.
F 09, 11–19	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals to a section 408(k)(6) salary reduction agreement.	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals to a section 408(k)(6) salary reduction agreement.
G	Section 457(b) or 457(f)	The amount displayed here is the total amount of withholding from the Deductions subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen, for the deduction code that you identified as 457 Deferred Compensation in the Manage Deductions screen.
G 09, 11–19	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals and employer contributions (including nonelective deferrals) to a section 457(b) deferred compensation plan	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals and employer contributions (including nonelective deferrals) to a section 457(b) deferred compensation plan
H	Section 501(C)18(D) Tax Exempt Organization Plan	The amount displayed here is the total amount of withholding, from the Deductions subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen, for the deduction code that you identified as 501(c) 18(D) Deferred Compensation on the Manage Deductions screen.

Box	Name	Description
H 09, 11–19	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals under a section 501(c)(18)(D) tax-exempt organization plan.	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals under a section 501(c)(18)(D) tax-exempt organization plan.
J	Nontaxable Sick Pay	The amount displayed here is the total amount of nontaxable sick pay not included in boxes 1, 3, or 5.
K	% Excise Tax on excess Golden Parachute Payments	The amount displayed here is the total amount of withholding from the Deductions subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen, for the deduction code identified as Golden Parachute on the Manage Deductions screen.
L	Non-taxable Employee Business Expenses	The amount displayed here is the total amount of non-taxable Employee Business Expenses (if taxable Employee Business Expenses are included in Box 1).
M	Uncollected Social Security Tax for Former Employees	The amount displayed here is the total amount of uncollected Social Security or RRTA tax on cost of group-term life insurance over \$50,000 (former employees only).
N	Uncollected Medicare Tax for Former Employees	The amount displayed here is the total amount of uncollected Medicare tax on cost of group-term life insurance over \$50,000 (former employees only).
P	Moving Expenses	The amount displayed here is the total amount of excludable moving expense reimbursements paid directly to employee (not included in boxes 1, 3, or 5).
Q	Non-taxable Combat Pay	
R	Employer Contributions	The amount displayed here is the total amount of employer contribution to the employee's medical savings account (MSA).
S	Section 408(P) Plan	The amount displayed here is the total amount of employee salary reduction contributions under a section 408(p) SIMPLE (not included in box 1).
S 09, 11–19	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up employee salary reduction contributions under a section 408(p) SIMPLE.	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up employee salary reduction contributions under a section 408(p) SIMPLE.
T	Adoption Benefits	The amount displayed here is the total amount of adoption benefits not included in box 1.

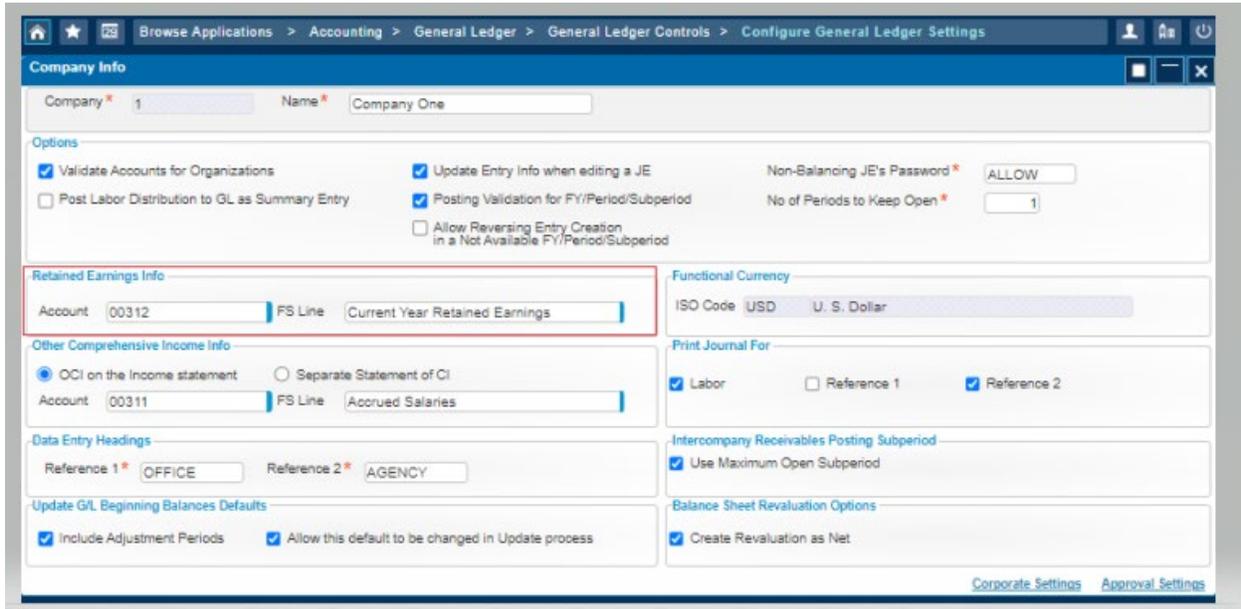
Box	Name	Description
V	Income for exercise of non-statutory stock option(s)	The amount displayed here is the total amount of income from exercise of non-statutory stock option(s) included in boxes 1, 3 (up to Social Security wage base) or 5.
W	Health Savings Account	The amount displayed here is the total amount of employer and employee contributions to a Health Savings Account (HSA).
Y	Section 409(A) Deferrals	The amount displayed here is the total amount of deferrals under a section 409A nonqualified deferred compensation.
Y 09, 11–19	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up deferrals under section 409A nonqualified deferred compensation plan.	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up deferrals under section 409A nonqualified deferred compensation plan.
Z	Section 409(A) Income	The amount displayed here is the total amount of income under a section 409A nonqualified deferred compensation.
AA	Roth 401(K) Contribution Plan	The amount displayed here is the total amount of designated Roth plan contributions under a section 401(k) plan.
AA 09, 11–19	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up designated Roth contributions to a section 401(k) plan	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up elective deferrals to a section 401(k) cash or deferred arrangement.
BB	Roth 401(B) Contribution Plan	The amount displayed here is the total amount of designated Roth plan contributions under a section 403(b) plan.
BB 09, 11–19	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up designated Roth contributions under section 403(b) salary reduction agreement	USERRA (2009, 2011–2019) make up designated Roth contributions under a section 403(b) salary reduction agreement.
CC	HIRE Exempt Wages and Tips	The amount of HIRE exempt wages and tips paid to qualified employees. Amount must be manually entered.
DD	Cost of employer-sponsored health coverage	The amount displayed here is the cost of employer-sponsored health coverage taken from the Deductions and Contributions subtasks of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen for Deductions/Contributions

Box	Name	Description
		marked as Employer-Sponsored Health Coverage in the Manage Deductions screen.
	EE	Designated Roth contributions under a governmental section 457(b) plan
	EE 11–19	USERRA (2011–2019) make up designated Roth contributions under a section 457(b) plan.
13	Retirement Plan	<p>Select this box if the employee was an “active participant” (for any part of the year) in any of the following.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ A qualified pension, profit-sharing, or stock-bonus plan described in section 401(a) (including a 401(k) plan).</li> <li>▪ An annuity plan described in section 403(a).</li> <li>▪ An annuity contract or custodial account described in section 403(b).</li> <li>▪ A simplified employee pension (SEP) plan described in section 408(k).</li> <li>▪ A SIMPLE retirement account described in section 408(p).</li> <li>▪ A trust described in section 501(c)(18).</li> <li>▪ A plan for federal, state, or local government employees or by an agency or instrumentality thereof (other than a section 457(b) plan).</li> </ul>
14	Other	
15	State	This box displays the two-character abbreviation from the Manage Employee Earnings History screen. Employer’s State ID No - The State ID Number as entered on the State Taxes screen.
16	State Wages, Tips	The amount displayed here is the sum of all State Taxable amounts from the Manage Employee Earnings History screen. All deferred compensation amounts (Codes D-H in Box 12) and other State exempt pay types and/or deductions are subtracted from Gross Wages to arrive at this amount.

Box	Name	Description
17	State Income Tax	The amount displayed here is the sum of all State Withheld amounts from the Taxes Withheld subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen.
18	Local Wages, Tips	The amount displayed here is the sum of all Local Taxable amounts from the Taxes Withheld subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen. Any SDI information also prints in this box, if setup as a Local Tax.
19	Local Income Tax	The amount displayed here is the sum of all Locality Withheld amounts from the Taxes Withheld subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen.
20	Name of Locality	This box displays the six-character codes from the Taxes Withheld subtask of the Manage Employee Earnings History screen.

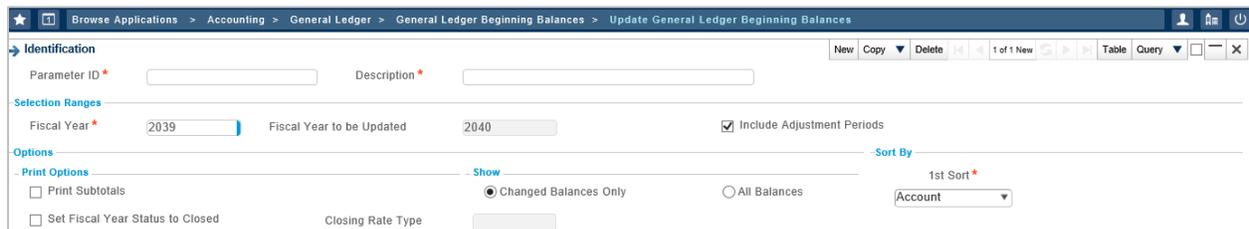
# Chapter 6: Closing the General Ledger

## Configure General Ledger Settings



The Configure General Ledger Settings screen determines the Retained Earnings account to which Income and Expense accounts (determined by the Account Type designated on the Manage Accounts screen) “close out.” If accounts are designated as Asset, Liability, or Stockholder’s Equity, they will roll forward their ending balances to become beginning balances in the new year.

## Update General Ledger Beginning Balances



Use the Update General Ledger Beginning Balances screen:

- To roll forward ending balances of entered year and create beginning balances in the new year.
- All accounts designated with an *Account Type* of **Asset**, **Liability**, or **Stockholder’s Equity** will have beginning balances created in the new fiscal year by this process.
- To close the fiscal year.

The Fiscal Year status is changed to **Closed** only if you select the **Set Fiscal Year Status to Closed** checkbox and set the **Closing Rate Type** option to **Actual** or **Target**.

You can only close the fiscal year if all accounting periods and subperiods in the fiscal year are set to a **Closed** status (the Close Periods screen was used to close all accounting periods in the fiscal year).

You can run this process multiple times, without closing the fiscal year.

## Manage Non-Project Beginning Balances

**Fiscal Year/Organization**

Fiscal Year \* 2040 Organization \* Y Y Organization

Running Balances Amount 501,000.00 Hours 0.00

**Account Details**

Account *	Account Name	Proj Required	Beginning Amount	Beginning Hours
00312	CURRENT YR R.E.	N	6,000.00	0.00
00320	PRIOR YR RETAINED EARNING	N	495000.00	0.00

[Transactional Currency Beginning Balances](#)

If the Retained Earnings are separated into two accounts, one for current year and one for prior year, then you must make a manual entry on the Manage Non-Project Beginning Balances screen for your new fiscal year (2023).

### To make the manual entry:

1. Add the Current Year Retained Earnings Beginning Amount to the Prior Year Retained Earnings Beginning Amount.
2. Zero out the Current Year's Retained Earnings Beginning Amount.

After you complete these steps, your financial statement will appear correctly for the new fiscal year.

# Chapter 7: 'Closing'/Preparing the Projects Side

## Update Prior Year History

Update Prior Year History creates prior year data for project reporting and revenue calculation. You must run Update Prior Year History **before** computing revenue for the new fiscal year; otherwise, revenue may not create and won't appear correctly.

You can run Update Prior Year History multiple times. If at any time, you update or correct the prior year, you must re-run Update Prior Year History after updating the PSR and creating your Project Report Tables for the last period in the corrected year.

### To complete the Update Prior Year History screen:

1. Enter the **Fiscal Year** for which you are closing. For example, if you are closing FY 2022, then you would enter FY 2022.
2. Select the **Update** options for the data you wish to make prior year.
  - At the least, select **Project Ledger** and **Labor History**.
  - Select **Units**, if you currently load units for Revenue and/or Billing.
  - Select **Billing Value**, if you currently use Goal Processing functionality.
  - Select **Cobra History**, if you currently interface with the Cobra application.
3. In the **Update Prior Year History Using** group box, select the rates to be used when updating the prior year history:
  - Actual Burden Rates
  - Target Burden Rates
  - Actual Burden Rates/Target Revenue
4. In the **Adjustment Period Data to Include** group box, select the adjustment period data you wish to roll to prior year:
  - a. Adjustment Period is designated on Accounting Period setup. This allows adjustments, computations, and reporting outside "regular" financial periods.

- Cost Only, No Revenue: This allows any revenue calculated in the adjustment period to remain in the closing year and then be recognized in a future period.
  - Both Cost and Revenue: This assumes you have posted the revenue in the closing year and need the revenue and cost to roll forward.
  - No Adjustment Period Data
5. In the **Retention of Project Setup Data** group box, select the Retention option correct for your company:
- a. This function will copy project setup data to the history tables which allows you to compute revenue in the prior year using the setup that existed at that time.
  - b. If history tables exist for a fiscal year, Costpoint will use that saved setup for revenue computations and project reporting.
- Copy Project Setup Data to History Tables: This process ONLY adds records if they do not already exist.
  - Clear Data From Project History Tables: This process deletes the existing data so that you can recreate it.
  - Overwrite Existing Records: This only allows the process to overwrite existing data with updated data for the same record.

## Copy Pools

The screenshot shows the 'Copy Pools' utility interface. At the top, the breadcrumb navigation reads: 'Browse Applications > Projects > Cost and Revenue Processing > Cost and Revenue Processing Utilities > Copy Pools'. Below this is a toolbar with 'New', 'Copy', and 'Delete' buttons. The main area is titled 'Identification' and contains two sections: 'Selection Ranges' and 'Options'. The 'Selection Ranges' section includes a table with columns 'Option', 'Source', and 'Destination'. The 'Options' section includes a 'Data To Be Copied' group box with four checked items: 'Pool Base Data', 'Pool Cost Data', 'Pool Rates Data', and 'Service Center Data'. There is also an unchecked checkbox for 'Cancel processing if destination Pool Rate Data fewer than source.'

Guidelines for the Copy Pools screen:

- Pools must be created every year prior to any billing, revenue, or reporting in the new year.
- Use the Copy Pools utility to copy pools from one year to the next.
- While Costpoint allows users to copy one pool at a time, it is suggested to copy all pools for the new year at the same time.
- In the **Source** field, enter the allocation group and fiscal year from which the pools will be copied.
- In the **Destination** field, enter the allocation group and fiscal year to which the pool will be copied.

- Check the **Cancel processing if destination Pool Rate fewer than source** box to cancel the process if the source fiscal year has more periods than the destination fiscal year.

## Cost Pools

Browse Applications > Projects > Cost and Revenue Processing > Cost Pools > Manage Cost Pools

**Identification** | New | Copy | Delete | 3 of 7 Existing | Table | Query

Allocation Group \* Primary Allocation Group | Fiscal Year \* 2021 | Sequence Number \* 1  
 Pool Number \* 1 | Pool Name \* Fringe Benefits | Abbreviated Name \* Fringe

---

**Pool Details** | Default Accounts

**Pool Type** FRINGE

**Preferences**  
 Service Center |  Apply Rates to Projects |  Unallowable |  Exclude Burden from Asset Inventory

**Basis**  
 Basis Description \* Total Labor | **Basis Type**  Dollars |  Hours |  Units

**Financial Statement Reclass Accounts**  
 Debit Account 09801 | Credit Account 09802

---

**Pool Rates** | Pool Cost | Pool Base | Service Center | Pool Rates | New | Copy | Delete | Form | Query

Period *	Pd Actual	YTD Actual	Pd Target	YTD Target	Pd Provisional	YTD Provisional	Pd Cost of Money	YTD Cost of Money
2	0.000000%	0.000000%	30.000000%	35.000000%	30.000000%	30.000000%	4.000000%	4.500000%
1	0.000000%	0.000000%	30.000000%	40.000000%	30.000000%	30.000000%	3.000000%	3.500000%

**Before computing pools for the new fiscal year, use the Manage Cost Pools/Pool Rate subtask to complete the following steps:**

- Zero out the **Pd Act** and **YTD Act** columns for all periods.
- Enter/verify all other columns' rates.
- Add lines for all periods in fiscal year.
- Make any changes to the pool's cost and/or base setup.

**Provisional** rates are used for billing and **Target** rates can be used for project reporting and revenue calculation. **Actual** rates are computed each period and can be used for project reporting and revenue calculation.

## Build Rate Application Table

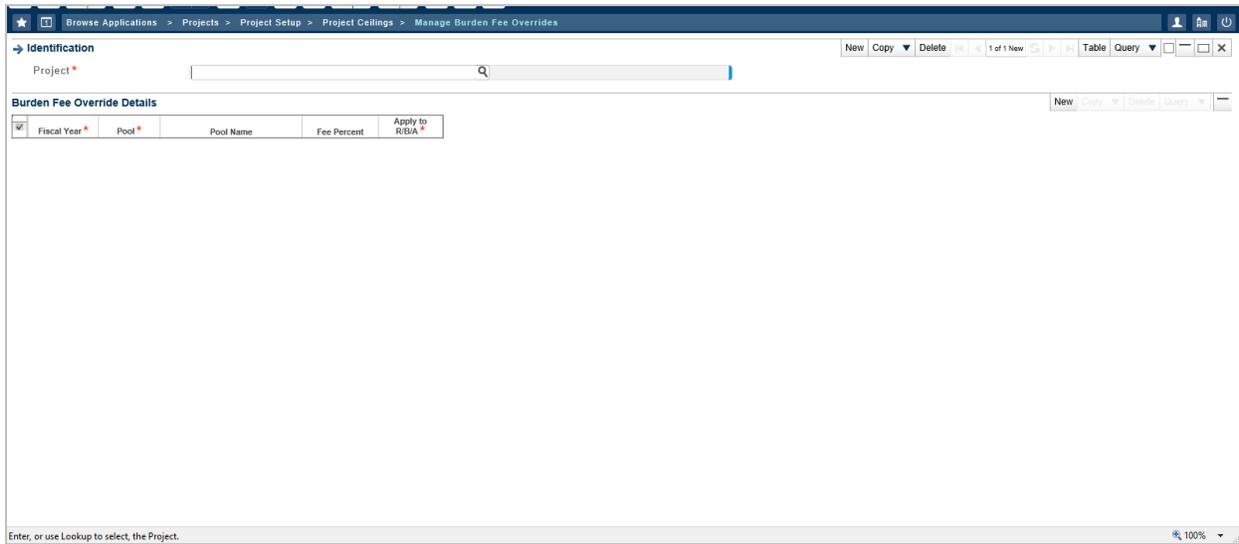
The Build Rate Application Table populates the table used to allocate indirect costs to projects. You must run this process before calculating bills and computing burden in the new fiscal year. Always run this application after:

- Creating/changing pools for the new fiscal year
- Changing pool base data
- Changing pool sequence numbers

## Manage Burden Cost Ceilings

If your company uses Manage Burden Cost Ceilings, you must set them up every year because the ceilings are maintained by project, based on the fiscal year of the pool.

## Manage Burden Fee Overrides



If your company uses the Manage Burden Fee Overrides screen, you must update it yearly because it is maintained by project, based on the fiscal year of the pool.

# Chapter 8: Closing the Year with Planning

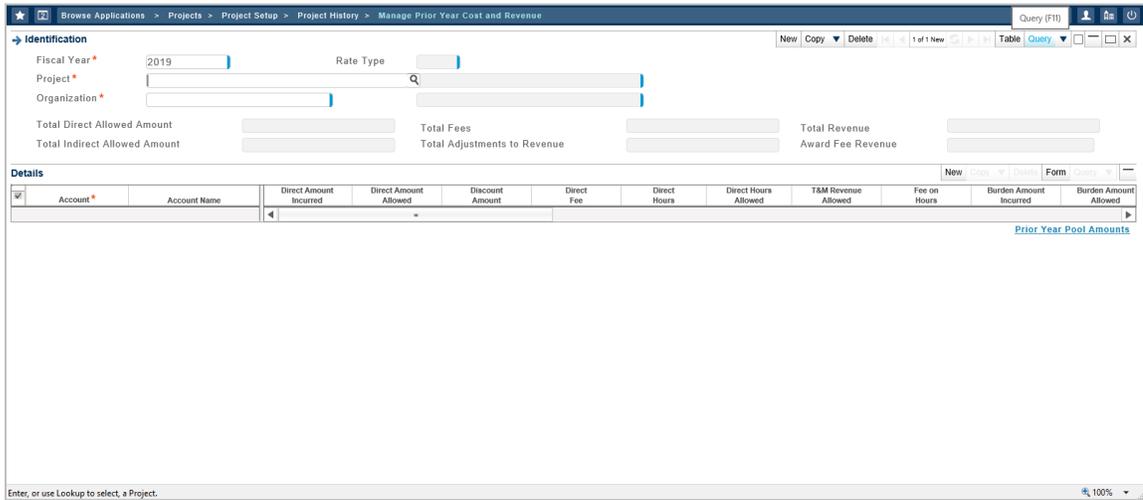
## Complete the Costpoint Projects Year-End Processes

### Update Prior Year History

Reference “Preparing/Closing the Project Side” in the Year-End Guide.

1. If the prior year data does not exist in the PSR\_PY\_SUM table, NO ACTUALS will be included for that year in reports.
  - In Planning, there is a setting in **Planning » Administration » Administration Controls » Maintain Current Period**.
  - If the 'Update Mode' is set to Auto, the date on your computer will be used for the current period and will change automatically.
  - If the 'Update Mode' is set to Manual, the date will need to be changed manually in this screen to make the new current period.
2. If the Update Prior Year History is incorrectly run so that future year or current year records (that is, 2023+) now exist in PY\_SUM, you will get a PY record in the B&P PSR with a negative value backing out the amount of those records.
  - To correct this, these records will have to be manually removed from Prior Year Cost and Revenue in Costpoint. Query the records by fiscal year in the Manage Prior Cost and Revenue screen and delete them.

Chapter 8: Closing the Year with Planning

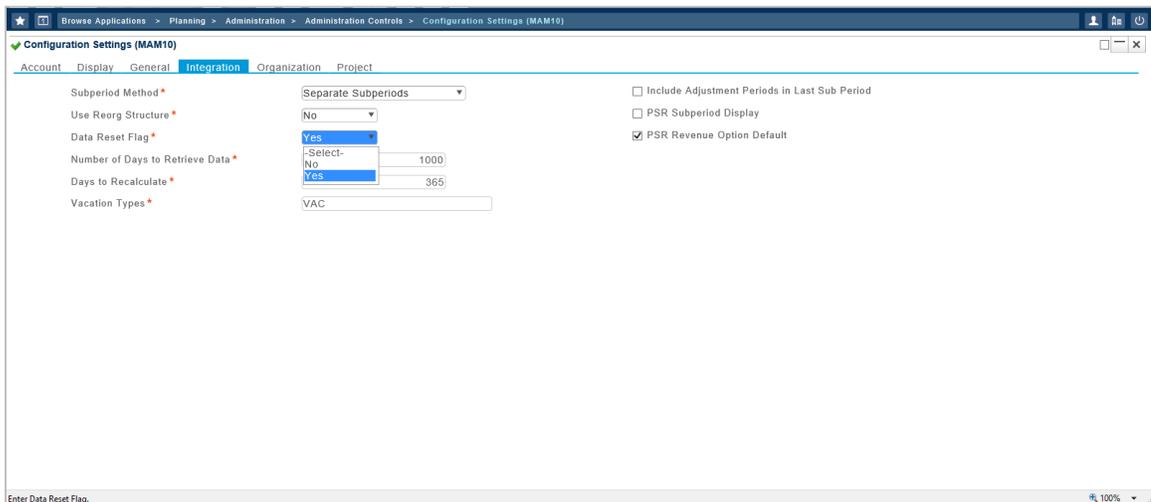


- When Update Prior Year Cost and Revenue has been cleared, set the Data Reset Flag in Configuration Settings to **Yes** and run the Refresh (only needed for versions lower than 8.1). This will replace current historical data with incoming history from Costpoint.
- Note that when Planning rolls over years, there is a routine in Planning that recognizes it is in a current period in a new fiscal year. It grabs data from the Prior Year tables in the Project Domain and from PROJ-SUM for each project and puts it into temporary tables.

For example if your current period is Pd 1 2023, 2022 will be in the temporary Planning prior year table. This happens if the fiscal year changes before the Project Year End Processes are run.

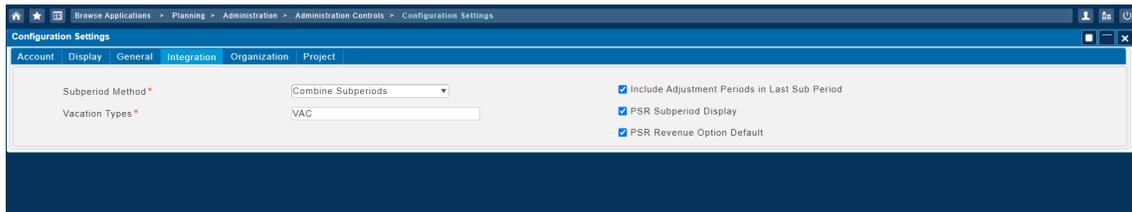
In Costpoint Versions prior to 8.1:

- The Data Reset Flag does not need to be set back to NO as it auto resets to NO after Refresh has been run.



In Costpoint Version 8.1 and later:

- There is no longer a Data Reset Flag, and there is no longer a Refresh process.



## Review Fiscal Year Setup for Closing Rate Type

### Planning » Administration » Administration Controls » Fiscal Year Setup

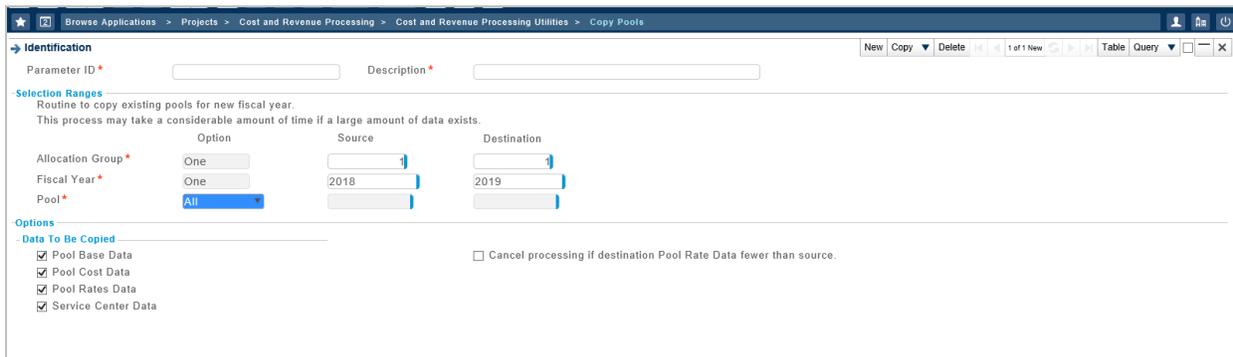
If you use Target rates throughout your Fiscal Year but close at Actual Rates, you need to update the 'Closing Rate Type' in Planning. See the breadcrumb trail above and go to column Closing Rate Type, which can be Target or Actual. It will probably be 'Target' to agree to your financial rates throughout the year, but needs to be changed to 'Actual' if that's how you close the financial year.

If you do not change the **Planning Fiscal Year Setup » Closing Rate Code** to agree to your financial close rate type, you will likely see large 'EAC Adjustments' in Planning. You may continue to see some EAC Adjustments for small rounding differences once the closing rate types agree. However, if the rate types agree in Planning and how you closed the fiscal year, but there are still large EAC Adjustments, probably subsequent changes have been made in the GL or Projects Domain. In this case, the other Domains' Year End Process need to be re-run and, for Costpoint versions lower than 8.1, a Planning refresh would need to be run.

### Copy Pools

If the Planning Fiscal Year Setup is set to use Target Rates, the latest Target Rate will be used for current year and future years, until the new year's Target Rates are entered in Costpoint Project Domain, and a Refresh has been run. This applies to versions lower than 8.1.

If Planning has been set up to use 'Actual' rates, rates will not be applied until the Cost Pools in the Project Domain are processed for the period. If the Planning rates are set to Actual, Planning will continue to use Actuals for current and future years.



Chapter 8: Closing the Year with Planning

**Identification**

Allocation Group: Primary Allocation Group | Fiscal Year: 2019 | Sequence Number: 1

Pool Number: 100 | Pool Name: Fringe | Abbreviated Name: Fringe

---

**Pool Details** | Default Accounts

**Preferences**

Pool Type: FRINGE |  Service Center |  Apply Rates to Projects |  Unallowable |  Exclude Burden from Asset Inventory

**Basis**

Basis Description: Labor | **Basis Type**:  Dollars |  Hours |  Units

**Financial Statement Reclass Accounts**

Debit Account: | Credit Account: |

---

**Identification > Pool Rates**

Period	Pd Actual	YTD Actual	Pd Target	YTD Target	Pd Provisional	YTD Provisional	Pd Cost of Money	YTD Cost of Money
12	0.000000%	0.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
11	0.000000%	0.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
10	0.000000%	0.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
9	0.000000%	0.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
8	0.000000%	0.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
7	0.000000%	0.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	41.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%

## Enter New Calendar Year-End Dates

To enter new calendar year-end dates:

1. Enter the Next Future Year into Costpoint with all the appropriate Period and Subperiod End Dates.
2. Refresh Planning in versions lower than 8.1.
3. Validate that the Period End Dates are correct in "Maintain Fiscal Year Periods". If they are incorrect, you can correct them in the Planning "Maintain Fiscal Year Periods". Once corrected, the status will change from "FUTURE" to "OVERRIDE".

Chapter 8: Closing the Year with Planning

The top screenshot shows the 'Maintain Fiscal Year Periods (MAM8,MAM9)' window. It displays a table with columns: Fiscal Year, Period, Sub Period, End Date, Quarter, and Status. The data for 2019 is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Period	Sub Period	End Date	Quarter	Status
2019	1		1 01/31/2019	1	Override
2019	2		1 02/28/2019	1	Override
2019	3		1 03/31/2019	1	Override
2019	4		1 04/30/2019	2	Override
2019	5		1 05/31/2019	2	Override
2019	6		1 06/30/2019	2	Override
2019	7		1 07/31/2019	3	Override
2019	8		1 08/31/2019	3	Override
2019	9		1 09/30/2019	3	Override
2019	10		1 10/31/2019	4	Override
2019	11		1 11/30/2019	4	Override
2019	12		1 12/31/2019	4	Override

The bottom screenshot shows the 'Maintain Fiscal Year Periods' window for years 2022-2024. The data is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Period	Sub Period	End Date	Quarter	Status
2022	12		1 12/31/2022	4	Current
2023	1		1 01/28/2023	1	Future
2023	2		1 02/25/2023	1	Future
2023	3		1 03/31/2023	1	Future
2023	4		1 04/30/2023	2	Future
2023	5		1 05/31/2023	2	Future
2023	6		1 06/30/2023	2	Future
2023	7		1 07/31/2023	3	Future
2023	8		1 08/30/2023	3	Future
2023	9		1 09/30/2023	3	Future
2023	10		1 10/31/2023	4	Future
2023	11		1 11/30/2023	4	Future
2023	12		1 12/31/2023	4	Future
2024	1		1 01/31/2024	4	Future
2024	2		1 02/29/2024	4	Future

- When creating an EAC, validate that the End Dates in the headings, for the current year and future years, are correct. In an EAC, both current year and future year end dates are available to be seen.

The screenshot shows the 'Project Budget / EACs' window. The 'Project Budget Status' table is as follows:

Project ID	Type	Version	Status	Source Type	Source Version	Closed Period	Complete	Approved	Escalation	Start Date	End Date	Periods	Cost Type	Project Type	Level Details	Contract Rev	Funded Rev	Distributed Rev
MM13	BUD	1	Approved			08/31/2016	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3.00%	01/01/2016	08/31/2018	32	DIRECT	FIXED PRICE	Rev(+)-PLC(+)	300,000.00	150,000.00	0.00
MM13	EAC	1	Working	BUD	1	09/30/2016	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	3.00%	01/01/2016	12/31/2019	48	DIRECT	FIXED PRICE	Rev(+)-Bill(-)-PLC(-)	300,000.00	150,000.00	0.00

The 'Project Select > Staff Hours' table is as follows:

ID Type	ID	Name	Acct ID	Org ID	GLC/PLC	Hr Rate	Rev	Brg	01/01-01/31/19 (165/184)	02/01-02/28/19 (160/160)	03/01-03/31/19 (168/168)	04/01-04/30/19 (176/176)	05/01-05/31/19 (176/184)	06/01-06/30/19 (160/160)	07/01-07/31/19 (176/184)	08/01-08/31/19 (176/176)	09/01-09/30/19 (160/160)
Employee	1JEAN	Archer, Darrel	05000-001	1.1.100	AC	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Employee	GOODAJ	Goodfellow, Alice	05000-010	1.1.100	SA	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Employee	HACK	Hack, Martin	05000-010	1.1.100	SS	0.00	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

## Complete Org Initialization Setup

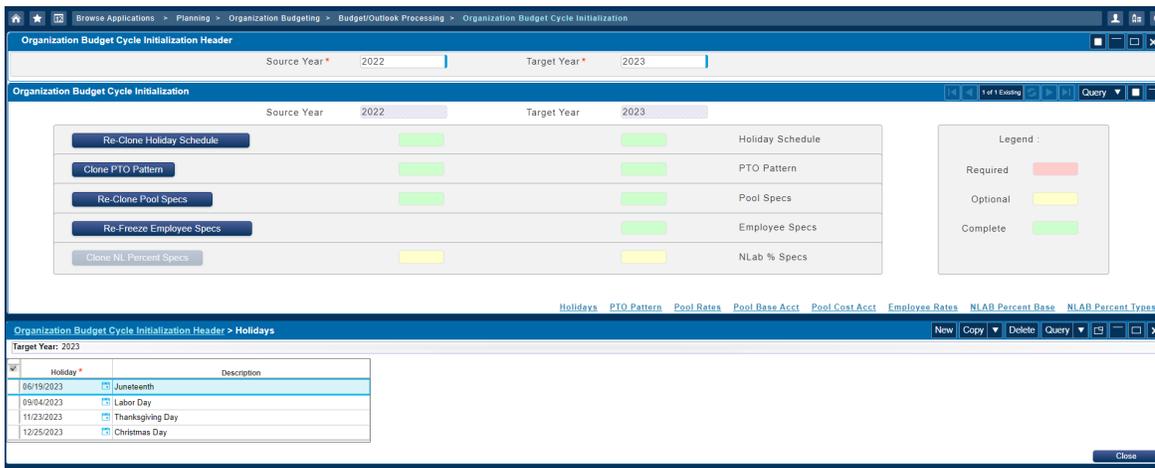
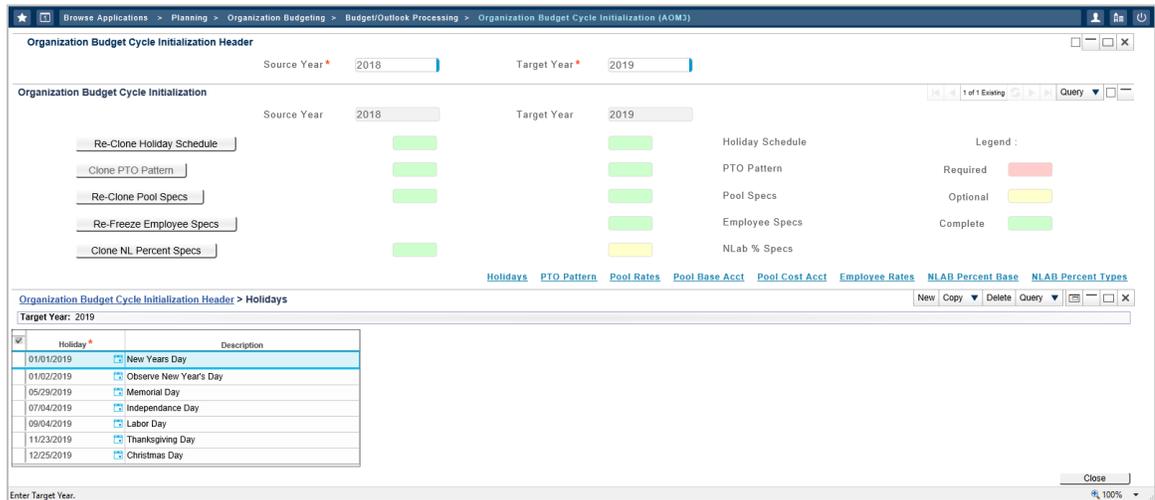
This process can be completed at any time and for several years in the future. It is not a pre-requisite for Year End processing. However, it must be completed for the new year before that year's Org Budget can

Chapter 8: Closing the Year with Planning

begin or be reported. Also, the Holiday Schedule must be set up before any Project Budgets can be correctly calculated for that year as well.

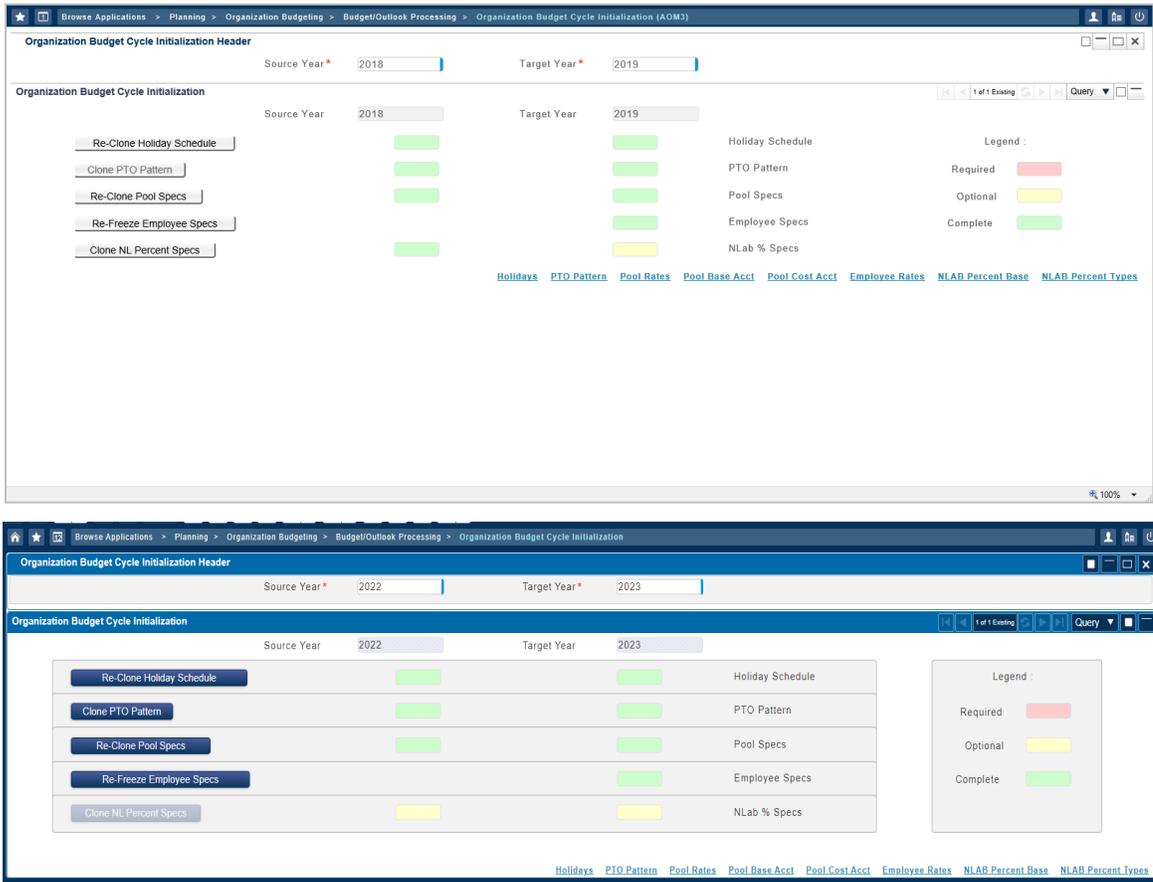
**To complete Org Initialization setup:**

1. Complete the Holiday Setup for the new year (if not already set up for use in Projects future years). (**Planning » Organization Budgeting » Budget/Outlook Processing » Organization Budget Cycle Initialization**)



2. If using Org Budgets, complete all items in the Org Initialization for the new year. Each item can be cloned from a prior year. Remember if you have Employee specs and pools setup in the Target year, you can copy from the same year as the source (that is, from 2022 to 2022. For Pool specs, copy the 2022 pool information from Costpoint to the 2022 Pool specs in Planning).

Chapter 8: Closing the Year with Planning



## Create Org Budgets for the New year

The budgets for the new year should be set up, if not already entered. These can be entered any time, even prior to the close of the year.

An example would be, if your budget cycle requires that the Org Budget be present and reported against as soon as January 1, then the Org initialization and budgets could be entered any time prior to January 1 of the new year.

# Appendix A: Sample IRS 1099 Forms

IRS instructions: <https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/i1099mec.pdf>

IRS sample forms: <https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f1099msc.pdf>

<https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f1099nec.pdf>

**9595**     VOID     CORRECTED

PAYER'S name, street address, city or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code, and telephone no.		1 Rents		OMB No. 1545-0115	
		\$		Form <b>1099-MISC</b>	
		2 Royalties		(Rev. January 2022)	
		\$		For calendar year 20__	
3 Other income		4 Federal income tax withheld		<b>Miscellaneous Information</b>  <b>Copy A</b> For Internal Revenue Service Center  File with Form 1096. For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the current General Instructions for Certain Information Returns.	
\$		\$			
PAYER'S TIN	RECIPIENT'S TIN	5 Fishing boat proceeds	6 Medical and health care payments		
		\$	\$		
RECIPIENT'S name		7 Payer made direct sales totaling \$5,000 or more of consumer products to recipient for resale <input type="checkbox"/>	8 Substitute payments in lieu of dividends or interest		
Street address (including apt. no.)		9 Crop insurance proceeds	10 Gross proceeds paid to an attorney		
City or town, state or province, country, and ZIP or foreign postal code		11 Fish purchased for resale	12 Section 409A deferrals		
		\$	\$		
		13 FATCA filing requirement <input type="checkbox"/>	14 Excess golden parachute payments		
		\$	\$		
Account number (see instructions)	2nd TIN not. <input type="checkbox"/>	16 State tax withheld	17 State/Payer's state no.	18 State income	
		\$		\$	
		\$		\$	

Form **1099-MISC** (Rev. 1-2022)    Cat. No. 14425J    www.irs.gov/Form1099MISC    Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

**Do Not Cut or Separate Forms on This Page — Do Not Cut or Separate Forms on This Page**

**7171**     VOID     CORRECTED

PAYER'S name, street address, city or town, state or province, country, ZIP or foreign postal code, and telephone no.		OMB No. 1545-0116 Form <b>1099-NEC</b> (Rev. January 2022) For calendar year 20__		<b>Nonemployee Compensation</b>  <b>Copy A</b> For Internal Revenue Service Center File with Form 1096. For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the current General Instructions for Certain Information Returns.			
						1 Nonemployee compensation	
						\$	
2 Payer made direct sales totaling \$5,000 or more of consumer products to recipient for resale <input type="checkbox"/>							
3							
4 Federal income tax withheld							
\$							
5 State tax withheld		6 State/Payer's state no.	7 State income				
\$			\$				
Account number (see instructions)		2nd TIN not. <input type="checkbox"/>				\$	
				\$			

Form **1099-NEC** (Rev. 1-2022)    Cat. No. 72590N    www.irs.gov/Form1099NEC    Department of the Treasury - Internal Revenue Service

**Do Not Cut or Separate Forms on This Page — Do Not Cut or Separate Forms on This Page**

# Appendix B: Sample IRS W-2 Form

IRS instructions: <https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/iw2w3.pdf>

IRS sample form: <https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/fw2.pdf>

22222		VOID <input type="checkbox"/>	a Employee's social security number		For Official Use Only ▶ OMB No. 1545-0008	
b Employer identification number (EIN)			1 Wages, tips, other compensation		2 Federal income tax withheld	
c Employer's name, address, and ZIP code			3 Social security wages		4 Social security tax withheld	
			5 Medicare wages and tips		6 Medicare tax withheld	
			7 Social security tips		8 Allocated tips	
d Control number			9		10 Dependent care benefits	
e Employee's first name and initial		Last name	Suff.	11 Nonqualified plans		12a See instructions for box 12
f Employee's address and ZIP code			13 Statutory employee <input type="checkbox"/> Retirement plan <input type="checkbox"/> Third-party sick pay <input type="checkbox"/>		12b	
			14 Other		12c	
					12d	
15 State	Employer's state ID number	16 State wages, tips, etc.	17 State income tax	18 Local wages, tips, etc.	19 Local income tax	20 Locality name

Form **W-2** Wage and Tax Statement **2022** Department of the Treasury—Internal Revenue Service  
 Copy A—For Social Security Administration. Send this entire page with Form W-3 to the Social Security Administration; photocopies are not acceptable. For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see the separate instructions. Cat. No. 10134D

**Do Not Cut, Fold, or Staple Forms on This Page**

# Appendix C: Sample IRS W-2c Form

IRS instructions: <https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/iw2w3.pdf>

IRS sample form: <https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/fw2c.pdf>

**DO NOT CUT, FOLD, OR STAPLE THIS FORM**

44444		For Official Use Only ▶ OMB No. 1545-0008	
a Employer's name, address, and ZIP code		e Tax year/Form corrected  / W-2	d Employee's correct SSN
		e Corrected SSN and/or name (Check this box and complete boxes f and/or g if incorrect on form previously filed.) <input type="checkbox"/>	
		Complete boxes f and/or g only if incorrect on form <b>previously filed</b> ▶	
		f Employee's <b>previously reported</b> SSN	
b Employer's Federal EIN		g Employee's <b>previously reported</b> name	
		h Employee's first name and initial	Last name
			Suff.
<p><b>Note.</b> Only complete money fields that are being corrected (exception: for corrections involving MOGE, see the General Instructions for Forms W-2 and W-3, under Specific Instructions for Form W-2c, boxes 5 and 6).</p>			
i Employee's address and ZIP code			
<b>Previously reported</b>		<b>Correct information</b>	
1 Wages, tips, other compensation	1 Wages, tips, other compensation	2 Federal income tax withheld	2 Federal income tax withheld
3 Social security wages	3 Social security wages	4 Social security tax withheld	4 Social security tax withheld
5 Medicare wages and tips	5 Medicare wages and tips	6 Medicare tax withheld	6 Medicare tax withheld
7 Social security tips	7 Social security tips	8 Allocated tips	8 Allocated tips
9	9	10 Dependent care benefits	10 Dependent care benefits
11 Nonqualified plans	11 Nonqualified plans	12a See instructions for box 12	12a See instructions for box 12
13 Statutory employee <input type="checkbox"/> Retirement plan <input type="checkbox"/> Third-party sick pay <input type="checkbox"/>	13 Statutory employee <input type="checkbox"/> Retirement plan <input type="checkbox"/> Third-party sick pay <input type="checkbox"/>	12b	12b
14 Other (see instructions)	14 Other (see instructions)	12c	12c
		12d	12d
<b>State Correction Information</b>			
<b>Previously reported</b>		<b>Correct information</b>	
15 State	15 State	15 State	15 State
Employer's state ID number	Employer's state ID number	Employer's state ID number	Employer's state ID number
16 State wages, tips, etc.	16 State wages, tips, etc.	16 State wages, tips, etc.	16 State wages, tips, etc.
17 State income tax	17 State income tax	17 State income tax	17 State income tax
<b>Locality Correction Information</b>			
<b>Previously reported</b>		<b>Correct information</b>	
18 Local wages, tips, etc.	18 Local wages, tips, etc.	18 Local wages, tips, etc.	18 Local wages, tips, etc.
19 Local income tax	19 Local income tax	19 Local income tax	19 Local income tax
20 Locality name	20 Locality name	20 Locality name	20 Locality name

For Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice, see separate instructions.

Copy A—For Social Security Administration

Form **W-2c** (Rev. 8-2014)

**Corrected Wage and Tax Statement**

Cat. No. 61437D

Department of the Treasury  
Internal Revenue Service

---

## About Deltek

Better software means better projects. Deltek delivers software and information solutions that enable superior levels of project intelligence, management and collaboration. Our industry-focused expertise makes your projects successful and helps you achieve performance that maximizes productivity and revenue. [www.deltek.com](http://www.deltek.com)